

PETITION  
PP97-1

Received  
11/30/98

CPSA 6 (b)(1) Cleared  
No Mfrs/PrvtLbrs or  
Products Identified  
Petition Excepted by 6(a) INPS  
Firms Notified, EXCISED  
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ORPHAN  
MEDICAL

**COPY**  
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NDA #20-772  
July 10, 1997

Request for a Stay of Enforcement for the Prescription Drug  
Sucraid™ (sacrosidase) oral solution

Petition for Exemption from the Poison Prevention  
Packaging Act Requirements for the Prescription Drug  
Sucraid™ (sacrosidase) oral solution

PP97-1

Stay of Enforcement



July 10, 1997

Office of the Secretary  
Consumer Product Safety Commission  
Washington, DC 20207-0001

SUBJECT: Request for a Stay of Enforcement for the Prescription  
Drug Sucraid™ (sacrosidase) oral solution

Dear Sir/Madam:

Orphan Medical, Inc. respectfully requests a stay of enforcement, until the exemption, from special packaging requirements, can be reviewed and granted from the Consumer Products Safety Commission for the prescription drug Sucraid (sacrosidase) oral solution. This exemption is being submitted under 16 CFR 1702 for the above referenced prescription drug product from the special packaging requirements under 1700.14(a), specifically, 16 CFR 1700.14(a) (10).

A New Drug Application (NDA #20-772) for Sucraid (sacrosidase) oral solution was submitted under section 505(b) of the Food, Drug and Cosmetic Act (FD&C Act) on May 6, 1997. This medication has been designated an Orphan Drug under section 316.20 (number 93-786, designation date December 10, 1993). Sucraid (sacrosidase) oral solution is used for the treatment of congenital sucrase-isomaltase deficient patients (CSID) who are missing the endogenous digestive enzyme. Currently, there are no alternative drug treatments available for the approximately 3,000 - 10,000 cases of CSID patients in the United States. Priority review status has been granted within the Food and Drug Administration. Priority review classification under the Prescription Drug User Fee Act of 1992 (PDUFA) determines the review time frame the application receives, which in this case is six months from the date of receipt (May 7, 1997).

Based on priority review status, the lack of toxicity associated with sacrosidase oral solution, limited distribution of the product, and the medical necessity associated with the drug,

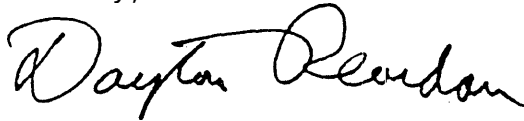
Office of the Secretary  
July 10, 1997  
Page 2 of 2

Orphan Medical, Inc., respectfully requests the Consumer Product Safety Commission grant a stay of enforcement for Sucraid (sacrosidase) oral solution until this exemption review process from special packaging requirements has been completed and can be granted.

All correspondence regarding this request for a stay of enforcement and for exemption to the Poison Prevention Packaging Act Requirements should be directed to:

Dayton T. Reardan, Ph.D., RAC  
Vice President of Regulatory Affairs  
Orphan Medical, Inc.  
13911 Ridgedale Drive, Suite 475  
Minnetonka, MN 55305

Sincerely,



Dayton T. Reardan, Ph.D., RAC  
Vice President of Regulatory Affairs

CC: Melodi McNeil (NDA 20-772)  
Laura Washburn

**Petition for Exemption**



July 10, 1997

Office of the Secretary  
Consumer Product Safety Commission  
Washington, DC 20207-0001

SUBJECT: . Petition for Exemption from the Poison Prevention  
Packaging Act Requirements for the Prescription Drug  
Sucraid™ (sacrosidase) oral solution

Dear Sir/Madam:

This petition for exemption from the Poison Prevention Packaging Act is being submitted under 16 CFR 1702. It requests exemption for the above referenced drug product from the special packaging requirements under 1700.14(a), specifically, 16 CFR 1700.14(a) (10). As requested by 16 CFR 1702.2, five (5) copies of this petition are enclosed herewith in addition to the original. Three (3) Sucraid investigational drug packages have been provided as requested.

A New Drug Application (NDA #20-772) for Sucraid (sacrosidase) oral solution was submitted under section 505(b) of the Food, Drug and Cosmetic Act (FD&C Act) on May 6, 1997. This medication has been designated an Orphan Drug under section 316.20 (number 93-786, designation date December 10, 1993). Sucraid is used for the treatment of congenital sucrase-isomaltase deficient patients (CSID) who are missing the endogenous digestive enzyme. The active moiety in Sucraid is sacrosidase, a yeast-derived form of the sucrase enzyme. Currently, there are no alternative drug treatments available for CSID patients numbering approximately 3,000 - 10,000 cases in the United States. Priority review status has been granted within the Food and Drug Administration. Priority review classification under the Prescription Drug User Fee Act of 1992 (PDUFA) determines the review time frame the application receives, which in this case is six months from the date of receipt (May 7, 1997). Based on priority review status, the lack of toxicity associated with sacrosidase oral solution, limited distribution of the product, and the medical necessity associated with the drug, Orphan Medical, Inc. has requested the Consumer Product Safety Commission to grant a stay of enforcement

for Sucraid until the process has been completed and this exemption from special packaging requirements can be reviewed and granted.

Under 16 CFR 1015.18, information that Orphan Medical, Inc. deems proprietary and trade secret is requested for exemption from disclosure under 5 USC 552(b) (4) is in bold print as follows:

The drug product is packaged in [REDACTED] plastic bottles which are blow-molded, filled, and sealed. Uponsealing, the bottle becomes a self-contained container/closure system. (A cap is included to assist in the opening of the bottle at the time of administration and for resealing the bottle for future use.)

The [REDACTED] cap is made of [REDACTED]. The cap is placed on the sealed bottle after filling. The cap has a small spike on the inside which can be used to pierce the sealed bottle tip at the time of first use. It cannot come in contact with the drug product until the bottle is opened. Labeling requires the product to be discarded four weeks after opening.

The scoop is made of white [REDACTED] which is composed of [REDACTED] resins. It is suitable for food contact use (21 CFR 177.1640). The scoop has no product contact except for measuring the dose. The scoop is placed between the two bottles in the carton.

We respectfully request the confidential information (highlighted in bold) not be maintained in the public file. Orphan Medical, Inc., however, intends in good faith to assist the Commission in the defense of any judicial proceeding that might thereafter be brought to compel the disclosure of information which the Commission has determined to be a trade secret or privileged or confidential commercial information.

#### JUSTIFICATION FOR THE: EXEMPTION

The justification for the exemption, required under 16 CFR 1702.3, is based on the following grounds:

1) the lack of need for special packaging to protect young children from serious injury or illness from the substance based on the lack of toxicity and lack of adverse human experience

and

2) special packaging is not technologically feasible, practicable, or appropriate for the substance.

1) JUSTIFICATION BASED UPON LACK OF NEED BASED ON LACK OF TOXICITY AND LACK OF ADVERSE HUMAN EXPERIENCE

Lack of Toxicity

Prior to the filing of NDA #20-772, Orphan Medical and FDA agreed that no nonclinical toxicity studies were required. This conclusion regarding sacrosidase's inherent lack of toxicity was based upon the following:

- (1) Yeast-derived sacrosidase has been widely utilized within the human food industry for decades in the confectionery and baking industry. It is a Generally Recognized as Safe (GRAS) food material under FDA provision 21 CFR § 170.30 due to its long history of safe use in human food. The sponsor is unaware of any reported toxicity associated with the use of sacrosidase as a food product.
- (2) Because sacrosidase is a large macromolecule, it will not be transported intact across the gastrointestinal mucosa and into the systemic circulation following oral ingestion. Thus, no systemic toxicity directly from the sacrosidase molecule is feasible.
- (3) Because sacrosidase is a naturally occurring enzyme with a glycoprotein structure, it will be digested to peptides and eventually amino acids within the small intestine. These metabolic products will be absorbed into the circulation and utilized as nutrients.
- (4) Several years of clinical experience with the yeast-derived oral sacrosidase solution in patients as young as 5 months of age have not revealed any evidence of significant toxicity or intolerance.

Orphan Medical has reviewed the scientific literature via computerized database searches and has determined that no studies have been published that examine the toxicity of the enzyme sucrase either endogenous human sucrase or exogenous yeast-derived sucrase.

Human Experience Data

In the development of most new drugs the new chemical entity is initially evaluated in biological screens (e.g. biochemistry, pharmacology, virology, microbiology) where an activity of interest is detected and measured. Over a period of time, and using several or many animal models, the scientists attempt to identify the specific compound with the greatest activity indicative of efficacy and the least toxicity. Usually a battery of in vitro and in vivo models are used in this endeavor and



thousands of compounds tested before a single compound is chosen for development. After a further one or more years of preclinical development the compound is eventually studied in humans.

Sucraid™ (sacrosidase) oral solution had a very different development path. Congenital sucrase-isomaltase deficiency disease (CSID) had been known for years before the logic of replacing the missing endogenous digestive enzyme sucrase-isomaltase was clinically attempted. The availability of the yeast-derived enzyme as a food grade product meant that animal testing was not required to assess its toxicity profile. Enzyme replacement in diseases such as Gaucher's Disease originally involved a difficult extraction of the enzyme from human tissue (placenta), but the enzyme sacrosidase was readily available from yeast manufacturers, and in fact is widely used by commercial bakeries, confection and candy makers.

The human evaluation of therapeutic efficacy was straightforward and the resulting efficacy data extremely clear cut and convincing. If an animal model of CSID existed, it would have been of interest to study Sucraid in this model, but no model does in fact exist.

Given the existence of substantial human data, there is no scientific need to retrospectively evaluate and measure the enzyme for its nonclinical efficacy. Other pharmacological tests were not deemed necessary because of safety data obtained in humans, the food status of the enzyme, and the large benefit to risk ratio of the enzyme in patients with the rare disease congenital sucrase-isomaltase deficiency (CSID).

Sucraid consists of approximately 1.5 mg/mL of protein in an aqueous solution containing 50% glycerol and 50% water at an unbuffered slightly acidic pH of 4.6. This product is derived from baker's yeast (*saccharomyces cerevisiae*) and is the same formulation used extensively in the food and candy industry. The amounts utilized in such products as soft center chocolate coated cherries is a fraction (<5%) of the therapeutic amounts utilized to obtain the pharmacologic effect in patients with congenital sucrase-isomaltase deficiency. The protein contains a known amino acid sequence which is heavily glycosylated. The product contains no neurotropic or narcotic like compounds. It is metabolized to constituent amino acids and sugars in the digestive tract. There is no known or theoretical potential for abuse of this drug. The drug produces no "high" and while it has a mild sweet taste, it would certainly not be considered to produce a gastric high such as other sweet or chocolate based foods. Therefore, the likelihood of drug abuse is for all practical purposes is zero percent (0%).

Overdosage of the product has been considered by Orphan Medical. The most toxic component is the glycerol which makes up 50% of the product by weight and is an osmotic diuretic. The product provided in 4 ounce (118 mL) containers with a very small opening through which to obtain product. Should a child ingest the full contents of one bottle of Sucraid, they would receive the equivalent of 150 mg of: protein, 59 mL of water, and 59 mL of glycerol. The 150 mg of protein and the 59 mL of water are negligible given even recommended daily requirements for infants. A full dose of 59 mL of glycerol into a two year old child weighing 10 kg would be the equivalent of  $(59 \text{ mL}) \times (1.2 \text{ g/mL}) = 7.1 \text{ g/kg}$ . The toxicity and safety of is deemed Generally Recognized as Safe (GRAS) by the Food and Drug Administration as a multiple purpose food substance in food for human consumption (21 CFR 182.1320). Glycerol is currently approved for use in multiple therapeutic products (Physicians Desk Reference 1996). The daily dose of the approved drug, OSMOGLYN, is 5 times that of the daily dose of Sucraid, per kg of body weight.

Therefore, if a child of 10 kg were to ingest the entire 4 oz. bottle of Sucraid, it is our assessment that there would be no significant toxic effect, particularly if the patient is kept hydrated. The proposed product labeling indicates the osmotic diuretic nature of the glycerol and the need for hydration should someone ingest an overdose of this product.

No cases of accidental or purposeful overdose have been reported but the protein chemical nature of the sacrosidase enzyme material and the fact that it is broken down in the intestinal tract following ingestion to nutrient peptides and amino acids supports the general principle that there is no significant toxicological effect.

#### Relevant Experimental Data

Three clinical trials have been conducted using Sucraid (sacrosidase) oral solution. None of the adverse events recorded at any time for patients during these three clinical trials were rated as probably or definitely drug-related by the clinical investigators. Although a number of adverse events were reported among these three trials, the vast majority fell into two categories: (1) they were symptoms of a concurrent illness common to the pediatric population such as flu, upper respiratory infections, or otitis media, or (2) they were GI symptoms commonplace to congenital sucrase-isomaltase deficiency (CSID) such as diarrhea, nausea, vomiting, or abdominal pain.

Human Experimental Data Involving the Testing of Human Subjects  
study S-1

The objective of this trial was to evaluate the effect of sacrosidase on breath hydrogen excretion and gastrointestinal symptoms following the ingestion of a large sucrose load, and to establish a dose range of sacrosidase which allows the consumption of a normal sucrose containing diet.

patients were evaluated to confirm CSID diagnosis and trial eligibility prior to commencement of the breath hydrogen phase. During the breath hydrogen phase, patients were to undergo two randomized breath hydrogen tests, which entailed ingesting sucrose followed by placebo or sacrosidase. During each test, and for a period of eight hours thereafter, gastrointestinal symptoms were to be recorded on a symptom diary. The breath hydrogen tests were to be separated by one week. During the dose-response phase, patients were instructed to maintain a normal sucrose diet while receiving each of four concentrations of sacrosidase (1:100 dilution, 1:1,000 dilution, 1:10,000 dilution, and 1:100,000 dilution) in random order, for a period of 14 days each. Stool frequency and consistency measures, as well as gastrointestinal symptoms, were to be recorded on a daily basis. Adverse events were collected throughout the trial.

Patients were dosed using a 14-day randomized crossover on each of 4 doses (dilutions) of liquid sacrosidase:

Treatment 1: 1:100 dilution  
Treatment 2: 1:1,000 dilution  
Treatment 3: 1:10,000 dilution  
Treatment 4: 1:100,000 dilution

The dose used was 1 mL/meal or snack orally administered, added to 1 ounce of liquid (water, milk, juice, infant formula).

The breath hydrogen phase consisted of one week (two single doses given one week apart); the dose-response phase consisted of eight weeks (14 days on each of the four sacrosidase doses).

In the first trial (S-1) 8 of the 14 patients in the safety population experienced at least one adverse event. (See Table 8.8.4 below for details of adverse events). Symptoms associated with these events included fever, flu, headache, vomiting, congestion, side pain, runny stools, rectal bleeding, and ear problems. There were a total of 17 adverse events reported, eight of which were considered by the Clinical Investigator to be related to a concurrent illness while nine were rated as unknown or were not indicated to be drug related.

No adverse events were rated by the Clinical Investigator as possibly or probably drug related. There were no serious adverse events or withdrawals due to adverse events during this trial.

TABLE 8.8.4  
TRIAL S-1 (OMC-SUC-1): SAFETY POPULATION  
LISTING OF PATIENTS WITH ADVERSE EVENTS

(Page 1 of 2)

| Pt<br>Number/<br>Initials | Adverse Event                                |                          | Study Phase/<br>Tx & Dose | Resolution of<br>Adverse Event                          | Relationship<br>to Study Drug           |
|---------------------------|----------------------------------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------|
|                           | (Original Term)                              | (COSTART term)           |                           |                                                         |                                         |
| 1/SW                      | Nausea/vomited                               | Nausea Vomit             | BHT<br>Placebo            | NI                                                      | NI                                      |
|                           | Lots of gagging                              | Vomit                    | BHT<br>Enzyme             | NI                                                      | NI                                      |
| 2/CB                      | Cold                                         | Rhinitis                 | D/R<br>1:1,000            | Cold medicine<br>"Triaminic" given<br>1/2 tsp. x 3 days | NI                                      |
|                           | Cranky, irritable                            | Nervousness              | D/R<br>1:100              | NI                                                      | NI                                      |
|                           | Slight bleeding from<br>rectum               | Hem Rectal               | D/R<br>1:100,000          | NI                                                      | NI                                      |
| 4/BG                      | "caught viral and bad<br>runny stools"       | React Uneval<br>Diarrhea | D/R<br>1:100              | NI                                                      | Concurrent<br>illness - not<br>related' |
| 8/DM                      | "achiness, sick,<br>nausea"                  | Flu Synd                 | BHT<br>Placebo            | NI                                                      | NI                                      |
|                           | Nausea                                       | Nausea                   | BHT<br>Enzyme             | NI                                                      | NI                                      |
|                           | "some bleeding from<br>rectum with movement" | Hem Rectal               | D/R<br>1:1000             | "went away on its<br>own"                               | NI                                      |

BHT = Breath Hydrogen Test Phase, D/R = Dose-Response Phase, NI = Not indicated

TABLE 8.8.4  
TRIAL S-1 (OMC-SUC-1) : SAFETY POPULATION  
LISTING OF PATIENTS WITH ADVERSE EVENTS

(Page 2 of 2)

| Pt<br>Number/<br>Initials | Adverse Event                                                                                                                                     |                          | Study Phase/<br>Tx & Dose | Resolution of<br>Adverse Event            | Relationship<br>to Study Drug       |
|---------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
|                           | (Original Term)                                                                                                                                   | (COSTART term)           |                           |                                           |                                     |
| 8/DM                      | "side pain"                                                                                                                                       | Pain Flank               | D/R<br>1:10,000           | "took muscle<br>relaxants<br>for cramps " | Concurrent illness<br>- not related |
| 9/CS                      | "fever, vomiting for a<br>few days"<br>"ear problems,<br>congestion, left ear<br>infection"                                                       | Fever                    | D/R                       | NI                                        | Concurrent illness                  |
|                           |                                                                                                                                                   | Vomit                    | 1:10,000                  |                                           | - not related                       |
|                           |                                                                                                                                                   | Ear Dis                  | D/R                       | "gave her moxil"                          | Concurrent illness                  |
|                           |                                                                                                                                                   | Rhinitis                 | 1:1,000                   |                                           | - not related                       |
|                           | Infect                                                                                                                                            |                          |                           |                                           |                                     |
| 11/CK                     | Felt faint 2 hours<br>after sucrose dose                                                                                                          | Dizziness                | BHT<br>Placebo            | NI                                        | NI                                  |
| 13/JP                     | "had a stomach flu for<br>a couple of days"<br>"did not feel as well,<br>, did not eat as much,<br>color and hair not as<br>good as first bottle" | Flu Synd                 | D/R                       | NI                                        | Concurrent illness                  |
|                           |                                                                                                                                                   | React Uneval             | 1:10,000                  |                                           | - not related                       |
|                           |                                                                                                                                                   | Anorexia                 | D/R                       | NI                                        | NI                                  |
|                           |                                                                                                                                                   | React Uneval             | 1:1,000                   |                                           |                                     |
| 15/BE                     | Mild headache                                                                                                                                     | Headache                 | BHT<br>Placebo            | NI                                        | NI                                  |
|                           | "flu Wed-Fri (Day<br>1,2,3), too much<br>Halloween<br>candy"                                                                                      | Flu Synd<br>React Uneval | D/R<br>1:100,000          | NI                                        | Concurrent illness<br>- not related |

BHT = Breath Hydrogen Test Phase, D/R = Dose-Response Phase, NI = Not indicated

## Trial S-2

The objective of this trial was to test the efficacy of yeast-derived liquid sacrosidase in treating patients of all ages with congenital sucrase-isomaltase deficiency (CSID). The specific hypotheses to be tested were: 1) sacrosidase will prevent or blunt the expected rise in breath hydrogen excretion when a patient with CSID ingests a large sucrose load, and 2) sacrosidase will prevent gastrointestinal symptoms when a patient with CSID ingests a diet containing normal amounts of sucrose.

Patients were evaluated for trial eligibility prior to commencement of the breath hydrogen phase. During the breath hydrogen phase, patients were to undergo three breath hydrogen tests (BHTs), which entailed ingesting sucrose (2g/kg) followed by placebo, sacrosidase, or milk/sacrosidase. During each 3-hour breath test, and for up to 24 hours thereafter, gastrointestinal symptoms were to be recorded on a symptom diary. Each breath test was to be separated by one week during which the patient was to maintain a sucrose-free/low starch diet. During the dose-response phase, patients were instructed to maintain a normal sucrose-containing diet while receiving each of four concentrations of sacrosidase (full-strength, 1:10 dilution, 1:100 dilution, 1:1,000 dilution) in random order, for a period of 10 days each. Stool frequency and consistency measures, as well as gastrointestinal symptoms and dietary data, were recorded on a daily basis. Adverse events were collected throughout the trial.

The dosing of the patients was a 14-day randomized crossover on each of 4 doses (dilutions) of liquid sacrosidase:

Treatment 1.: Full-strength enzyme  
Treatment 2.: 1:10 dilution  
Treatment 3.: 1:100 dilution  
Treatment 4.: 1:1,000 dilution

The dose taken each time was:

- 1 mL/meal for patients weighing no more than 15 kg
- 2 mL/meal for patients weighing more than 15 kg

The drug was administered orally approximately five minutes after beginning each meal, added to 2-4 ounces of water.

A listing of patients in the safety population who experienced adverse events during the OMC-SUC-:2 (S-2) trial is presented in Table 8.8.5. All of the events are listed both using the Clinical Investigator's (or parent's) original description as well as the COSTART standardized term. The trial phase and dose at the onset of the adverse event and

the resolution of the event (if known) are included in this table. For the purpose of this report, an adverse event was considered to consist of the Clinical Investigator's complete description of an event on a given date, even though such descriptions may have included more than one symptom or observation.

Overall, 26 of the 34 patients in the Trial S-2 safety population experienced at least one adverse event. Most of the adverse events (49/95, 52%) were attributed to concurrent illnesses and were not considered by the Clinical Investigator to be related to sacrosidase. Twelve patients experienced adverse events which were all attributed to concurrent illnesses and were not considered by the Clinical Investigator to be related to sacrosidase. Symptoms associated with these events included abdominal pain, viral infection, strep throat, ear infection, sore throat, fever, malaise, rash, diarrhea, cramping, cough, and runny nose.

Eleven of the 26 patients experienced one or more adverse events that were considered by the Clinical Investigator to be possibly related to sacrosidase. Symptoms associated with these events included abdominal pain, nausea, vomiting, constipation, diarrhea, dehydration, cramps, frequent bowel movements, headache, insomnia, irritability, shock and wheezing. It should be noted, however, that many of these events may have been symptoms of sucrose malabsorption that are typical of patients with CSID and were therefore not unusual for this patient population. Furthermore, most of the patients in the safety population completed both the breath hydrogen phase and the dose-response phase of the trial, suggesting that sacrosidase was well-tolerated by most patients.



TABLE 8.8.5

TRIAL S-2 (OMC-SUC-2): SAFETY POPULATION  
LISTING OF PATIENTS WITH ADVERSE EVENTS

(Page 1 of 10)

| Pt<br>Number/<br>Initials | Adverse Event                     |                   | Study Phase/<br>Tx & Dose     | Resolution of<br>Adverse Event                 | Relationship<br>to Study Drug       |
|---------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------------------|------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
|                           | (Original Term)                   | (COSTART<br>Term) |                               |                                                |                                     |
| 02/TG                     | Vomited                           | Vomit             | During BHT / NI               | NI                                             | NI                                  |
| 03/RM                     | Throwing-up during &<br>after BHT | Vomit             | During BHT /<br>Enzyme        | NI                                             | Possibly related                    |
|                           | Vomited                           | Vomit             | After BHT /<br>Enzyme         | NI                                             | Concurrent illness<br>- not related |
|                           | Vomited, not feeling good         | Vomit             | After BHT /<br>Enzyme         | NI                                             | Concurrent illness<br>- not related |
| 06/JR                     | Started wheezing                  | Asthma            | During BHT /<br>Milk & Enzyme | To ER - ADM. to<br>ICU - dropped from<br>study | Possibly related                    |
| 08/CB                     | Has GI bug                        | Flu Synd          | NI / NI                       | D/R phase delayed                              | Concurrent illness<br>- not related |
| 11/LA                     | Nausea                            | Nausea            | NI / NI                       | NI                                             | NI                                  |

BHT = Breath Hydrogen Test Phase

D/R = Dose-Response Phase

NI = Not indicated

NA = Not applicable

TABLE 8.8.5  
TRIAL S-2 (OMC-SUC-2): SAFETY POPULATION  
LISTING OF PATIENTS WITH ADVERSE EVENTS

(Page 2 of 10)

| Pt<br>Number/<br>Initials | Adverse Event<br>(Original Term)          | (COSTART<br>Term)       | Study Phase/<br>Tx & Dose | Resolution of<br>Adverse Event | Relationship<br>to Study Drug       |
|---------------------------|-------------------------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 12/BU                     | Bottom got very sore                      | Rash                    | After BHT /<br>Placebo    | NI                             | MI                                  |
|                           | Very irritable                            | Nervousness             | D/R / 1:100               | NI                             | NI                                  |
|                           | Very irritable                            | Nervousness             | D/R / 1:100               | NI                             | NI                                  |
|                           | Diaper rash                               | Rash                    | D/R / 1:10                | Rec. topical<br>ointment       | Concurrent illness - not<br>related |
|                           | Virus, vomited                            | Infect Virus<br>Vomit   | D/R / 1:1,000             | NI                             | NI                                  |
| 13/SM                     | Has strept throat                         | Infect Bact             | Wk before<br>D/R/NA       | Antibiotic                     | Concurrent illness - not<br>related |
|                           | another sore throat with<br>cold          | Pharyngitis<br>Rhinitis | Prior to D/R/NA           | NI                             | Concurrent illness - not<br>related |
|                           | Flu bug, nausea,<br>vomiting,<br>diarrhea | Flu Synd                | D/R / 1:1,000             | NI                             | NI                                  |
| 14/ZH                     | Very irritable                            | Nervousness             | After BHT /<br>Placebo    | NI                             | NI                                  |

BHT = Breath Hydrogen Test Phase

D/R = Dose-Response Phase

NI = Not indicated

NA = Not applicable

TABLE 8.8.5  
TRIAL S-2 (OMC-SUC-2): SAFETY POPULATION  
LISTING OF PATIENTS WITH ADVERSE EVENTS

(Page 3 of 10)

| Pt<br>Number/<br>Initials | Adverse Event                                   |                   | Study Phase/<br>Tx & Dose | Resolution<br>of Adverse<br>Event | Relationship<br>to Study Drug       |
|---------------------------|-------------------------------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
|                           | (Original Term)                                 | (COSTART<br>Term) |                           |                                   |                                     |
| 15/PV                     | Upset stomach, nausea                           | Dyspepsia         | During BHT /              | NI                                | NI                                  |
|                           | Moderate headache                               | Nausea            | Placebo                   |                                   |                                     |
|                           |                                                 | Headache          | After BHT /               | NI                                | NI                                  |
|                           | Weight drop 1.5 lbs,                            | Weight Dec        | Placebo                   |                                   |                                     |
|                           | still bruising                                  |                   | Betw. BHT #1              | NI                                | Concurrent illness -<br>not related |
|                           | Weight gain                                     | Ecchymosis        | & BHT #2 / NA             |                                   |                                     |
|                           | Felt sick, nausea,<br>cramps, freq BM's         | Weight Inc        | After BHT / Enzyme        | NI                                | NI                                  |
| 17/SF                     |                                                 | Nausea            | Betw. BHT #2 & BHT        | NI                                | Possibly related                    |
|                           |                                                 | Pain Abdo         | #3/NA                     |                                   |                                     |
|                           |                                                 | Diarrhea          |                           |                                   |                                     |
|                           | Headache                                        | Headache          | D/R / 1:100               | NI                                | Possibly related                    |
|                           | Irritable for 2 days,<br>diff sleeping for 24 h | Nervousness       | After BHT / Enzyme        | NI                                | Possibly related                    |
|                           | Unable to sleep                                 | Insomnia          | After BHT / Milk &        | NI                                | Possibly related                    |
|                           |                                                 | Insomnia          | Enzyme                    |                                   |                                     |

BHT = Breath Hydrogen Test Phase

D/R = Dose-Response Phase

NI = Not indicated

NA = Not applicable

TABLE 8.8.5  
TRIAL S-2 (OMC-SUC-2): SAFETY POPULATION  
LISTING OF PATIENTS WITH ADVERSE EVENTS

(Page 4 of 10)

| Pt<br>Number/<br>Initials | Adverse Event                                                                            |                          | Study Phase/<br>Tx & Dose                             | Resolution<br>of Adverse<br>Event | Relationship<br>to Study Drug       |
|---------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
|                           | (Original Term)                                                                          | (COSTART<br>Term)        |                                                       |                                   |                                     |
| 18/EF                     | A lot spit out                                                                           | Saliva Inc               | During BHT /<br>Milk & Enzyme<br>Prior to D/R /<br>NA | NI                                | NI                                  |
|                           | Ear infection                                                                            | Infect                   |                                                       | Antibiotic                        | NI                                  |
|                           | Diarrhea and cramping<br>while on amoxicillin                                            | Diarrhea                 | Between BHT &<br>D/R/NA<br>D/R/Full<br>strength       | NI                                | Concurrent illness - not<br>related |
|                           | Thinks that she has<br>tonsillitis (on 4/4/94<br>reported as "was viral<br>sore throat") | Pain Abdo<br>Pharyngitis |                                                       | NI                                | Concurrent illness - not<br>related |
|                           | Has ear infections                                                                       | Infect                   | D/R/Full<br>strength                                  | Antibiotic                        | Concurrent illness - not<br>related |
| 19/RG                     | Vomited                                                                                  | Vomit                    | During BHT /<br>Enzyme                                | NI                                | NI                                  |
|                           | Ear infection on day 3                                                                   | Infect                   | After BHT /<br>Milk & Enzyme                          | Antibiotic                        | Concurrent illness - not<br>related |
|                           | Flu like symptoms                                                                        | Flu Synd                 | After BHT /<br>Milk & Enzyme,                         | NI                                | NI                                  |

BHT = Breath Hydrogen Test Phase

D/R = Dose-Response Phase

NI = Not indicated

NA = Not applicable

TABLE 8.8.5  
TRIAL S-2 (OMC-SUC-2): SAFETY POPULATION  
LISTING OF PATIENTS WITH ADVERSE EVENTS

(Page 5 of 10)

| Pt<br>Number/<br>Initials | Adverse Event                              |                   | Study Phase/<br>Tx & Dose         | Resolution of<br>Adverse Event | Relationship<br>to Study Drug       |
|---------------------------|--------------------------------------------|-------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
|                           | (Original Term)                            | (COSTART<br>Term) |                                   |                                |                                     |
| 20/SW                     | Nausea & vomiting                          | Nausea Vomit      | During BHT /<br>Placebo           | NI                             | NI                                  |
|                           | Lots of gagging                            | Vomit             | During BHT /<br>Enzyme            | NI                             | NI                                  |
|                           | Fever 103 degrees                          | Fever             | D/R / 1:100                       | Antibiotic &<br>Tylenol        | Concurrent illness -<br>not related |
|                           | Fever 101 degrees,                         | Fever             | D/R / 1:100                       | NI                             | Concurrent illness -<br>not related |
|                           | Strep throat                               | Infect Bact       |                                   |                                |                                     |
| 21/KR                     | Severe lower abdominal<br>pains            | Pain Abdo         | D/R / 1:100                       | Saw pediatrician               | Possibly related                    |
|                           | Constipation possibly<br>related to enzyme | Constip           | D/R / 1:100                       | NI                             | Possible related                    |
| 22/MT                     | Vomited                                    | Vomit             | During BHT / NI                   | NI                             | Possible related                    |
|                           | Ear infection                              | Infect            | Betw. BHT #1<br><br>& BHT #2 / NA | Antibiotic                     | Concurrent illness -<br>not related |

BHT = Breath Hydrogen Test Phase  
D/R = Dose-Response Phase  
NI = Not indicated  
NA = Not applicable

TABLE 8.8.5  
TRIAL S-2 (OMC-SUC-2): SAFETY POPULATION  
LISTING OF PATIENTS WITH ADVERSE EVENTS

(Page 6 of 10)

| Pt<br>Number/<br>Initials | Adverse Event<br>(Original Term)                              | (COSTART<br>Term)      | Study Phase/<br>Tx & Dose     | Resolution of<br>Adverse Event             | Relationship<br>to Study Drug       |
|---------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 23/RT                     | Stoma irritated & red                                         | Rash                   | Betw. BHT #1 & BHT<br>#2 / NA | Use powder/paste<br>PRN                    | Concurrent illness -<br>not related |
|                           | Surgery                                                       | React Uneval           | Betw. BHT & D/R / NA          | Closure of<br>colostomy                    | Concurrent illness -<br>not related |
|                           | Constipation on full<br>dose enzyme                           | Constip                | NI / NI                       | NI                                         | Possibly related                    |
|                           | Face looked bloated                                           | Edema Face             | D/R / 1:100                   | NI                                         | Possibly related                    |
| 24/CH                     | Runny nose, teething,                                         | Rhinitis               | Wk. before D/R / NA           | Antibiotic                                 | Concurrent illness -<br>not related |
|                           | ear infection                                                 | React Uneval<br>Infect |                               | (Septra)                                   |                                     |
|                           | Vomited after antibiotic<br>after dinner                      | Vomit                  | D/R / 1:1,000                 | NI                                         | Concurrent illness -<br>not related |
|                           | Projectile vomiting,<br>skin grey, lips white,<br>went shocky | Shock                  | D/R / 1:1,000                 | To E.R.-hold<br>enzyme - gave<br>Pedialyte | Possibly related                    |
|                           | Miserable, screaming                                          | React Uneval           | During D/R / NA               | D/R phase<br>suspended                     | NI                                  |
|                           | Diaper rash                                                   | Rash                   | D/R Phase / full<br>strength  | Cleared up in<br>one day                   | Concurrent illness -<br>not related |

BHT = Breath Hydrogen Test Phase

D/R = Dose-Response Phase

NI = Not indicated

NA = Not applicable

TABLE 8.8.5  
TRIAL S-2 (OMC-SUC-2): SAFETY POPULATION  
LISTING OF PATIENTS WITH ADVERSE EVENTS

(Page 7 of 10)

| Pt<br>Number/<br>Initials | Adverse Event                                              |                                | Study Phase/<br>Tx & Dose     | Resolution of<br>Adverse Event   | Relationship<br>to Study Drug       |
|---------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
|                           | (Original Term)                                            | (COSTART Term)                 |                               |                                  |                                     |
| 27/JW                     | Vomited                                                    | Vomit                          | During BHT /<br>Milk & Enzyme | NI                               | Possibly related                    |
|                           | Earache                                                    | Pain Ear                       | Betw. BHT & D/R /<br>NA       | NI                               | Concurrent illness -<br>not related |
|                           | Dehydration                                                | Dehydrat                       | Betw. BHT & D/R /<br>NA       | Adm. to hosp.<br>for rehydration | Possibly related                    |
|                           | Nausea, vomiting,<br>diarrhea                              | Nausea Vomit<br>Diarrhea       | Betw. BHT & D/R /<br>NA       | NI                               | Concurrent illness -<br>not related |
|                           | Mass on "R" breast                                         | Neopl Breast                   | Betw. BHT & D/R /<br>NA       | Surgery--benign<br>mass          | Concurrent illness -<br>not related |
|                           | Dehydration,<br>bilat ear infections,<br>flu-like symptoms | Dehydrat<br>Infect<br>Flu Synd | Betw. BHT & D/R /<br>NA       | Adm. to hosp.<br>for rehydration | Concurrent illness -<br>not related |
|                           | Bottom sore                                                | Rash                           | D/R / 1:100                   | NI                               | Concurrent illness -<br>not related |
|                           | Might be getting a<br>cold                                 | Rhinitis                       | D/R / 1:10                    | NI                               | Concurrent illness -<br>not related |

BHT = Breath Hydrogen Test Phase  
D/R = Dose-Response Phase  
NI = Not indicated  
NA = Not applicable

TABLE 8.8.5  
TRIAL S-2 (OMC-SUC-2): SAFETY POPULATION  
LISTING OF PATIENTS WITH ADVERSE EVENTS

(Page 8 of 10)

| Pt<br>Number/<br>Initials | Adverse Event                          |                    | Study Phase/<br>Tx & Dose    | Resolution of Relationship<br>Adverse Event to Study Drug |                                     |
|---------------------------|----------------------------------------|--------------------|------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
|                           | (Original Term)                        | ( COSTART<br>Term) |                              |                                                           |                                     |
| 28/SW                     | Abdominal distention                   | Abdo Enlarge       | After BHT /<br>milk & Enzyme | NI                                                        | NI                                  |
|                           | Clear runny nose. May have<br>a bug    | Rhinitis           | D/R / 1:100                  | NI                                                        | Concurrent illness - not<br>related |
|                           | Cough                                  | Cough Inc          | D/R / 1:100                  | NI                                                        | Concurrent illness - not<br>related |
|                           | Clear runny nose                       | Rhinitis           | D/R / 1:100                  | NI                                                        | Concurrent illness - not<br>related |
|                           | Fever                                  | Fever              | D/R / 1:100                  | NI                                                        | Concurrent illness - not<br>related |
|                           | Runny nose                             | Rhinitis           | D/R / 1:1,000                | NI                                                        | NI                                  |
| 29/AT                     | Increased frequency of<br>urine output | Urin<br>Frequency  | During BHT /<br>Placebo      | NI                                                        | Concurrent illness - not<br>related |
| 31/KF                     | Vomiting                               | Vomit              | After BHT /<br>Milk & Enzyme | NI                                                        | NI                                  |
|                           | Symptoms suggestive of URI             | Pharyngitis        | NI / NI                      | Antibiotic                                                | Concurrent illness - not<br>related |

BHT = Breath Hydrogen Test Phase

D/R = Dose-Response Phase

NI = Not indicated

NA = Not applicable



TABLE 8.8.5  
TRIAL S-2 (OMC-SUC-2): SAFETY POPULATION ,  
LISTING OF PATIENTS WITH ADVERSE EVENTS

(Page 9 of 10)

| Pt<br>Number/<br>Initials | Adverse Event                                                     |                              | Study Phase/<br>Tx & Dose                         | Resolution of<br>Adverse Event       | Relationship<br>to Study Drug                           |
|---------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------|
|                           | (Original Term)                                                   | (COSTART<br>Term)            |                                                   |                                      |                                                         |
| 32/LD                     | nausea/viral abdominal<br>pain - hunger<br>Large volume of emesis | Nausea<br>Pain Abdo<br>Vomit | During BHT /<br>Enzyme<br>During BHT /<br>Placebo | NI<br>NI                             | Possibly related<br>Concurrent illness -<br>not related |
| 33/LS                     | No symptoms described                                             | React Uneval                 | NI / NI                                           | Antibiotics                          | Concurrent illness -<br>not related                     |
|                           | No symptoms described                                             | React Uneval                 | NI / NI                                           | Antibiotics                          | Concurrent illness -<br>not related                     |
| 34/TB                     | Stomach ache                                                      | Pain Abdo                    | During BHT /<br>Enzyme                            | NI                                   | NI                                                      |
|                           | V. small amount of emesis                                         | Vomit                        | During BHT /<br>Placebo                           | NI                                   | Concurrent illness<br>not related                       |
|                           | Intestinal virus                                                  | Infect Virus                 | D/R / Full<br>strength (1 day)<br>& 1:1,000       | NI                                   | Concurrent illness -<br>not related                     |
|                           | Excessive diarrhea and<br>cramping                                | Diarrhea<br>Pain Abdo        | D/R / 1:1,000                                     | Mom suspicious<br>viral<br>in origin | Possibly related                                        |

BHT = Breath Hydrogen Test Phase

D/R = Dose-Response Phase

NI = Not indicated

NA = Not applicable

TABLE 8.8.5  
TRIAL S-2 (OMC-SUC-2) : SAFETY POPULATION  
LISTING OF PATIENTS WITH ADVERSE EVENTS

(Page 10 of 10)

| Pt<br>Number/<br>Initials | Adverse Event<br>(Original Term)                                            | (COSTART Term)                               | Study Phase/<br>Tx & Dose | Resolution of<br>Adverse Event | Relationship<br>to Study Drug       |
|---------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 35/PZ                     | Abdominal pain,<br>sore throat,<br>general malaise,<br>temperature of 100.9 | Pain Abdo<br>Pharyngitis<br>Malaise<br>Fever | After BHT /<br>Placebo    | NI                             | Concurrent illness -<br>not related |
| 37/SK                     | Notation refers to<br>replacing enzymes "prior<br>to illness"               | React Uneval                                 | Betw. BHT & D/R<br>/ NA   | NI                             | NI                                  |

BHT = Breath Hydrogen Test Phase  
D/R = Dose-Response Phase  
NI = Not indicated  
NA = Not applicable

## Withdrawals Due to Adverse Events

Patient 6 was the only patient who withdrew from the clinical trial due to an adverse event. The patient starting wheezing 90 minutes after receiving sacrosidase treatment and was taken to the emergency room and admitted to the intensive care unit. The patient was subsequently withdrawn from the trial for this event. The wheezing was considered a serious adverse event and is described in more detail below.

## Serious Adverse Events

A serious adverse event included any event that was fatal or life-threatening, was permanently disabling, required inpatient hospitalization, or was a congenital anomaly, cancer or overdose. For the purpose of this trial, this definition was extended to events which required an emergency room visit, even if the patient was not admitted to the hospital.

There were no deaths in this trial, but there were four patients who experienced serious adverse events. All of these events were classified as serious 'because they were associated with hospitalization or at least a visit to a hospital emergency room even if the patient was not admitted. The four patients who experienced serious adverse events are presented in Table 8.8.6, and brief narrative summaries that describe these events for each patient follow.

patient 6 was a 48-month-old male who was first treated with sacrosidase on 6/16/93. There were no adverse events reported following this initial treatment. On 6/23/93, the patient starting wheezing 90 minutes after receiving 2 mL of full strength sacrosidase orally during the breath hydrogen phase of the trial. The patient was taken to the emergency room and subsequently admitted to the intensive care unit. He was discharged from the hospital the following day, and was then scheduled to be seen by an allergist. The mother reported that the child had asthma and had been treated with steroids (likely prednisone, but confirmation was not available) for this condition at 5 mg BID, but had been tapered down to 5 mg qd prior to his first dose of sacrosidase on 06/16/93. The patient's asthma and steroid treatment had not been reported to either the Clinical Investigator or trial coordinator prior to this adverse event. The sacrosidase was discontinued and the patient was withdrawn from the trial because of this event. In the opinion of the Clinical Investigator, this event was possibly related to sacrosidase. The severity of this event was not recorded. The patient was subsequently rechallenged by skin testing with the sacrosidase solution. The allergist reported that the skin test was positive.

Patient 23 was a 6-month-old female who was first treated with sacrosidase on 3/21/94. On 1/27/94, the patient's stoma was irritated and red. These symptoms were treated with powder/paste as needed. On 4/7/94, the patient underwent elective surgery for closure of colostomy. Source documents indicate that the surgery was performed between the breath hydrogen and dose-response phases of this trial. The patient recovered from surgery, completed the trial, and then continued on open-label sacrosidase with meals and snacks. In the opinion of the Investigator, these events were not related to sacrosidase. The severity of each event was not recorded.

Patient 24 was an 8-month-old female who was first treated with sacrosidase on 9/7/94. On 9/20/94, the patient was started on Septra® (sulfamethoxazole and trimethoprim) for otitis media of the left ear; this was the same day the patient started treatment with the 1:1,000 dilution of sacrosidase in the dose-response phase of the trial. The patient vomited immediately after her Septra® dose following dinner; the outcome of this event was not available. On 9/22/94, the patient experienced projectile vomiting, and had gray skin and white lips. She was admitted to the emergency room for these symptoms the same day, and subsequently vomited mucous; her color came back. In addition, "congestion" and "red ear" were also reported. Treatment with sacrosidase was interrupted for these events on 9/22/94, but restarted on 10/11/94. The patient completed the trial, and continued on open-label sacrosidase with meals and snacks. In the opinion of the Investigator, the vomiting that followed Septra® treatment was not related to sacrosidase. The Investigator considered the projectile vomiting, gray skin, and white lips to be possibly related to sacrosidase. The severity of each event was not recorded.

Patient 27 was a 47-month-old male who was first treated with sacrosidase on 11/15/94. On 12/19/95, the patient was dehydrated and admitted to the hospital for re-hydration. The hospital discharge date and the outcome of this event were both not available. On 12/20/95 the patient experienced nausea, vomiting, and diarrhea. The outcomes of these events were not available. The sacrosidase was stopped on 01/17/95 for an unspecified reason following treatment with milk/sacrosidase. On 02/02/96, the patient underwent same-day surgery for removal of a benign mass in his right breast. Following discharge, the patient became dehydrated and was re-admitted to the hospital for rehydration. It was thought that this episode of dehydration was related to the anesthesia that had been administered for the operation. The outcome of this event was "apparently satisfactory." Source documents indicate that sacrosidase treatment was re-started on 03/16/96 to begin the dose-response phase of the trial. The

patient completed the trial and was continued on open-label sacrosidase with meals and snacks. In the opinion of the Clinical Investigator, the first episode of dehydration was considered to be possibly related to sacrosidase. The Investigator considered the nausea, vomiting, diarrhea, mass on right breast, and second episode of dehydration (following surgery) to be unrelated to sacrosidase. The severity of each event was not recorded.

#### Patients Withdrawn from Controlled Trials

A list of patients who withdrew from each of the two controlled trials after treatment was initiated is given in Tables 8.8.7 and 8.8.8 for Trials S-1 and S-2, respectively. It shows that four patients withdrew from the first trial (S-1) and six from the second trial (S-2). Of these, only one withdrew due to an adverse event. This was patient 6 in Trial S-2.

Table 8.8.7

TRIAL NO. S-1 (OMC-SUC-1): Safety Population  
Listing of Patients Who Withdrew from Study After Treatment"

| Patient Number | Treatment Sequence (Breath Hydrogen) <sup>b</sup> | Treatment Sequence (Dose-Response) <sup>c</sup> | Study Phase/Period at Time of Withdrawal  | Reason for Withdrawal                           |
|----------------|---------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------|
| 3              | PE                                                | NI                                              | Dose-Response/2                           | Lost to Follow-up (Only 2 S&S Diaries Returned) |
| 4              | NI                                                | NI                                              | Dose-Response/3                           | Lost to Follow-up (Only 2 s&s Diaries Returned) |
| 11             | PE                                                | NI                                              | Between Breath Hydrogen and Dose-Response | Lost to Follow-up (No S&S Diaries Returned)     |
| 12             | PE                                                | NI                                              | Between Breath Hydrogen and Dose-Response | Lost to Follow-up (No S&S Diaries Returned)     |

<sup>a</sup>Received placebo or enzyme.

<sup>b</sup>P = Placebo, E = Enzyme; S&S = Stooling and Symptom

NI = Not Indicated

Note: Patient 4 is not in the safety population, but did withdraw from the study.

TABLE 8.8.8

TRIAL NO. S-2 (OMC-SUC-2): SAFETY POPULATION  
LISTING OF PATIENTS WHO WITHDREW FROM STUDY  
AFTER TREATMENT<sup>a</sup>

(Page 1 of 2)

| Patient<br>Number | Treatment<br>Sequence<br>(Breath<br>Hydrogen/ <sup>b</sup> | Treatment<br>Sequence<br>(Dose-<br>Response) <sup>c</sup> | study<br>Phase/Period<br>at Time of<br>Withdrawal | Reason for Withdrawal                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|-------------------|------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 2                 | EPM                                                        | ADCB                                                      | Breath Hydrogen/2                                 | Child had difficulties completing third breath hydrogen test. Difficulties were such that a repeat test was required to obtain accurate test results. Family refused to repeat third breath hydrogen test. |
| 5                 | UK                                                         | BCAD                                                      | Breath Hydrogen/1                                 | Discontinued due to symptoms experienced by brother (Patient 6).                                                                                                                                           |
| 6                 | EPM                                                        | CADB                                                      | Breath Hydrogen/2                                 | Began wheezing during second breath hydrogen test; study discontinued.                                                                                                                                     |
| 22                | UK                                                         | CADB                                                      | Breath Hydrogen/1                                 | After the informed consent was signed, patient had two placebo BHT's done. Because both tests were negative, the patient was dropped from the study.                                                       |
| 29                | EPM                                                        | DBCA                                                      | Breath Hydrogen/3                                 | Mother requested to withdraw due to difficulties encountered getting child to take enzyme solution during the dose-response phase.                                                                         |

"Received at least one of the following treatments: placebo, enzyme, milk/enzyme.

<sup>b</sup>P = Placebo, E = Enzyme, M = Milk/Enzyme, UK = Unknown.

<sup>a</sup>A = Full-strength enzyme, B = 1:10 dilution, C = 1:100 dilution, D = 1:1,000 dilution.

TABLE 8.8.8

TRIAL NO. S-2 (OMC-SUC-2): SAFETY POPULATION  
 LISTING OF PATIENTS WHO WITHDREW FROM STUDY  
 AFTER TREATMENT<sup>a</sup>

(Page 2 of 2)

| Patient<br>Number | Treatment<br>Sequence<br>(Breath<br>Hydrogen) <sup>b</sup> | Treatment<br>Sequence<br>(Dose-<br>Response) <sup>c</sup> | study<br>Phase/Period<br>at Time of<br>Withdrawal | Reason for Withdrawal                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|-------------------|------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 36                | UK                                                         | BACD                                                      | Breath Hydrogen/1                                 | Disaccharidase levels provided by the referring physician did not clearly indicate that this patient met study criteria. Because diagnostic BHT's had not been done, it was decided to enroll the patient in the protocol and collect data routinely collected during the week prior to BHT's and schedule the placebo test first. The results of the placebo test were normal, therefore it was determined that the patient did not meet the study criteria. Testing was discontinued. |

<sup>a</sup>Received at least one of the following treatments: placebo, enzyme, milk/enzyme.

<sup>b</sup>P = Placebo, E = Enzyme, M = Milk/Enzyme, UK = Unknown.

<sup>c</sup>A = Full-strength enzyme, B = 1:10 dilution, C = 1:100 dilution, D = 1:1,000 dilution.



## Relevant Experimental Data under 16 CFR 1702.9 (b)

### Nonclinical Toxicology Summary for Sacrosidase

Orphan Medical proposes to use sacrosidase for the treatment of congenital sucrase-isomaltase deficiency (CSID) patients. The purpose of this discussion is to provide a summary of the available nonclinical toxicology information on sacrosidase.

An initial review of the literature was undertaken; using the computerized databases of the National Library of Medicine via the TOXNET and TOXLINE databases. The search used "sacrosidase" as a text word; subsequent searches were refined based upon the initial information derived, and may have keyed to authors name, specific data types (e.g. mutagenicity, metabolism), etc.

At the request of FDA during a pre-NDA meeting in October 1996 another and more comprehensive literature search was conducted. That search also failed to identify any literature relating to the toxicology of this protein.

A waiver of nonclinical pharmacology tests was requested to the FDA based on the following:

1. The enzyme is an exogenous replacement or substitution of a missing endogenous one.
2. There are no appropriate animal models.
3. Efficacy has been clearly demonstrated in humans.

### Adsorption, Distribution, Metabolism and Excretion

Based on the extensive data base associated with use of this drug in humans, the long-term use of sacrosidase in the baking and confectionery industry and the lack of toxicity associated with this material ADME and LD50 studies have not been conducted.

### Metabolism of Drug

Because sacrosidase is a large macromolecule, it will not be transported across the gastrointestinal mucosa and into the systemic circulation following oral ingestion. Thus, no systemic toxicity testing directly from the sacrosidase molecule is feasible. Sacrosidase is a naturally occurring enzyme with a glycoprotein structure, it will be digested to peptides and eventually amino acids within the small intestine. These metabolic products will be absorbed into the circulation and utilized as nutrients.

Several years of clinical experience with the yeast-derived oral sacrosidase solution in patients as young as 5 months of age have not revealed any evidence of significant toxicity or intolerance.

## HUMAN EXPERIMENTAL DATA INVOLVING THE TESTING OF HUMAN SUBJECTS

Orphan Medical Inc., assures the Commission that for all human experimental data submitted with this petition that adequate measures have been taken to ensure against psychological or physical injury to the subjects of the human studies. These studies were conducted in compliance with 21 CFR Part 50 (Protection of Human Subjects), 21 CFR Part 56 (Institutional Review Boards), and meet the criteria under 16 CFR part 1028.

## PRODUCT SPECIFICATIONS

Complete quantitative formula for the product

The final dosage form is sacrosidase (8,500 IU/mL) solution composed of a 50%:50% glycerin:water mixture.

Listing of all dosage forms in which the product is available

The final and only dosage form consists of a 118 mL blow-molded, low density polyethylene resin bottle which contains a solution of:

| Component:                                     | per mL     | per bottle (118 mL) : |
|------------------------------------------------|------------|-----------------------|
| Sacrosidase solution in 50% glycerin/50% water | 8,500 I.U. | 1,003,000 I.U.        |

The dosage of sacrosidase is titrated based on the patient's weight and symptoms.

| <u>Amount Taken</u> | <u>Weight</u>                  |
|---------------------|--------------------------------|
| 1 mL                | <15 kg with each meal or snack |
| 2 mL                | >15 kg with each meal or snack |

Each 1 mL is equivalent to 22 drops of the solution metered through the pierced tip.

## PACKAGING SPECIFICATIONS

Name of manufacturer of the package  
The facility involved in the manufacture of Sucraid™  
(sacrosidase) oral solution is:

NutraMax Products, Inc.  
9 Blackburn Drive  
Gloucester, MA 01930

Specifications for the package

### Container/closure

The drug product is packaged in a hermetically sealed, 118 mL bottle, formed using blow, fill, seal technology, at the time the product is filled. The bottle has a threaded top and a dropper tip which is compatible with the piercing cap.

Specification: See attached specification

The [REDACTED] cap is made [REDACTED] and is manufactured by Unicon Container Corporation. The cap is placed on the sealed bottle after filling. The cap has a small spike on the inside which can be used to pierce the sealed bottle tip at the time of first use.

Specification: See attached specification

### Scoop

The scoop is made [REDACTED] which is composed of [REDACTED] and is manufactured by Measurex, S & L Plastics, Inc. It is suitable for food contact use (21 CFR 177.1640). The scoop has no product contact except for measuring the dose.

Specification: See attached specification

### Label

The label is manufactured by Labelprint Corporation. The label is constructed of 3.5 mil W-treated, flexible, opaque white olefin film.

Specification: See attached specification

### Complete packaging description of carton

The carton is manufactured by Lowell Paper Box, Inc., from 16 point Solid Bleach Sulfate Paperboard line with 0.5 mil polyethylene. Its dimensions (upon closing) are  $3\frac{1}{2}$  X  $1\frac{1}{4}$  X  $6\frac{1}{8}$ . The paperboard folding carton for Sucraid (sacrosidase) oral solution holds two bottles and one scoop. The cartons upon receipt must meet manufactures specification for contaminates, color, and defects using Mil Standard 105e General Inspection Level I. Defects are defined as critical (<0.25%), major (0.25%), minor (2.5%).

### Description of each size product offered

|                |                         |
|----------------|-------------------------|
| Size:          | 118 mL                  |
| Physical Form: | LDPE translucent bottle |
| Color:         | slight yellow           |
| Flavoring:     | none added; sweet       |

#### **LABELING AND PACKAGING SAMPLES**

Provided are three Sucraid dual pack cartons, containing investigational labeling, and scoop.

## DRAFT PACKAGE INSERT

### Sucraid™ (sacrosidase) oral solution

#### DESCRIPTION

Sucraid™ (sacrosidase) oral solution is an enzyme replacement therapy for use in the treatment of congenital sucrase-isomaltase deficiency (CSID). Each milliliter (mL) of Sucraid contains 8,500 International Units (I.U.) of the enzyme sacrosidase chemical name  $\beta$ ,D-fructofuranoside fructohydrolase, which is derived from baker's yeast (*Saccharomyces cerevisiae*). Sucraid also contains glycerin (glycerol) in an aqueous solution.

Sucraid is a pale yellow, clear solution with a pleasant sweet taste. Sacrosidase has an apparent molecular weight of 97 kD. It is fully soluble with water, milk, fruit juice, and infant formula (DO NOT HEAT).

#### CLINICAL PHARMACOLOGY

Congenital sucrase-isomaltase deficiency (CSID) is a chronic malabsorption disease characterized by an autosomal recessive inheritable disease of sucrase and isomaltase deficiency. CSID is characterized by a complete or almost complete lack of endogenous sucrase activity, a marked reduction in isomaltase activity, and a moderate decrease in maltase activity.

Sucrase is a naturally-occurring enzyme that is produced in the brush border of the small intestine, primarily in the distal duodenum and jejunum. Sucrase hydrolyzes sucrose, a disaccharide, into its component monosaccharides, glucose and fructose.

In the absence of the endogenous human enzyme, sucrose is not metabolized and is not absorbed by the intestines. The presence of the intact disaccharides in the intestinal lumen leads to the osmotic retention of water, resulting in loose stools. Unabsorbed sucrose in the large intestine is fermented by bacterial flora to produce hydrogen, methane, and water. These gases generate gastrointestinal discomfort including excessive gas, bloating, abdominal cramps, watery diarrhea, nausea, and vomiting. As a result, undiagnosed CSID patients often fall behind in their expected growth and development curves and fail to thrive. Chronic malabsorption results in malnutrition.

Measurement of expired breath hydrogen under controlled conditions following a sucrose challenge (a measurement of excess hydrogen excreted in exhalation) in CSID patients have shown levels as great as 6 times that of normal subjects. Expert opinion defines clinical CSID as a condition having the following features: stool pH of less than 6, an increase in breath

hydrogen of greater than 10 ppm when challenged with sucrose after fasting, and a negative lactose breath test.

Sucraid administered with meals to patients with CSID has been shown in controlled clinical trials to decrease stool frequency and watery diarrhea, improve stool consistency, and decrease abdominal pain, bloating, and gas. In a retrospective study, a number of patients showed improved growth as evidenced by weight for height and weight for age measurements. In addition, sleep disturbances secondary to gastrointestinal symptoms have been alleviated in some patients taking Sucraid. Associated breath hydrogen excretion levels were more indicative of normalized digestion of sucrose.

CSID is often a difficult disease to diagnose. Studies have shown that in pediatric patients with chronic diarrhea of unknown origin that 4-10% had CSID. Because of the difficulties of diagnosing CSID, it may be warranted to conduct a short therapeutic trial (e.g. one week) to assess patient response in those suspected of having CSID.

#### CLINICAL STUDIES

Clinical trials were conducted to assess the safety and effectiveness of sacrosidase. The first controlled trial was published by WR Treem, et al. The second of the controlled trials is in preparation for publication by WR Treem, et al. These publications discuss additional aspects of treating CSID patients that may be useful for treating physicians.

#### INDICATIONS AND USAGE

Sucraid is an oral enzyme replacement therapy indicated for the treatment of confirmed or suspected congenital sucrase-isomaltase deficiency (CSID) and the prevention of the associated symptoms of sucrose malabsorption such as frequent watery stools, gas, bloating, abdominal cramping, explosive diarrhea, and growth retardation.

#### CONTRAINDICATIONS

Patients known to be hypersensitive to yeast, yeast products, or glycerin (glycerol).

#### PRECAUTIONS

General: Diabetics should be aware that the use of Sucraid will enable sucrose (and products of its hydrolysis - glucose and fructose) to be absorbed and this must be carefully considered in dietary planning. Although Sucraid provides replacement therapy for the deficient sucrase enzyme, it does not provide specific replacement therapy for isomaltase deficiency. Therefore, it may be necessary to continue a restriction in the starch content of the diet in order for patients to optimize diminishment of disease symptoms. The necessity for dietary starch restriction

for patients using Sucraid should be evaluated on a case by case basis.

Information for patients: See Patient Package Insert. Patients should be instructed to discard bottles of Sucraid 4 weeks after first opening due to the potential for bacterial growth.

Laboratory tests: A positive breath hydrogen test following oral challenge with sucrose and a negative breath hydrogen test following oral challenge with lactose along with a stool pH of less than 6 provides an acceptable diagnosis of CSID. Due to the high incidence of false negatives in the breath hydrogen test, a therapeutic challenge with Sucraid may be warranted.

The definitive test for diagnosis of CSID has remained the measurement of intestinal disaccharidases following small bowel biopsy.

Prior to the advent of the breath hydrogen test, oral sucrose tolerance tests were utilized for the noninvasive diagnosis of CSID. In children, a rise of blood glucose of >20 mg/dl after a 2.0 g/kg sucrose load is considered an indication of sucrose malabsorption. However, there is a high incidence of false-positive tests using sucrose challenge followed by glucose blood levels due to delayed gastric emptying.

Differential urinary disaccharide testing has been utilized by some physicians for diagnosis of disaccharidase deficiencies. Administration of lactulose, lactose, sucrose, isomaltose, and rhamnose following an overnight fast, with collection of urine for 10 hours and separation of the sugars by thin layer chromatography, has demonstrated excellent agreement with small intestinal biopsy for diagnosis of CSID.

In some situations it may be clinically inappropriate, difficult, or inconvenient to perform a small bowel biopsy or breath hydrogen test to make a definitive diagnosis of CSID. In such cases, it is possible that replacement of the suspected deficient sucrase enzyme with Sucraid for three to five days will indicate whether the patient has a deficiency of sucrase. Patients responding to Sucraid with an improvement in clinical symptoms should still be subjected to a diagnostic work-up at a later date so that the diagnosis of primary or secondary sucrase-isomaltase deficiency can be made. The effects of Sucraid have not been evaluated in patients diagnosed with secondary (acquired) disaccharidase deficiencies.

Drug interactions: There are no known drug-drug or drug-food interactions that have been reported with the use of Sucraid.



Carcinogenesis, mutagenesis, impairment of fertility: No carcinogenicity, mutagenicity, or fertility studies have been conducted with Sucraid.

Pregnancy: Pregnancy Category C. Animal reproduction studies have not been conducted with Sucraid. It is also not known whether Sucraid can cause fetal harm when administered to a pregnant woman or can affect reproductive capacity. Sucraid should be given to a pregnant woman only if clearly needed.

Nursing Mothers: The Sucraid enzyme is broken down in the stomach and intestines and the component amino acids and peptides are then absorbed as nutrients. Use of this product in pregnant or nursing mothers should be evaluated by the treating physician on a case by case basis.\_

Pediatric use: Sucraid has been used in patients as young as 5 months of age. Evidence from two controlled trials and one uncontrolled trial in primarily pediatric patients show that Sucraid is safe and effective for the treatment of CSID.

#### ADVERSE REACTIONS

Adverse experiences with Sucraid in clinical trials were generally minor and **were** frequently associated with the underlying disease. In clinical studies of up to 54 months duration, physicians treated a total of 52 patients with Sucraid. The adverse experiences and respective number of patients reporting each event (in parenthesis) were as follows: abdominal **pain** (4), vomiting (3), nausea (2), diarrhea (2), constipation (2), insomnia (1), headache (1), nervousness (1), facial edema (1), and dehydration (1). One asthmatic patient experienced an acute hypersensitivity reaction (wheezing) to Sucraid which resolved with no sequelae. Care should be taken to administer Sucraid for the first time at a facility where acute hypersensitivity reactions can be adequately treated. Alternatively, the patient may be tested for hypersensitivity to Sucraid through skin abrasion testing. Should symptoms of hypersensitivity appear, discontinue medication and initiate symptomatic and supportive therapy if indicated.

#### OVERDOSAGE

No incidents of overdosage have been reported. Glycerin, a component of Sucraid, is an osmotic diuretic. If an overdose should occur, adequate hydration should be maintained.

#### DOSAGE AND ADMINISTRATION

The recommended dosage is 1 to 2 mL, or 1 to 2 full measuring scoops (each full measuring scoop equals 1 mL; 22 drops from the bottle tip equals 1 mL) taken orally with each meal or snack diluted with 2 to 4 ounces of water, milk, fruit juice, or infant formula. The beverage or infant formula should be served cold or

at room temperature. The beverage or infant formula should not be warmed or heated before or after addition of Sucraid because heating is likely to decrease potency. Clinical studies have suggested that a greater portion of the enzyme is delivered to the small intestine if Sucraid is diluted with milk instead of water. This beneficial effect is believed to be due to decreased activity of intragastric pepsin in the presence of milk proteins.

It is recommended that approximately half of the dosage be taken at the beginning of each meal or snack, and the remainder be taken at the end of each meal or snack.

The recommended dosage is as follows:

- 1 mL (one full measuring scoop or 22 drops) per meal or snack for patients up to 15 kg in body weight.
- 2 mL (two full measuring scoops or 44 drops) per meal or snack for patients over 15 kg in body weight.

Dosage may be administered via the provided 1 mL measuring scoop or by drop count method (1 mL equals 22 drops from the bottle tip).

#### **HOW SUPPLIED**

Sucraid is available in 118 mL (4 fluid ounce) translucent plastic bottles, packaged two bottles per box. Each mL of solution contains 8,500 International Units (I.U.) of sucrase (sacrosidase). Each bottle is supplied with a plastic puncturing cap that is used to open the sealed bottle at first use, and to reseal it after each use. In addition, a 1 mL measuring scoop is provided with each bottle. A full measuring scoop is 1 mL and the gradation mark indicates one-half (1/2) mL.

NDC 62161-011-04

Store in a refrigerator at 2° - 8°C (36° - 46°F). Discard four weeks after first opening due to the potential for bacterial growth. Protect from heat and light.

**Caution:** Federal law prohibits dispensing without prescription.

#### **Manufactured by:**

NutraMax Products, Inc.  
Gloucester, MA 01930

#### **Distributed by:**

Orphan Medical, Inc.  
Minneapolis, MN 55305

For questions of a medical nature, please call Orphan Medical, Inc. toll free at 1-888-8ORPHAN (1-888-867-7426).

## **DRAFT PATIENT PACKAGE INSERT**

**Sucraid™**  
(sacrosidase) **oral** solution

Please read this leaflet carefully before you take Sucraid™ (sacrosidase) oral solution or administer Sucraid to a child. Please do not throw away this leaflet until you have finished your medicine. You may need to read this leaflet again at a later date. This leaflet does not contain all the information on Sucraid. For further information or advice, ask your doctor or pharmacist.

### **INFORMATION ABOUT YOUR MEDICINE**

The name of your medicine is Sucraid™ (sacrosidase) oral solution. It can be obtained only with a prescription from your doctor.

The purpose of your medicine:

Sucraid is an enzyme replacement therapy for use in the treatment of congenital sucrase-isomaltase deficiency (CSID). CSID is a condition where your body lacks the enzymes needed to properly break down and absorb sucrose (table sugar) and isomaltase (a type of starch) from the intestines.

The symptoms of CSID often include frequent watery diarrhea, abdominal pain, bloating, and gas. In many cases, the symptoms of CSID are similar to other medical problems. Only your doctor can make a definite diagnosis of CSID.

Sucraid can help improve the breakdown and absorption of sucrose (table sugar) from the intestine and can help relieve the symptoms of CSID. Sucraid may also possibly improve growth in young children and make it easier to sleep by relieving gastrointestinal symptoms.

Sucraid does not contain the enzyme needed to break down and absorb isomaltase (a type of starch) from the intestine. Therefore, you may need to restrict the amount of starch in your diet. Your doctor will tell you if you should restrict the amount of starch in your diet.

**Discuss the following important information with your doctor before you begin to take Sucraid:**

**Tell your doctor if you are allergic to, have ever-had a reaction to, or have ever had difficulty taking yeast, yeast products, or glycerin (glycerol).**

**Tell your doctor if you have diabetes. You need to be aware that sucrose (table sugar) can be absorbed from your diet and your**

blood glucose levels may change. Your doctor will tell you if your diet or diabetes medicines need to be changed.

Tell *your* doctor if you are nursing a baby, are pregnant, or planning to become pregnant.

Side effects to watch for:

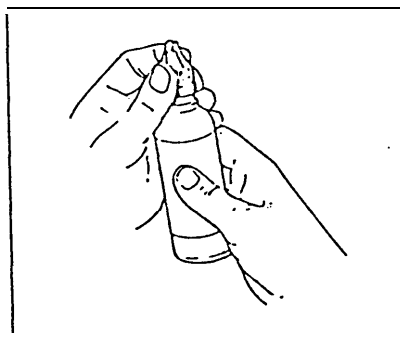
Some patients may experience a worsening of abdominal pain, vomiting, nausea, and diarrhea. Constipation, difficulty sleeping, headache, nervousness, and dehydration have also occurred. Other side effects may also occur. If you notice these or any other side effects during treatment with Sucraid, check with your doctor.

Stop taking Sucraid and get emergency help immediately if any of the following side effects occur: swelling, swelling of the face, or difficulty breathing.

How to take your medicine:

Each bottle of Sucraid is supplied with a plastic puncturing cap that is used to open the sealed bottle at first use and to reseal it after each use. At first use, tighten the cap until the spike in the cap punctures the bottle tip (see Figure 1). Do not use scissors or a knife to open the sealed bottle. Reseal the bottle after each use by replacing and twisting the cap until tight.

Figure 1. Puncture bottle seal with cap.



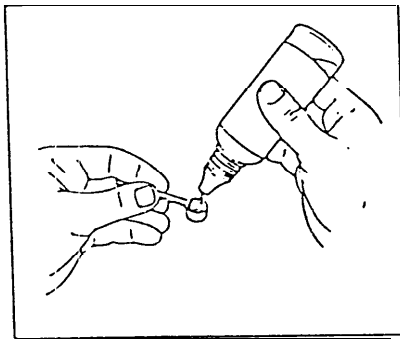
Write down the date the sealed bottle is first opened in the space provided on the bottle label. Always discard the bottle four weeks after first opening it since Sucraid contains no preservatives.

In order to get the full benefits of this medicine, it is very important to take Sucraid as your doctor has prescribed. The

usual dosage is 1 to 2 milliliters (mL) (which equals 1 to 2 full measuring scoops) with each meal or snack.

Measure your dose with the measuring scoop provided (see Figure 2). Do not use a kitchen teaspoon or other measuring device since it will not measure an accurate dose. A full measuring scoop equals 1 mL and the gradation mark on the inside of the measuring scoop indicates one-half ( $\frac{1}{2}$ ) mL. A 1 mL dose is equal to one full measuring scoop or 22 drops from the bottle tip.

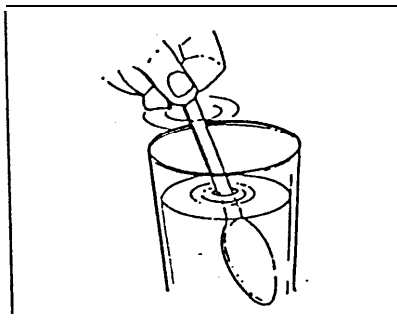
Figure 2. Measure dose with measuring scoop.



Mix your dose in 2 to 4 ounces of water, milk, fruit juice, or infant formula (see Figure 3). Clinical studies have suggested that more of the active ingredient in Sucraid is delivered to the intestine if the dose is mixed in milk instead of water.

NEVER HEAT SUCRAID O'R PUT IT IN WARM OR HOT BEVERAGES OR INFANT FORMULA. Heating Sucraid causes it to lose its effectiveness. The beverage or infant formula should be served cold or at room temperature.

Figure 3. Mix dose in beverage or infant formula.



It is recommended that approximately half of your dosage be taken at the beginning of each meal or snack, and the remainder of your dosage be taken at the end of the meal or snack.

Storing your medicine:

Sucraid is available in 4 fluid ounce (**118 mL**) translucent plastic bottles, packaged two bottles per box. Each bottle is supplied with a plastic puncturing cap that is used to open the sealed bottle at first use and to reseal it after each use. In addition, a 1 mL measuring scoop is provided with each bottle.

Always store Sucraid in a refrigerator at 36° - 46°F (2° - 8°C). Protect Sucraid from heat and light.

If your bottle of Sucraid has expired (the expiration-date is printed on the bottle label), throw it away.

Keep this medicine in a safe place in your refrigerator where children cannot reach it.

Orphan Medical, Inc.  
Minnetonka, Minnesota 55305

Revision Date: April, 1997

## MARKETING HISTORY

Sucraid has not been marketed outside the United States.

### 2) JUSTIFICATION BASED UPON PACKAGING NOT BEING PRACTICAL FOR THE SUBSTANCE

Sucraid (sacrosidase) oral solution has been developed as an orphan product for the treatment of congenital sucrase isomaltase deficiency (CSID). This disease a condition which afflicts up to 0.02% of the population of North America, is an autosomal recessive disease of the small intestine characterized by an almost complete lack of endogenous sucrase activity. In the absence of sucrase activity, ingested sucrose is not broken down or absorbed in the gastrointestinal (GI) tract, leading to symptoms of watery diarrhea, abdominal cramps, gas, and bloating. In addition, sucrose malabsorption often leads to decreased weight to height ratios, decreased weight for age, and overall failure to thrive in children with CSID.

Orphan Medical, Inc. respectfully requests an exemption from the Poison Prevention Packaging Act Requirements for Sucraid (sacrosidase) oral solution for the following reasons:

- there are no alternative drug treatments available for CSID
- the small number of afflicted patients does not make it practical to develop a child-resistant package, (estimated to be 3,000 - 10,000 cases in the United States)
- the high value associated with quality of life for the population group using the product
- the largest available child-resistant package will not contain the required dosage of Sucraid

### EXEMPTION FOR A NEW DRUG

As defined in section 201(g)(1) of the Federal Food and Drug Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 321 (g) (1)), there have been no adverse reaction reports filed at this time under 21 CFR314.80.

A New Drug Application, NDA # 20-772, for Sucraid (sacrosidase) oral solution was submitted on May 6, 1997 and priority review granted on June 3, 1997.

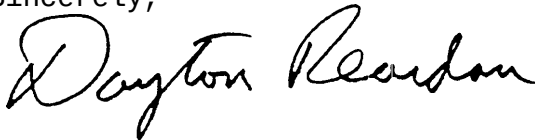
Orphan Medical, Inc. understands that under 16 CFR 1702.16 that the Commission is required to deny all petitions if the FDA has not approved an NDA.

As requested by 16 CFR 11702.2, five (5) copies of this petition are enclosed herewith in addition to the original. Three (3) Sucraid investigational drug packages have been provided as requested.

All correspondence regarding this petition for exemption to the Poison Prevention Packaging Act should be directed to:

Dayton T. Reardan, Ph.D., RAC  
Vice President of Regulatory Affairs  
Orphan Medical, Inc.  
13911 Ridgedale Drive, Suite 475  
Minnetonka, MN 55305

Sincerely,



Dayton T. Reardan, Ph.D., RAC  
Vice President of Regulatory Affairs  
Direct: (612) 513-6969

cc: Melodi McNeil (NDA 20-772)





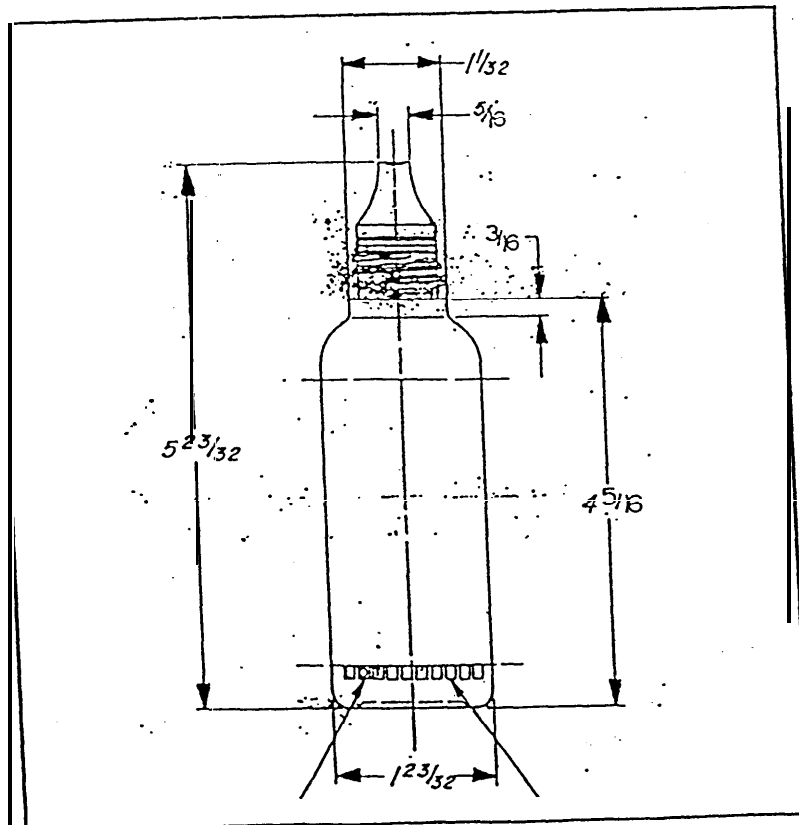
|                  |                       |
|------------------|-----------------------|
| Prepared by/Date | Eric Desnoes 6/12/96  |
| Reviewed by/Date | James Heller 12/12/96 |
| Approved by/Date | James Heller 12/12/96 |

NutraMax Products, Inc.  
**Packaging Component Specification**

Packaging Component: Sucraid™ Oral Solution Bottle

Revision No. 0

| Technical               |                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|-------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Components              | Specifications                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| ♦ Approved Manufacturer | NutraMax Products Inc.                                                                                                                                                                             |
| ♦ Description           | A hemetically sealed, 118 mL bottle, formed using blow, fill, seal technology, at the time the product is filled. Bottle has a threaded top and a dropper tip compatible with a 24 mm Piercing Cap |
| ♦ Resin                 | Rexene PE6012.                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| ♦ Dimensions            | See Diagram below                                                                                                                                                                                  |



|                  |                       |
|------------------|-----------------------|
| Prepared by/Date | Joanne LaValle 5/2/97 |
| Reviewed by/Date | Eric Samuel 4/17/97   |
| Approved by/Date | [Signature] 4/17/97   |

NutraMax Products, Inc.  
**Component Inspection Release Report**

|                  |                                           |              |                    |
|------------------|-------------------------------------------|--------------|--------------------|
| Item Code Number | G/PWRTCAP                                 | Vendor       | Andler South Corp. |
|                  |                                           | Manufacturer | Unicon Corp.       |
| Component:       | Sucraid™ Oral Solution 24 mm Piercing Cap | Lot No.      |                    |
| Sampled By/Date  |                                           |              |                    |

| TEST                                    | RESULT | SPECIFICATION                                                                                                                                                                     | REFERENCE |
|-----------------------------------------|--------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|
| Description                             |        | Closure consisting of a tapered top, ribbed exterior/threaded interior base designed to fit a 118mL spike port bottle, and a small spike on the top, interior portion of the cap. | 13.613    |
| Color                                   |        | Clear                                                                                                                                                                             | 13.613    |
| Resin <sup>1</sup>                      |        | Huntsman HCC 207                                                                                                                                                                  | 13.613    |
| Spike Length                            |        | 0.188" ± 0.01"                                                                                                                                                                    | 13.613    |
| Functionality                           |        | Fits 1.18 mL spike port bottle                                                                                                                                                    | 13.613    |
| Defect AQL<br>Major 0.25%<br>Minor 4.0% |        | Passes                                                                                                                                                                            | 13.613    |

☐ Release

☐ Rejected

Quality Assurance/Date \_\_\_\_\_

<sup>1</sup>Refer to Certificate of Compliance

## FINISHED PRODUCT QUALITY INSPECTION - Mil-Std-105e

|         |                             |          |
|---------|-----------------------------|----------|
| PRODUCT | Sucraid™ 24mm Piercing Caps |          |
| LOT     |                             | LOT SIZE |

INSPECTION TYPE: ☐ INITIAL RELEASE ☐ REINSPECTION ☐ OTHER \_\_\_\_\_

| LEVEL                                                             | TABLE                                    | CODE | BOBLES              |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------|------|---------------------|
| <b>I. CRITICAL</b>                                                |                                          |      | <b># OF DEFECTS</b> |
| AQL 0% accept <u>0</u> reject <u>1</u>                            |                                          |      |                     |
| A.                                                                | Incorrect Cap                            |      |                     |
| B.                                                                | Incorrect Cap Color                      |      |                     |
| C.                                                                | Incorrect Size Cap                       |      |                     |
| D.                                                                | Deformed Missing Threads                 |      |                     |
| <b>II. MAJOR "A"</b>                                              |                                          |      |                     |
| AQL 0.25% accept ____ reject ____                                 |                                          |      |                     |
| A.                                                                | Missing Spike                            |      |                     |
| B.                                                                | Excess Plastic at Opening of Cap         |      |                     |
| <b>III. MINOR "B"</b>                                             |                                          |      |                     |
| AQL 4.0% accept ____ reject ____                                  |                                          |      |                     |
| A.                                                                | Embedded Off Color Particles             |      |                     |
| B.                                                                | Missing Opening Grooves on Cap (removal) |      |                     |
| C.                                                                | Loose safety seals                       |      |                     |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Passes<br><input type="checkbox"/> Fails |                                          |      | TOTAL DEFECT        |

Performed by/date \_\_\_\_\_

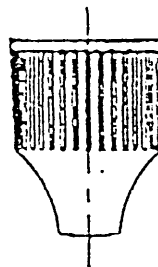
Reviewed by/date \_\_\_\_\_

| CARAC. | MEDIO                                              | MAX.  | MIN.  | FRECUENCIA              |
|--------|----------------------------------------------------|-------|-------|-------------------------|
| 1      | .844                                               | .854  | .834  | Vernier 1 vez/turno     |
| 2      | .710                                               | .728  | .708  | Vernier Comienzo        |
| 3      | .818                                               | .828  | .808  | Depth Mike 1 vez/turno  |
| 4      | 1.402                                              | 1.412 | 1.392 | Vernier Comienzo        |
| 5      | 1.031                                              | 1.041 | 1.021 | Vernier Comienzo        |
| 6      | Gate alto                                          |       |       | Visual 1 vez/turno      |
| 8      | Contaminación "Gub." Autor-<br>revisión de 3 meses |       |       | Visual 1 vez/turno      |
| 9      | .108                                               | .100  | .178  | Dial Indicator Comienzo |

## LEGENDA

- 1- MARCHA VERDE RECTIFICADORA "X"
- 2- RECTIFICADORA TO ENROLLER "E"
- 3- TUP TO ENROLLER
- 4- EXTENSION LENGTH
- 5- EXTENSION DIAMETER
- 6- GATE WALK
- 8- LUBRIC
- 9- PISTON RELAXED

NOTA: REQUISITOS EN PUNTAZAS A VERDE  
QUE LE EXCELENTE LO CONTIENE.



|                                                                                                                                                       |  |                                                                                                    |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| CHARGE: 8.10125 CHARGE: 8.10125 CHARGE: 8.10125<br>CHARGE: 8.10125 CHARGE: 8.10125 CHARGE: 8.10125<br>CHARGE: 8.10125 CHARGE: 8.10125 CHARGE: 8.10125 |  | L.D.L.<br>08-08-86                                                                                 |
| CHARGE: 8.10125 CHARGE: 8.10125 CHARGE: 8.10125<br>CHARGE: 8.10125 CHARGE: 8.10125 CHARGE: 8.10125                                                    |  | CHARGE: 8.10125 CHARGE: 8.10125 CHARGE: 8.10125<br>CHARGE: 8.10125 CHARGE: 8.10125 CHARGE: 8.10125 |
| CHARGE: 8.10125 CHARGE: 8.10125 CHARGE: 8.10125<br>CHARGE: 8.10125 CHARGE: 8.10125 CHARGE: 8.10125                                                    |  | CHARGE: 8.10125 CHARGE: 8.10125 CHARGE: 8.10125<br>CHARGE: 8.10125 CHARGE: 8.10125 CHARGE: 8.10125 |

VINYL  
24 HOURS DRYING CLIP

CUSTOMER STOCK

MATERIAL POLYETHYLENE

UNION

08-08-86

1520-A

FACTORY DRAWING

1971 AVAILABLE FOR  
ENGRAVED LOGO

|                  |                               |
|------------------|-------------------------------|
| Prepared by/Date | <i>Joanne LaFalle 3/20/97</i> |
| Reviewed by/Date | <i>Joanne LaFalle 3/20/97</i> |
| Approved by/Date | <i>Joanne LaFalle 3/20/97</i> |

NutraMax Products, Inc.  
**Component Inspection Release Report**

|                  |                                             |              |                    |
|------------------|---------------------------------------------|--------------|--------------------|
| Item Code Number | G/PWRTSPOON1ML                              | Vendor       | S&L Plastics, Inc. |
|                  |                                             | Manufacturer | S&L Plastics, Inc. |
| Component        | Sucraid™ Oral Solution 1 ml<br>Dosing Spoon | Lot No.      |                    |
| Sampled By/Date  |                                             |              |                    |

| TEST                                    | RESULT | SPECIFICATION                                                                                                                                                                                            | REFERENCE |
|-----------------------------------------|--------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|
| Description                             |        | 1 ml spoon used for measuring out specified amounts of product. It consists of a long narrow handle and slightly tapered reservoir at one end. There is a line (molded into the bowl) indicating 0.5 ml. | 13.615    |
| Color                                   |        | White, meets standard                                                                                                                                                                                    | 13.615    |
| Length                                  |        | 7.6 cm                                                                                                                                                                                                   | 13.615    |
| Bowl Diameter                           |        | 1.7 cm (as measured from the open end)                                                                                                                                                                   | 13.615    |
| Bowl Depth                              |        | 0.7 cm                                                                                                                                                                                                   | 13.615    |
| Resin'                                  |        | API 375 & API 550                                                                                                                                                                                        | 13.615    |
| Defect AQL<br>Major 0.25%<br>Minor 4.0% |        | Passes                                                                                                                                                                                                   | 13.615    |

☐ Release

☐ Rejected

Quality Assurance/Date \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_  
'Refer to Certificate of Compliance

## FINISHED PRODUCT QUALITY INSPECTION - Mil-Std-105e

|         |                           |          |
|---------|---------------------------|----------|
| PRODUCT | Sucraid™ 1mL Dosing Spoon |          |
| LOT     |                           | LOT SIZE |

 INSPECTION TYPE: ☐ INITIAL RELEASE ☐ REINSPECTION ☐ OTHER \_\_\_\_\_

| TABLE 1A - SAMPLE SIZE CODE - SAMPLE SIZE - BOTTLES |                   |                     |
|-----------------------------------------------------|-------------------|---------------------|
| <b>I. CRITICAL</b>                                  |                   | <b># OF DEFECTS</b> |
| AQL 0%                                              | accept 0 reject 1 |                     |
| A. Incorrect Spoon                                  |                   |                     |
| B. Incorrect Color Spoon                            |                   |                     |
| C. Incorrect Size Spoon                             |                   |                     |
| D. Incorrect Resin Type                             |                   |                     |
| E. Missing Handle                                   |                   |                     |
| <b>II. MAJOR "A"</b>                                |                   |                     |
| AQL 0.25%                                           | accept _ reject _ |                     |
| A. Sharp Edges of Spoon                             |                   |                     |
| <b>III. MINOR "B"</b>                               |                   |                     |
| AQL 4.0%                                            | accept _ reject _ |                     |
| A. Embedded Off Color Particles                     |                   |                     |
| B. Short Handle                                     |                   |                     |
|                                                     |                   |                     |
| TOTAL DEFECT                                        |                   |                     |

☐ Passes☐ Fails

Performed by/date \_\_\_\_\_

Reviewed by/date \_\_\_\_\_

NutraMax Products, Inc.  
FINISHED PRODUCT QUALITY INSPECTION - Mil-Std-105e

|         |                                            |          |
|---------|--------------------------------------------|----------|
| PRODUCT | Sucraid™ Labels (Bottle & Shipping Carton) |          |
| LOT #   |                                            | LOT SIZE |

INSPECTION TYPE: ☐ INITIAL RELEASE ☐ REINSPECTION ☐ OTHER \_\_\_\_\_

| LEVEL N-1                                                         | TABLE IIIA | SAMPLE SIZE CODE | SAMPLE SIZE | BOTTLES                            |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------|------------|------------------|-------------|------------------------------------|
| <b>I. CRITICAL</b>                                                |            |                  |             | <b># OF DEFECTS</b>                |
| AQL 0% accept 0 reject 1                                          |            |                  |             |                                    |
| A. Incorrect Label                                                |            |                  |             |                                    |
| B. Incorrect Text                                                 |            |                  |             |                                    |
| C. Missing Text                                                   |            |                  |             |                                    |
| D. Incorrect UPC Code                                             |            |                  |             |                                    |
| E. UPC Unscannable                                                |            |                  |             |                                    |
| F. Foreign Matter on Label                                        |            |                  |             |                                    |
| <b>II. MAJOR "A"</b>                                              |            |                  |             |                                    |
| AQL 0.25% accept reject                                           |            |                  |             |                                    |
| A. Text Printed Off-Center                                        |            |                  |             |                                    |
| B. Poor Print Quality                                             |            |                  |             |                                    |
| C. Foreign Matter on Label                                        |            |                  |             |                                    |
| <b>III. MINOR "B"</b>                                             |            |                  |             |                                    |
| AQL 4.0% accept reject                                            |            |                  |             |                                    |
| A. Wrinkled Label                                                 |            |                  |             |                                    |
| B. Ink spots on Label                                             |            |                  |             |                                    |
| C. Slight Label Size Variation                                    |            |                  |             |                                    |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Passes<br><input type="checkbox"/> Fails |            |                  |             | <b>TOTAL DEFECT</b><br><div></div> |

Performed by/date. \_\_\_\_\_

Reviewed by/date. \_\_\_\_\_