**SOLICITATION/CONTRACT/ORDER FOR COMMERCIAL ITEMS**

**OFFEROR TO COMPLETE BLOCKS 12, 13, 24, & 30**

**2. CONTRACT NO:** CPSC-Q-15-0069  
**3. AWARD/ EFFECTIVE DATE:** 09/25/2015  
**4. ORDER NUMBER:**  
**5. SOLICITATION NUMBER:** CPSC-Q-15-0074  
**6. SOLICITATION ISSUE DATE:** 08/31/2015

**7. FOR SOLICITATION INFORMATION CALL:**  
**a. NAME:** Greg Grayson  
**b. TELEPHONE NUMBER:** 301-504-7725 (No collect call)  
**c. OFFER DUE DATE/LOCAL TIME:**  
**d. CODE:** FMPS

**9. ISSUED BY:** CONSUMER PRODUCT SAFETY COMMISSION  
**DIV OF PROCUREMENT SERVICES**  
**4330 EAST WEST HWY**  
**ROOM 523**  
**BETHESDA MD 20814**

**11. DELIVERY FOR FOB DESTINATION: UNLESS BLOCK IS MARKED  
**SEE SCHEDULE**

**12. DISCOUNT TERMS:** SB/Net 30

**13. RATING:**  
**14. METHOD OF SOLICITATION:** □ RFQ □ IFB □ RFP

**15. DELIVER TO:** CONSUMER PRODUCT SAFETY COMMISSION  
**OFFICE OF INFORMATION SERVICES**  
**4330 EAST WEST HIGHWAY**  
**ROOM 706**  
**BETHESDA MD 20814**

**17a. CONTRACTOR/ OFFEROR CODE:** □ FACILITY CODE

**18a. PAYMENT WILL BE MADE BY:** CPSC Accounts Payable Branch  
**AMZ 160**  
**P. O. Box 25710**  
**Oklahoma City OK 73125**

**TELEPHONE NO:** □ 17b. CHECK IF REMITTANCE IS DIFFERENT AND PUT SUCH ADDRESS IN OFFER

**16. ADMINISTERED BY:** CONSUMER PRODUCT SAFETY COMMISSION  
**DIV OF PROCUREMENT SERVICES**  
**4330 EAST WEST HWY**  
**ROOM 523**  
**BETHESDA MD 20814**

**18b. SUBMIT INVOICES TO ADDRESS SHOWN IN BLOCK 16a UNLESS BLOCK BELOW IS CHECKED □ SEE ADDENDUM**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ITEM NO.</th>
<th>SCHEDULE OF SUPPLIES/SERVICES</th>
<th>QUANTITY</th>
<th>UNIT</th>
<th>UNIT PRICE</th>
<th>AMOUNT</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| DUNS Number: [REDACTED]  
Contracting Officer Representative:  
Kim Sheppard  
Tel: 301-504-7576  
Email: Ksheppard@cpsc.gov  
The Contractor shall provide all necessary personnel, labor and services required to perform a requirement analysis of the International Trade Data System—Risk Assessment Methodology (ITDS/RAM) system software in accordance with the  
(Use Reverse and/or Attach Additional Sheets as Necessary)  

**25. ACCOUNTING AND APPROPRIATION DATA**  
0100A15DE-2015-3431000000-EXIT002400-252M0  
**26. TOTAL AWARD AMOUNT (For Gov't Use Only):** $932,865.76

**27a. SOLICITATION INCORPORATES BY REFERENCE FAR 52.212-1, 52.212-4, FAR 52.212-3 AND 52.212-5 ARE ATTACHED**: ADDENDA  
□ ARE □ ARE NOT ATTACHED

**27b. CONTRACT/PURCHASE ORDER INCORPORATES BY REFERENCE FAR 52.212-4, FAR 52.212-5 IS ATTACHED**: ADDENDA  
□ ARE □ ARE NOT ATTACHED

**28. CONTRACTOR IS REQUIRED TO SIGN THIS DOCUMENT AND RETURN COPIES TO ISSUING OFFICE. CONTRACTOR AGREES TO FURNISH AND DELIVER ALL ITEMS SET FORTH OR OTHERWISE IDENTIFIED ABOVE AND ON ANY ADDITIONAL SHEETS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS AND CONDITIONS SPECIFIED.**

**29. AWARD OF CONTRACT: OFFER DATED: YOUR OFFER ON SOLICITATION (BLOCK 5), INCLUDING ANY ADDITIONS OR CHANGES WHICH ARE SET FORTH HEREIN, IS ACCEPTED AS TO ITEMS:  
□ ARE □ ARE NOT ATTACHED

**30a. SIGNATURE OF OFFEROR/CONTRACTOR**  
**30b. NAME AND TITLE OF SIGNER (Type or print):** Eddie Ahmad  
**30c. DATE SIGNED:**  
**31a. UNITED STATES OF AMERICA (SIGNATURE OF CONTRACTING OFFICER):**  
**31b. NAME OF CONTRACTING OFFICER (Type or print):**  
**31c. DATE SIGNED:** 9/25/15

Authorized for Local Reproduction  
Previous Edition is Not Usable

STANDARD FORM 1449 (REV. 2/0012)  
Prepared by GSA - FAR (48 CFR) 3.212

0001 Requirement Analysis of the ITDS/RAMS system software in accordance with the attached statement of work.

The total amount of award: $932,865.76. The obligation for this award is shown in box 26.
DESCRIPTION OF SERVICES
The contractor shall provide all necessary personnel and labor to document all functional and non-functional process requirements of a full production International Trade Data System/Risk Assessment Methodology (ITDS/RAM) system and interfaces as described in this PWS.

The performance location for work in this task order shall be CPSC headquarters located at 4330 East West Highway Bethesda, Maryland.

CONTRACT TYPE
This procurement is a firm-fixed price contract.

BACKGROUND AND OBJECTIVE
The CPSC is tasked with safeguarding consumers from unreasonable risks associated with the use of the products under its jurisdiction. CPSC port investigators working hand in hand with US Customs and Border Protection (CBP) personnel oversee millions of shipments entering the country each month to ensure compliance with US laws and CPSC regulations.

In furtherance of the mandate of Section 222 of the Consumer Product Safety Improvement Act to develop a risk assessment methodology, CPSC has engaged with CBP on the International Trade Data System (ITDS) to develop a solution which allows the Commission to electronically access data on relevant imports in time to request holds on specific shipments at ports of entry. The solution, known as the ITDS-Risk Assessment Methodology (ITDS-RAM), encompasses technology, analytics, and business processes for exchanging data with CBP, analyzing transactional data for risk factors, aggregating findings into actionable recommendations, and capturing feedback and outcomes to refine the analytics over time. The ITDS-RAM currently utilizes proprietary intellectual property, as described below.

In the future, along with the interface to CBP through ITDS, the ITDS-RAM is also envisioned to support CPSC in integrating data and activities across its focus areas of import compliance, through coordinated business processes, information technology, and resource alignment. While the ITDS-RAM primarily supports risk-based screening of imports pre-arrival, enabling CPSC to assign resources to take action accordingly— the technology currently gives port investigators access to the most recent information available through reporting and search capabilities. Investigators also use the ITDS-RAM data and analyses to develop cases against firms in violation of mandatory standards and applicable laws.

ITDS-RAM is currently in a pilot or limited proof of concept phase.

The ITDS-RAM uses a rule based approach to define risk. The pilot system contains 5 major components:
1. Data Manager – Receives Entry and Entry Summary information from CBP and processes into database.
2. Risk Scoring – Provides a risk score for an Entry based on expert rules.
3. Operational Rules – A user definable operational rule to flag an Entry for possible examination.
4. Exam Log – Allows users to create an exam and process through workflow.
5. Interface/Workflow – Graphical User Interface and workflow engine.
ITDS-RAM pilot system utilizes a proprietary platform for items 2-5 above. It is CPSC’s plan to move from the proprietary platform and leverage knowledge gained from the pilot to build a full production ITDS-RAM system with additional capabilities, all on an open-source basis. The objective of this PWS is to develop and deliver to CPSC the requirements for such a full production ITDS-RAM system.

PERFORMANCE WORK STATEMENT

The scope of this PWS is to document functional and non-functional process requirements of the future full production system to include interface enhancements and process improvements, without reliance on or infringement of the proprietary intellectual property currently used in the pilot. This will include cost estimates of new components of the full production system and integration with current CPSC systems.

1) The Contractor shall collect, review and confirm business needs with CPSC staff to document functional and non-functional requirement processes.

2) The Contractor shall create Business Requirements, System Requirements, including System Architecture documentation and Software Requirements Specifications to include Functional requirements, Non-functional Requirements, and Use Cases for process improvements.

3) The Contractor shall provide complete analytical and technical requirements for ITDS-RAM full production system including:
   a. Expand dataset being received by CBP via existing web services capability
   b. Interface to file data on imported cargo to CBP
   c. Integration of upstream/downstream applications, including enhancements to interface with RMS, IFS, data analytics, data warehouse and other CPSC systems to better inform the ITDS-RAM
   d. Business Intelligence tools to expand the import surveillance into domestic targeting and provide a dashboard and reporting functionality of identified metrics to CPSC staff.
   e. Data Warehouse to support structured and unstructured consumer products related information from various sources.
   f. Risk Engine to support assessment on domestic products

4) The Contractor shall provide a high level and detailed cost estimate of the total cost of full production system development and annual operations and maintenance cost based on [market research . . .]. The estimates provided shall evaluate implementation, identify costs, and resources required, and document this in a final comprehensive report. The high level cost estimate shall include a (+) or (-) variance to offset additional costs identified in detailed cost estimate.

5) The Contractor shall provide documentation for approval to the CPSC Project Manager at specified intervals per the project plan for accuracy and completeness throughout the period of performance. The Contractor shall provide draft versions of documentation for comment prior to submitting any final deliverable. The Contractor shall develop acceptance criteria for all deliverables with CPSC Project Manager, COR, Program Management Office Lead, and Technical Lead.

6) The Contractor shall deliver on a weekly basis a status report outlining tasks accomplished in the present work week, tasks remaining or unachieved for the work week, tasks planned for the following work week, risks and/or issues which may negatively impact the project.
7) The Contractor shall deliver documentation to include:
   a. Risk Management Plan
   b. Stakeholder Engagement Plan
   c. Quality Management Plan
   d. Requirements Management Plan
      Communications Management Plan

CONTRACTOR QUALIFICATIONS
The Contractor personnel performing the work shall have a minimum of three (3) years' experience in their respective subject matter area of expertise (ex. Project Manager, Business Analyst, Systems Analyst, Technical Architect).
The Project manager shall have experience in software development projects as developer and/or technical lead.

Any and all Contractor partners (Subcontractors) shall possess the same, or higher, Contractor qualifications.

PERIOD OF PERFORMANCE
The period of performance shall be from September 23, 2015 through September 22, 2016.

PERFORMANCE ASSESSMENT PLAN
Successful performance will be measured by:

Performance Objectives

Reporting Requirements: Reports are are submitted on-time.

Documentation Requirements: Deliverables are submitted on time and are accurate.

Key Personnel: All key personnel shall be knowledgeable and experienced.

Performance Thresholds

Reports (In the Reporting and Delivery Requirements section) are submitted 95% of the time.

Deliverables are complete and accurate and require only minimal editing for grammatical errors. Deliverables are submitted in accordance with the delivery schedule (in the Reporting and Delivery Requirements section) 95% of the time.

Key personnel working on tasks shall be knowledgeable and experienced in all aspects of the work assigned 100% of the time.

REPORTING AND DELIVERY REQUIREMENTS
As part of this work, the Contractor shall submit the following items to the COR and to SharePoint after written acceptance/approval from the COR:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ITEM #</th>
<th>Deliverable Name</th>
<th>Due Date and Format (NLT-No Later Than, measured in calendar days)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Project Kick-Off Meeting and presentation</td>
<td>• NLT 10 calendar days after contract award</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ITEM #</td>
<td>Deliverable Name</td>
<td>Due Date and Format</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-------</td>
<td>---------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
<td>---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| 2     | Project Status Report (Weekly and Monthly)                                       | • First Weekly Report NLT 15 calendar days after contract award  
• Plan shall be uploaded to a COR-designated SharePoint site in MS Word format |
| 3     | Initial Project Schedule, Work Breakdown Structure (WBS) and other documents as  | • NLT 30 calendar days after contract award                                                                 |
|       | outlined in Item 7 of Performance Work Statement, and proposed acceptance criteria for all deliverables in Deliverable Item #4 |
| 4     | a. Software Requirements Specification (SRS) shall include:                      | • Per approved Project Plan                                                                                   |
|       | i. User Stories                                                                 |                                                                                                              |
|       | ii. Business rules referenced to business process and use cases                  |                                                                                                              |
|       | iii. Non-functional requirements including: security requirements, system administrative requirements and operational requirements |                                                                                                              |
|       | b. Database structure and logical model with data dictionary                    |                                                                                                              |
| 5     | Draft Business Requirements, System Requirements, Business Process Models and   | • Per approved Project Plan                                                                                   |
|       | Software Application documentation                                                |                                                                                                              |
| 6     | Integration points documentation                                                 | • NLT 45 calendar days after contract award                                                                   |
| 7     | Final Business Requirements, System Requirements, Business Process Models and   | • Per approved Project Plan, but no later than 45 calendar days before the period of performance end date.     |
|       | Software Application documentation                                               |                                                                                                              |
| 8     | Cost Estimates                                                                  | • High Level cost estimate per approved Project Plan, but no later than January 15, 2016.        
• Final Detailed Cost Estimate, per approved Project Plan, but no later than 45 calendar days before the period of performance end date. |
GOVERNMENT FURNISHED PROPERTY

The government will provide on-site workspace, laptop computers, monitors, computer accessories, and access to CPSC systems, databases, and documents as needed to perform this task.

Travel is not required.
1. **CLAUSES**

A. **BILLING INSTRUCTIONS**

Pursuant to the Prompt Payment Act (P.L. 97-177) and the Prompt Payment Act Amendments of 1988 (P.L. 100-496) all Federal agencies are required to pay their bills on time, pay interest penalties when payments are made late, and to take discounts only when payments are made within the discount period. To assure compliance with the Act, vouchers and/or invoices shall be submitted on any acceptable invoice form which meets the criteria listed below. Examples of government vouchers that may be used are the Public Vouchers for Purchase and Services Other Than Personal, SF 1034, and Continuation Sheet, SF 1035. At a minimum, each invoice shall include:

1. The name and address of the business concern (and separate remittance address, if applicable).
2. **Do NOT** include Taxpayer Identification Number (TIN) on invoices sent via e-mail.
3. Invoice date.
4. Invoice number.
5. The contract or purchase order number (see block 2 of OF347 and block 4 of SF1449 on page 1 of this order), or other authorization for delivery of goods or services.
6. Description, price and quantity of goods or services actually delivered or rendered.
7. Shipping cost terms (if applicable).
8. Payment terms.
9. Other substantiating documentation or information as specified in the contract or purchase order.
10. Name, title, phone number and mailing address of responsible official to be notified in the event of a deficient invoice.

**ORIGINAL VOUCHERS/INVOICES SHALL BE SENT TO:**

**U.S. Mail**
Enterprise Service Center, c/o CPSC, Accounts Payable Branch, AMZ-160
PO Box 25710
Oklahoma City, Ok. 73125

**FEDEX**
Enterprise Service Center, c/o CPSC, Accounts Payable Branch, AMZ-160
6500 S. MacArthur Blvd.
Oklahoma City, Ok. 73169

Via email to:

9-AMC-AMZ-CPSC-Accounts-Payable@faa.gov

Invoices not submitted in accordance with the above stated minimum requirements will not be processed for payment. Deficient invoices will be returned to the vendor within seven days or
sooner. Standard forms 1034 and 1035 will be furnished by CPSC upon request of the contractor.

Inquiries regarding payment should be directed to the Enterprise Service Center (ESC), Office of Financial Operations, Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) in Oklahoma City, 405-954-1693.

B. PAYMENT

Payment will be made as close as possible to, but not later than, the 30th day after receipt of a proper invoice as defined in "Billing Instructions," except as follows:

When a time discount is taken, payment will be made as close as possible to, but not later than, the discount date. Discounts will be taken whenever economically justified. Otherwise, late payments will include interest penalty payments. Inquiries regarding payment should be directed to Caleb Pierce at 405-954-1693 or at the U.S. Mail and Fedex addresses listed above:

Complaints related to the late payment of an invoice should be directed to Ricky Woods at the same the same address (above) or 405-954-5351.

Customer Service inquiries may be directed to Adriane Clark at AClark@cpsc.gov.

C. INSPECTION & ACCEPTANCE PERIOD

Unless otherwise stated in the Statement of Work or Description, the Commission will ordinarily inspect all materials/services within seven (7) working days after the date of receipt. The CPSC representative responsible for inspecting the materials/services will transmit disapproval, if appropriate, to the contractor and the contract specialist listed below. If other inspection information is provided in the Statement of Work or Description, it is controlling.

D. ALL OTHER INFORMATION RELATING TO THE PURCHASE ORDER

Contact: Greg Grayson Contract specialist at (301) 504-7725 or ggrayson@cpsc.gov

E. PROCESSING INSTRUCTIONS FOR REQUESTING OFFICES

The Purchase Order/Receiving Report (Optional Form 347 or Standard Form 1449) must be completed at the time the ordered goods or services are received. Upon receipt of the goods or services ordered, each item should be inspected, accepted (partial or final) or rejected. The Purchase Order/Receiving Report must be appropriately completed, signed and dated by the authorized receiving official. In addition, the acceptance block shall be completed (Blocks 32 a, b & c on the SF 1449 and column G and page 2 of the OF 347). The receiving report shall be retained by the requesting office for confirmation when certifying invoices.

F. PROPERTY/EQUIPMENT PURCHASES

In the case of Purchase Orders/Receiving Reports involving the purchase and receipt of property/equipment, a copy of the Purchase Order/Receiving Report must also be immediately forwarded directly to the Property Management Officer (Constantia Demas) in the Facilities Management Support Services Branch (Room 425). The transmittal of Purchase Orders/Receiving Reports to the property management officer is critical to the integrity and operation of CPSC's Property Management System. Receiving officials should also forward copies to their local property officer/property custodian consistent with local office procedures.

(End of clause)
LC 5 Contracting Officer's Representative (COR) Designation

a. The following individual has been designated at the Government's COR for this contract:
Name: Kim Sheppard  
Division:  
Telephone: 301-504-7576  
Email: Ksheppard@cpsc.gov

b. The CPSC COR is responsible for:

(1) monitoring the Contractor's technical progress, including surveillance and assessment of performance, and notifying the Contracting Officer within one week when deliverables (including reports) are not received on schedule in accordance with the prescribed delivery schedule.

(2) performing technical evaluation as required, assisting the Contractor in the resolution of technical problems encountered during performance; and

(3) inspection and acceptance of all items required by the contract.

c. The COR is not authorized to and shall not:

(1) make changes in scope of work, contract schedules, and/or specifications to meet changes and requirements,

(2) direct or negotiate any change in the terms, conditions, or amounts cited in the contract; and

(3) take any action that commits the Government or could lead to a claim against the Government.

d. A clear distinction is made between Government and Contractor personnel. No employer-employee relationship will occur between government employees and contractor employees. Contractor employees must report directly to their company (employer) and shall not report to Government personnel.

(End of Clause)

LC 9 Key Personnel

a. The following individuals, listed by name and title, have been identified as key personnel for performance under this contract:

[ ]

b. The personnel specified above and/or in the schedule of the contract are considered to be essential to the work being performed hereunder. If these individuals are unavailable for assignment for work under the contract, or it is anticipated that their level of involvement will be significantly different from the negotiated level, the Contractor shall immediately notify the Contracting Officer and shall submit justifications (including proposed substitutions) in sufficient detail to permit evaluation of the impact on the program. The Contracting Officer shall review, and may ratify in writing, such substitutions. Prior to substitution of key personnel, the Contractor shall obtain the written consent of the Contracting Officer.

(End of clause)
**LC 21A Disclosure of Information - Limits on Publication**

a. The Contractor shall submit to the Commission any report, manuscript or other document containing the results of work performed under this contract, before such document is published or otherwise disclosed to the public, to assure compliance with Section 9(b) of the Consumer Product Safety Act (15 U.S.C. Section 2055(b)), Commission regulations (16 C.F.R. Part 1101), and a Commission directive (Order 1450.2). These provisions restrict disclosure by Commission Contractors of information that (1) permits the public to identify particular consumer products or (2) reflects on the safety of a class of consumer products. Prior submission allows the Commission staff to review the Contractor's information and comply with the applicable restrictions. CPSC should be advised of the Contractor's desire to submit or publish an abstract or a report as soon as practical.

b. Any publication of, or publicity pertaining to, the Contractor's document shall include the following statement: "This project has been funded with federal funds from the United States Consumer Product Safety Commission under contract number CPSC-F-13-0022. The content of this publication does not necessarily reflect the views of the Commission, nor does mention of trade names, commercial products, or organizations imply endorsement by the Commission."

*(End of clause)*

**LC 21B Disclosure of Information - Restricted Publication**

a. The Contractor shall submit to the Commission any report, manuscript or other document containing the results of work performed under this contract. This document shall not be published or otherwise disclosed by the contractor.

b. Should the contractor subsequently apply to the Consumer Product Safety Commission for permission to publish documents containing the results of this work and the release is approved in writing, any publication of, or publicity pertaining to, the Contractor's document shall include the following statement: "This project has been funded with federal funds from the United States Consumer Product Safety Commission under contract number CPSC-F-13-0022. The content of this publication does not necessarily reflect the views of the Commission, nor does mention of trade names, commercial products, or organizations imply endorsement by the Commission."

*(End of clause)*

**LC 30 Security and Personal Identity Verification Procedures**

a. The performance of this contract requires contractor employees to have access to CPSC facilities and/or systems. In accordance with Homeland Security Presidential Directive-12 (HSPD-12), all such employees must comply with agency personal identity verification (PIV) procedures. Contractor employees who do not already possess a current PIV Card acceptable to the agency shall be required to provide personal background information, undergo a background investigation (NACI or other OPM-required or approved investigation), including an FBI National Criminal History Fingerprint Check prior to being permitted access to any such facility or system. CPSC may accept PIV issued by another Federal Government agency but shall not be required to do so. No contractor employee will be permitted access to a CPSC facility or system without approval under the PIV process.

b. Contracted employees must meet the following citizenship requirements:

1. A United States (U.S.) citizen; or,

2. A national of the United States (see 8. U.S.C. 1408); or,
3. An alien lawfully admitted into the United States for permanent residence as evidenced by an alien Registration Receipt Card form I-151

c. Within five (5) days after contract award, the contractor shall provide a list of contracted personnel, including full name, social security number, and place (city and state) and date of birth to the designated Contracting Officer's Representative (COR). This information will be used to determine whether personnel have had a recent Federal background investigation and whether or not further investigation is required.

d. For each contractor employee subject to the requirements of this clause and not in possession of a current PIV Card acceptable to CPSC, the contractor shall submit the following properly-completed forms: Electronic Standard Form (SF) 85 or 85-P, "Questionnaire for Non-sensitive Positions", SF (87) Fingerprint Chart, Optional Form (OF) 306 and a current resume. The SF-85 is available from the Office of Personnel Management's (OPM) secure website. The CPSC Office of Human Resources will provide the COR with the other forms that are not obtainable via the internet.

e. The contractor shall complete the electronic security form and deliver the other completed forms indicated in paragraph d above to the COR within five (5) days of written notification from the COR of those contractor employees requiring background investigations.

f. Upon completion of the investigation, the COR will notify the contractor in writing of all investigation determinations. If any contractor employees are determined to be unsuitable to be given access to CPSC, the contractor shall immediately provide identical information regarding replacement employees. The contractor is responsible for providing suitable candidates and fulfilling staffing requirements under the contract so that there is no break in service. This approval process applies to contract start up and any required replacement personnel. Failure to prequalify potential replacement personnel will not serve as an excuse for failure to provide performance. Non performance due to failure to provide suitable contractor employees may result in a Termination for Cause or Default.

g. CPSC will issue a PIV Card to each on site contractor employee who is to be given access to CPSC facilities and systems. The employee will not be given access prior to issuance of a PIV card. CPSC may revoke a PIV Card at any time if an investigation or subsequent investigation reveals that the personnel are unsuitable.

h. PIV Cards shall identify individuals as contractor employees. Contractor employees shall display their PIV Cards on their persons at all times while working in a CPSC facility, and shall present cards for inspection upon request by CPSC officials or security personnel. The contractor shall be responsible for all PIV Cards issued to the contractor's employees and shall immediately notify the COR if any PIV card(s) cannot be accounted for.

i. CPSC shall have and exercise full and complete control over granting, denying, withholding, and terminating access of contractor employees to CPSC facilities and systems. The COR will notify the contractor immediately when CPSC has determined that an employee is unsuitable or unfit to be permitted access. The contractor shall immediately notify such employee that he/she no longer has access, shall remove the employee and shall provide a suitable replacement in accordance with contract requirements and the requirements of this clause.

j. By execution of this contract, the contractor certifies that none of the employees working under this contract have been convicted of a felony, a crime of violence, or a misdemeanor involving moral turpitude, such as a conviction of larceny within the last five (5) years. During contract performance the contractor shall immediately notify CPSC if one of its employees working under
this contract has been convicted of a felony, a crime of violence, or a misdemeanor involving moral turpitude, such as a conviction of larceny within the last five years.

k. The Government reserves the right to have removed from service any Contractor employee for any of the following:

1. Conviction of a felony, a crime of violence, or a misdemeanor involving moral turpitude, such as a conviction of larceny within the last five (5) years.

2. Falsification of information entered on security screening forms or other documents submitted to the Government.

3. Improper conduct during performance of the contract, including criminal, infamous, dishonest, immoral, or notoriously disgraceful conduct or other conduct prejudicial to the Government regardless of whether the conduct is directly related to the contract.

4. Any behavior judged to be a threat to personnel or property.

i. The COR shall be responsible for proper separation of contracted employees at the Consumer Product Safety Commission. The COR shall ensure that each contractor employee completes CPSC's official out processing procedures. The contracted employee shall report to the CPSC Facilities Security Specialist to obtain a Contractor Employee Accountability and Clearance Record. This record shall be completed as part of the official out-processing procedures and returned along with the PIV card, key fobs, keys and any other previously issued material.

m. Contractor employees shall comply with applicable Federal and CPSC statutes, regulations, policies and procedures governing the security of the facilities and system(s) to which the contractor's employees have access.

n. Failure on the part of the contractor to comply with the terms of this clause may result in termination of this contract for cause or default.

o. The contractor shall incorporate this clause in all subcontracts.

(End of Clause)

LC 31 Restrictions on Use of Information

a. If the Contractor, in the performance of this contract, obtains access to information such as CPSC plans, reports, studies, data projected by the Privacy Act of 1974 (5 U.S.C. 552a), or personal identifying information which has not been released or otherwise made public, the Contractor agrees that without prior written approval of the Contracting Officer it shall not: (a) release or disclose such information, (b) discuss or use such information for any private purpose, (c) share this information with any other party, or (d) submit an unsolicited proposal based on such information. These restrictions will remain in place unless such information is made available to the public by the Government.

b. In addition, the Contractor agrees that to the extent it collects data on behalf of CPSC, or is given access to, proprietary data, data protected by the Privacy Act of 1974, or other confidential or privileged technical, business, financial, or personal identifying information during performance of this contract, that it shall not disclose such data. The Contractor shall keep the information secure, protect such data to prevent loss or dissemination, and treat such information in accordance with any restrictions imposed on such information.
LC 32 Standards of Conduct

1. Government contractors must conduct themselves with the highest degree of integrity and honesty. Contractors shall have standards of conduct and internal control systems that:
   a. Are suitable to the size of the company and the extent of their involvement in Government contracting,
   b. Promote such standards,
   c. Facilitate timely discovery and disclosure of improper conduct in connection with Government contracts, and
   d. Ensure corrective measures are promptly instituted and carried out.

2. By submitting a proposal in response to this solicitation and under award of any resultant contract, the Contractor agrees to employ standards of conduct and internal control systems, which shall include, but are not necessarily limited to the following.
   The contractor shall provide, for all employees:
   a. A written code of business ethics and conduct and an ethics training program
   b. Periodic reviews of company business practices, procedures, policies, and internal controls for compliance with standards of conduct and the special requirements of Government contracting;
   c. A mechanism, such as a hotline, by which employees may report suspected instances of improper conduct, and instructions that encourage employees to make such reports;
   d. Internal and/or external audits, as appropriate;
   e. Disciplinary action for improper conduct;
   f. Timely reporting to appropriate Government officials of any suspected or possible violation of law in connection with Government contracts or any other irregularities in connection with such contracts; and
   g. Full cooperation with any Government agencies responsible for either investigation or corrective actions.
   h. A copy of the written code of ethics and information regarding the above shall be made available to the Government upon request.

52.203-17 Contractor Employee Whistleblower Rights and Requirement To Inform Employees of Whistleblower Rights. (Apr 2014)

As prescribed in 3.908-9, insert the following clause:

(a) This contract and employees working on this contract will be subject to the whistleblower rights and remedies in the pilot program on Contractor employee whistleblower protections established at 41 U.S.C. 4712 by section 828 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2013 (Pub. L. 112-239) and FAR 3.908

(b) The Contractor shall inform its employees in writing, in the predominant language of the workforce, of employee whistleblower rights and protections under 41 U.S.C. 4712, as described
in section 3.908 of the Federal Acquisition Regulation.

(c) The Contractor shall insert the substance of this clause, including this paragraph (c), in all subcontracts over the simplified acquisition threshold.

(End of Clause)
52.212-4 Contract Terms and Conditions—Commercial Items.

(MAY 2015)

(a) Inspection/Acceptance. The Contractor shall only tender for acceptance those items that conform to the requirements of this contract. The Government reserves the right to inspect or test any supplies or services that have been tendered for acceptance. The Government may require repair or replacement of nonconforming supplies or reperformance of nonconforming services at no increase in contract price. If repair/replacement or reperformance will not correct the defects or is not possible, the Government may seek an equitable price reduction or adequate consideration for acceptance of nonconforming supplies or services. The Government must exercise its post-acceptance rights—

(1) Within a reasonable time after the defect was discovered or should have been discovered; and

(2) Before any substantial change occurs in the condition of the item, unless the change is due to the defect in the item.

(b) Assignment. The Contractor or its assignee may assign its rights to receive payment due as a result of performance of this contract to a bank, trust company, or other financing institution, including any Federal lending agency in accordance with the Assignment of Claims Act (31 U.S.C. 3727). However, when a third party makes payment (e.g., use of the Governmentwide commercial purchase card), the Contractor may not assign its rights to receive payment under this contract.

(c) Changes. Changes in the terms and conditions of this contract may be made only by written agreement of the parties.

(d) Disputes. This contract is subject to 41 U.S.C. chapter 71, Contract Disputes. Failure of the parties to this contract to reach agreement on any request for equitable adjustment, claim, appeal or action arising under or relating to this contract shall be a dispute to be resolved in accordance with the clause at FAR 52.233-1, Disputes, which is incorporated herein by reference. The Contractor shall proceed diligently with performance of this contract, pending final resolution of any dispute arising under the contract.

(e) Definitions. The clause at FAR 52.202-1, Definitions, is incorporated herein by reference.

(f) Excusable delays. The Contractor shall be liable for default unless nonperformance is caused by an occurrence beyond the reasonable control of the Contractor and without its fault or negligence such as, acts of God or the public enemy, acts of the Government in either its sovereign or contractual capacity, fires, floods, epidemics, quarantine restrictions, strikes, unusually severe weather, and delays of common carriers. The Contractor shall notify the Contracting Officer in writing as soon as it is reasonably possible after the commencement of any excusable delay, setting forth the full particulars in connection therewith, shall remedy such occurrence with all reasonable dispatch, and shall promptly give written notice to the Contracting Officer of the cessation of such occurrence.

(g) Invoice.
(1) The Contractor shall submit an original invoice and three copies (or electronic invoice, if authorized) to the address designated in the contract to receive invoices. An invoice must include-
(i) Name and address of the Contractor;
(ii) Invoice date and number;
(iii) Contract number, contract line item number and, if applicable, the order number;
(iv) Description, quantity, unit of measure, unit price and extended price of the items delivered;
(v) Shipping number and date of shipment, including the bill of lading number and weight of shipment if shipped on Government bill of lading;
(vi) Terms of any discount for prompt payment offered;
(vii) Name and address of official to whom payment is to be sent;
(viii) Name, title, and phone number of person to notify in event of defective invoice; and
(ix) Taxpayer Identification Number (TIN). The Contractor shall include its TIN on the invoice only if required elsewhere in this contract.
(x) Electronic funds transfer (EFT) banking information.
   (A) The Contractor shall include EFT banking information on the invoice only if required elsewhere in this contract.
   (B) If EFT banking information is not required to be on the invoice, in order for the invoice to be a proper invoice, the Contractor shall have submitted correct EFT banking information in accordance with the applicable solicitation provision, contract clause (e.g., 52.232-33, Payment by Electronic Funds Transfer-System for Award Management, or 52.232-34, Payment by Electronic Funds Transfer-Other Than System for Award Management), or applicable agency procedures.
   (C) EFT banking information is not required if the Government waived the requirement to pay by EFT.

(2) Invoices will be handled in accordance with the Prompt Payment Act (31 U.S.C. 3903) and Office of Management and Budget (OMB) prompt payment regulations at 5 CFR Part 1315.

(h) Patent indemnity. The Contractor shall indemnify the Government and its officers, employees and agents against liability, including costs, for actual or alleged direct or contributory infringement of, or inducement to infringe, any United States or foreign patent, trademark or copyright, arising out of the performance of this contract, provided the Contractor is reasonably notified of such claims and proceedings.

(i) Payment.-
   (1) Items accepted. Payment shall be made for items accepted by the Government that have been delivered to the delivery destinations set forth in this contract.
   (2) Prompt payment. The Government will make payment in accordance with the Prompt Payment Act (31 U.S.C. 3903) and prompt payment regulations at 5 CFR Part 1315.
   (3) Electronic Funds Transfer (EFT). If the Government makes payment by EFT, see 52.212-5(b) for the appropriate EFT clause.
   (4) Discount. In connection with any discount offered for early payment, time shall be computed from the date of the invoice. For the purpose of computing the discount earned, payment shall be considered to have been made on the date which appears on the payment check or the specified payment date if an electronic funds transfer payment is made.
(5) Overpayments. If the Contractor becomes aware of a duplicate contract financing or invoice payment or that the Government has otherwise overpaid on a contract financing or invoice payment, the Contractor shall-

(i) Remit the overpayment amount to the payment office cited in the contract along with a description of the overpayment including the-
    (A) Circumstances of the overpayment (e.g., duplicate payment, erroneous payment, liquidation errors, date(s) of overpayment);
    (B) Affected contract number and delivery order number, if applicable;
    (C) Affected contract line item or subline item, if applicable; and
    (D) Contractor point of contact.

(ii) Provide a copy of the remittance and supporting documentation to the Contracting Officer.

(6) Interest.

(i) All amounts that become payable by the Contractor to the Government under this contract shall bear simple interest from the date due until paid unless paid within 30 days of becoming due. The interest rate shall be the interest rate established by the Secretary of the Treasury as provided in 41 U.S.C. 7109, which is applicable to the period in which the amount becomes due, as provided in (i)(6)(v) of this clause, and then at the rate applicable for each six-month period as fixed by the Secretary until the amount is paid.

(ii) The Government may issue a demand for payment to the Contractor upon finding a debt is due under the contract.

(iii) Final decisions. The Contracting Officer will issue a final decision as required by 33.211 if-

    (A) The Contracting Officer and the Contractor are unable to reach agreement on the existence or amount of a debt within 30 days;
    (B) The Contractor fails to liquidate a debt previously demanded by the Contracting Officer within the timeline specified in the demand for payment unless the amounts were not repaid because the Contractor has requested an installment payment agreement; or
    (C) The Contractor requests a deferment of collection on a debt previously demanded by the Contracting Officer (see 32.607-2).

(iv) If a demand for payment was previously issued for the debt, the demand for payment included in the final decision shall identify the same due date as the original demand for payment.

(v) Amounts shall be due at the earliest of the following dates:
    (A) The date fixed under this contract.
    (B) The date of the first written demand for payment, including any demand for payment resulting from a default termination.

(vi) The interest charge shall be computed for the actual number of calendar days involved beginning on the due date and ending on-
    (A) The date on which the designated office receives payment from the Contractor;
    (B) The date of issuance of a Government check to the Contractor from which an amount otherwise payable has been withheld as a credit against the contract debt; or
    (C) The date on which an amount withheld and applied to the contract debt would otherwise have become payable to the Contractor.

(vii) The interest charge made under this clause may be reduced under the procedures prescribed in 32.608-2 of the Federal Acquisition Regulation in effect on the date of this contract.
(j) **Risk of loss.** Unless the contract specifically provides otherwise, risk of loss or damage to the supplies provided under this contract shall remain with the Contractor until, and shall pass to the Government upon:

1. Delivery of the supplies to a carrier, if transportation is f.o.b. origin; or
2. Delivery of the supplies to the Government at the destination specified in the contract, if transportation is f.o.b. destination.

(k) **Taxes.** The contract price includes all applicable Federal, State, and local taxes and duties.

(l) **Termination for the Government’s convenience.** The Government reserves the right to terminate this contract, or any part hereof, for its sole convenience. In the event of such termination, the Contractor shall immediately stop all work hereunder and shall immediately cause any and all of its suppliers and subcontractors to cease work. Subject to the terms of this contract, the Contractor shall be paid a percentage of the contract price reflecting the percentage of the work performed prior to the notice of termination, plus reasonable charges the Contractor can demonstrate to the satisfaction of the Government using its standard record keeping system, have resulted from the termination. The Contractor shall not be required to comply with the cost accounting standards or contract cost principles for this purpose. This paragraph does not give the Government any right to audit the Contractor’s records. The Contractor shall not be paid for any work performed or costs incurred which reasonably could have been avoided.

(m) **Termination for cause.** The Government may terminate this contract, or any part hereof, for cause in the event of any default by the Contractor, or if the Contractor fails to comply with any contract terms and conditions, or fails to provide the Government, upon request, with adequate assurances of future performance. In the event of termination for cause, the Government shall not be liable to the Contractor for any amount for supplies or services not accepted, and the Contractor shall be liable to the Government for any and all rights and remedies provided by law. If it is determined that the Government improperly terminated this contract for default, such termination shall be deemed a termination for convenience.

(n) **Title.** Unless specified elsewhere in this contract, title to items furnished under this contract shall pass to the Government upon acceptance, regardless of when or where the Government takes physical possession.

(o) **Warranty.** The Contractor warrants and implies that the items delivered hereunder are merchantable and fit for use for the particular purpose described in this contract.

(p) **Limitation of liability.** Except as otherwise provided by an express warranty, the Contractor will not be liable to the Government for consequential damages resulting from any defect or deficiencies in accepted items.

(q) **Other compliances.** The Contractor shall comply with all applicable Federal, State and local laws, executive orders, rules and regulations applicable to its performance under this contract.

(s) Order of precedence. Any inconsistencies in this solicitation or contract shall be resolved by giving precedence in the following order:

(1) The schedule of supplies/services.
(2) The Assignments, Disputes, Payments, Invoice, Other Compliances, Compliance with Laws Unique to Government Contracts, and Unauthorized Obligations paragraphs of this clause;
(3) The clause at 52.212-6.
(4) Addenda to this solicitation or contract, including any license agreements for computer software.
(5) Solicitation provisions if this is a solicitation.
(6) Other paragraphs of this clause.
(7) The Standard Form 1449.
(8) Other documents, exhibits, and attachments.
(9) The specification.

(t) System for Award Management (SAM).

1) Unless exempted by an addendum to this contract, the Contractor is responsible during performance and through final payment of any contract for the accuracy and completeness of the data within the SAM database, and for any liability resulting from the Government’s reliance on inaccurate or incomplete data. To remain registered in the SAM database after the initial registration, the Contractor is required to review and update on an annual basis from the date of initial registration or subsequent updates its information in the SAM database to ensure it is current, accurate and complete. Updating information in the SAM does not alter the terms and conditions of this contract and is not a substitute for a properly executed contractual document.

2)(i) If a Contractor has legally changed its business name, "doing business as" name, or division name (whichever is shown on the contract), or has transferred the assets used in performing the contract, but has not completed the necessary requirements regarding novation and change-of-name agreements in FAR Subpart 42.12, the Contractor shall provide the responsible Contracting Officer a minimum of one business day’s written notification of its intention to (A) change the name in the SAM database; (B) comply with the requirements of Subpart 42.12; and (C) agree in writing to the timeline and procedures specified by the responsible Contracting Officer. The Contractor must provide with the notification sufficient documentation to support the legally changed name.

(ii) If the Contractor fails to comply with the requirements of paragraph (t)(2)(i) of this clause, or fails to perform the agreement at paragraph (t)(2)(i)(C) of this clause, and, in the absence of a properly executed novation or change-of-name agreement, the SAM information that shows the Contractor to be other than the Contractor indicated in the contract will be considered to be incorrect information within the meaning of the "Suspension of Payment" paragraph of the electronic funds transfer (EFT) clause of this contract.

3) The Contractor shall not change the name or address for EFT payments or manual payments, as appropriate, in the SAM record to reflect an assignee for the purpose of assignment of claims (see Subpart 32.6, Assignment of Claims). Assignees shall be separately registered in the SAM database. Information provided to the Contractor’s SAM record that indicates payments, including those made by EFT, to an ultimate recipient other than that Contractor will be considered to be incorrect information...
within the meaning of the "Suspension of payment" paragraph of the EFT clause of this contract.

(4) Offerors and Contractors may obtain information on registration and annual confirmation requirements via SAM accessed through https://www.acquisition.gov.

(u) Unauthorized Obligations

(1) Except as stated in paragraph (u)(2) of this clause, when any supply or service acquired under this contract is subject to any End User License Agreement (EULA), Terms of Service (TOS), or similar legal instrument or agreement, that includes any clause requiring the Government to indemnify the Contractor or any person or entity for damages, costs, fees, or any other loss or liability that would create an Anti-Deficiency Act violation (31 U.S.C. 1341), the following shall govern:

(i) Any such clause is unenforceable against the Government.

(ii) Neither the Government nor any Government authorized end user shall be deemed to have agreed to such clause by virtue of it appearing in the EULA, TOS, or similar legal instrument or agreement. If the EULA, TOS, or similar legal instrument or agreement is invoked through an "I agree" click box or other comparable mechanism (e.g., "click-wrap" or "browse-wrap" agreements), execution does not bind the Government or any Government authorized end user to such clause.

(iii) Any such clause is deemed to be stricken from the EULA, TOS, or similar legal instrument or agreement.

(2) Paragraph (u)(1) of this clause does not apply to indemnification by the Government that is expressly authorized by statute and specifically authorized under applicable agency regulations and procedures.

(v) Incorporation by reference. The Contractor's representations and certifications, including those completed electronically via the System for Award Management (SAM), are incorporated by reference into the contract.

(End of clause)

52.212-5 Contract Terms and Conditions Required to Implement Statutes or Executive Orders—Commercial Items.

(May 2015)

(a) The Contractor shall comply with the following Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR) clauses, which are incorporated in this contract by reference, to implement provisions of law or Executive orders applicable to acquisitions of commercial items:

(1) 52.209-10, Prohibition on Contracting with Inverted Domestic Corporations (Dec 2014)


(b) The Contractor shall comply with the FAR clauses in this paragraph (b) that the Contracting Officer has indicated as being incorporated in this contract by reference to implement provisions of law or Executive orders applicable to acquisitions of commercial items:

[Contracting Officer check as appropriate.]
(5) [Reserved].
(10) [Reserved].
(ii) Alternate I (Nov 2011) of 52.219-3.
(12) Notice of Price Evaluation Preference for HUBZone Small Business Concerns (Oct 2014) (if the offeror elects to waive the preference, it shall so indicate in its offer) (15 U.S.C. 657a).
(iii) Alternate I (Jan 2011) of 52.219-4.
(13) [Reserved]
(ii) Alternate I (Nov 2011).
(iii) Alternate II (Nov 2011).
(iii) Alternate II (Mar 2004) of 52.219-7.
(16) Utilization of Small Business Concerns (Oct 2014) (15 U.S.C. 637(d)(2) and (3)).
(iii) Alternate II (Oct 2001) of 52.219-9.
(iv) Alternate III (Oct 2014) of 52.219-9.
(20) 52.219-16, Liquidated Damages-Subcontracting Plan (Jan 1999) (15 U.S.C. 637(d)(4)(F)(i)).
(22) 52.219-28, Post Award Small Business Program Rerepresentation (Jul 2013) (15 U.S.C. 632(a)(2)).
(23) 52.219-29, Notice of Set-Aside for Economically Disadvantaged Women-Owned Small Business (EDWOSB) Concerns (Jul 2013) (15 U.S.C. 637(m)).
(24) 52.219-30, Notice of Set-Aside for Women-Owned Small Business (WOSB) Concerns Eligible Under the WOSB Program (Jul 2013) (15 U.S.C. 637(m)).
(26) 52.222-19, Child Labor-Cooperation with Authorities and Remedies (Jan 2014) (E.O. 13126).
(27) 52.222-21, Prohibition of Segregated Facilities (Apr 2015).
(34) 52.222-54, Employment Eligibility Verification (Aug 2013) (Executive Order 12989). (Not applicable to the acquisition of commercially available off-the-shelf items or certain other types of commercial items as prescribed in 22.1803.)
(35) 52.223-9, Estimate of Percentage of Recovered Material Content for EPA-Designated Items (May 2008) (42 U.S.C. 6962(c)(3)(A)(ii)). (Not applicable to the acquisition of commercially available off-the-shelf items.)
(36) 52.223-9, Estimate of Percentage of Recovered Material Content for EPA-Designated Items (May 2008) (42 U.S.C. 6962(c)(2)(A)(ii)). (Not applicable to the acquisition of commercially available off-the-shelf items.)
(37) 52.223-13, Acquisition of EPEAT®-Registered Imaging Equipment (Jun 2014) (E.O.s 13423 and 13514).
(38) 52.223-14, Acquisition of EPEAT®-Registered Televisions (Jun 2014) (E.O.s 13423 and 13514).
(39) 52.223-16, Acquisition of EPEAT®-Registered Personal Computer Products (Jun 2014) (E.O.s 13423 and 13514).
(40) 52.223-16, Acquisition of EPEAT®-Registered Personal Computer Products (Jun 2014) (E.O.s 13423 and 13514).
(41) 52.225-1, Buy American-Supplies (May 2014) (41 U.S.C. chapter 83).

(ii) Alternate I (May 2014) of 52.225-3.

(iii) Alternate II (May 2014) of 52.225-3.

(iv) Alternate III (May 2014) of 52.225-3.


(44) 52.225-13, Restrictions on Certain Foreign Purchases (June 2008) (E.O.'s, proclamations, and statutes administered by the Office of Foreign Assets Control of the Department of the Treasury).


(47) 52.226-5, Restrictions on Subcontracting Outside Disaster or Emergency Area (Nov 2007) (42 U.S.C. 5150).


X. (50) 52.232-33, Payment by Electronic Funds Transfer-System for Award Management (Jul 2013) (31 U.S.C. 3332).

(51) 52.232-34, Payment by Electronic Funds Transfer-Other than System for Award Management (Jul 2013) (31 U.S.C. 3332).


(54)(i) 52.247-64, Preference for Privately Owned U.S.-Flag Commercial Vessels (Feb 2006) (46 U.S.C. Appx. 1241(b) and 10 U.S.C. 2631).

(ii) Alternate I (Apr 2003) of 52.247-64.

(c) The Contractor shall comply with the FAR clauses in this paragraph (c), applicable to commercial services, that the Contracting Officer has indicated as being incorporated in this contract by reference to implement provisions of law or Executive orders applicable to acquisitions of commercial items:

[Contracting Officer check as appropriate.]

(1) 52.222-17, Nondisplacement of Qualified Workers (May 2014)(E.O. 13495).


(9) 52.226-6, Promoting Excess Food Donation to Nonprofit Organizations (May 2014) (42 U.S.C. 1792).

(10) 52.237-11, Accepting and Dispensing of $1 Coin (Sept 2008) (31 U.S.C. 5112(p)(1)).

(d) **Comptroller General Examination of Record.** The Contractor shall comply with the provisions of this paragraph (d) if this contract was awarded using other than sealed bid, or in excess of the simplified acquisition threshold, and does not contain the clause at 52.215-2, Audit and Records-Negotiation.

1. The Comptroller General of the United States, or an authorized representative of the Comptroller General, shall have access to and right to examine any of the Contractor's directly pertinent records involving transactions related to this contract.

2. The Contractor shall make available at its offices at all reasonable times the records, materials, and other evidence for examination, audit, or reproduction, until 3 years after final payment under this contract or for any shorter period specified in FAR Subpart 4.7, Contractor Records Retention, of the other clauses of this contract. If this contract is completely or partially terminated, the records relating to the work terminated shall be made available for 3 years after any resulting final termination settlement. Records relating to appeals under the disputes clause or to litigation or the settlement of claims arising under or relating to this contract shall be made available until such appeals, litigation, or claims are finally resolved.

3. As used in this clause, records include books, documents, accounting procedures and practices, and other data, regardless of type and regardless of form. This does not require the Contractor to create or maintain any record that the Contractor does not maintain in the ordinary course of business or pursuant to a provision of law.

(e)(1) Notwithstanding the requirements of the clauses in paragraphs (a), (b), (c), and (d) of this clause, the Contractor is not required to flow down any FAR clause, other than those in this paragraph (e)(1) in a subcontract for commercial items. Unless otherwise indicated below, the extent of the flow down shall be as required by the clause-


(ii) 52.219-8, Utilization of Small Business Concerns (Oct 2014) (15 U.S.C. 637(d)(2) and (3)), in all subcontracts that offer further subcontracting opportunities. If the subcontract (except subcontracts to small business concerns) exceeds $650,000 ($1.5 million for construction of any public facility), the subcontractor must include 52.219-8 in lower tier subcontracts that offer subcontracting opportunities.

(iii) 52.222-17, Nondisplacement of Qualified Workers (May 2014) (E.O. 13495). Flow down required in accordance with paragraph (l) of FAR clause 52.222-17.

(iv) 52.222-21, Prohibition of Segregated Facilities (Apr 2015)

(viii) 52.222-37, Employment Reports on Veterans (Jul 2014) (38 U.S.C. 4212)
(ix) 52.222-40, Notification of Employee Rights Under the National Labor Relations Act (Dec 2010) (E.O. 13496). Flow down required in accordance with paragraph (f) of FAR clause 52.222-40.
(B) Alternate I (Mar 2015) of 52.222-50 (22 U.S.C. chapter 78 and E.O 13627).
(xiv) 52.222-54, Employment Eligibility Verification (Aug 2013).
(xv) 52.222-55, Minimum Wages Under Executive Order 13658 (Dec 2014) (Executive Order 13658).
(xvii) 52.226-8, Promoting Excess Food Donation to Nonprofit Organizations (May 2014) (42 U.S.C. 1792). Flow down required in accordance with paragraph (e) of FAR clause 52.226-8.
(xviii) 52.247-64, Preference for Privately Owned U.S.-Flag Commercial Vessels (Feb 2006) (46 U.S.C. Appx. 1241(b) and 10 U.S.C. 2631). Flow down required in accordance with paragraph (d) of FAR clause 52.247-64.

(2) While not required, the contractor may include in its subcontracts for commercial items a minimal number of additional clauses necessary to satisfy its contractual obligations.

(End of clause)

52-217-08 OPTION TO EXTEND SERVICES (Nov 1999)

The government may require continued performance of any services within the limits and at the rates specified in the contract. There rates may be adjusted only as a result of revisions to prevailing labor rates provided by the Secretary of Labor. The option provision may be exercised more than once, but the total extension of performance hereunder shall not exceed 6 months. The Contracting Officer may exercise the option by written notice to the Contractor within thirty (30) days of contract expiration.

(End of clause)

52.219-11 Special 8(a) Contract Conditions.

As prescribed in 19.811-3(a), insert the following clause:

SPECIAL 8(A) CONTRACT CONDITIONS (FEB 1990)
The Small Business Administration (SBA) agrees to the following:

(a) To furnish the supplies or services set forth in this contract according to the specifications and the terms and conditions hereof by subcontracting with an eligible concern pursuant to the provisions of section 8(a) of the Small Business Act, as amended (15 U.S.C. 637(a)).

(b) That in the event SBA does not award a subcontract for all or a part of the work hereunder, this contract may be terminated either in whole or in part without cost to either party.

(c) Except for novation agreements and advance payments, delegate to the Consumer Product Safety Commission the responsibility for administering the subcontract to be awarded hereunder with complete authority to take any action on behalf of the Government under the terms and conditions of the subcontract; provided, however, that the Consumer Product Safety Commission shall give advance notice to the SBA before it issues a final notice terminating the right of a subcontractor to proceed with further performance, either in whole or in part, under the subcontract for default or for the convenience of the Government.

(d) That payments to be made under any subcontract awarded under this contract will be made directly to the subcontractor by the Consumer Product Safety Commission.

(e) That the subcontractor awarded a subcontract hereunder shall have the right of appeal from decisions of the Contracting Officer cognizable under the "Disputes" clause of said subcontract.

(f) To notify the Consumer Product Safety Commission Contracting Officer immediately upon notification by the subcontractor that the owner or owners upon whom 8(a) eligibility was based plan to relinquish ownership or control of the concern.

(End of clause)

52.219-12 Special 8(a) Subcontract Conditions.

As prescribed in 19.811-3(b), insert the following clause:

SPECIAL 8(A) SUBCONTRACT CONDITIONS (FEB 1990)

(a) The Small Business Administration (SBA) has entered into Contract No. CPSC-S-15-0069 with the Consumer Product Safety Commission to furnish the supplies or services as described therein. A copy of the contract is attached hereto and made a part hereof.

(b) Diamond Solutions, Inc., hereafter referred to as the subcontractor, agrees and acknowledges as follows:

1. That it will, for and on behalf of the SBA, fulfill and perform all of the requirements of Contract No. CPSC-S-15-0069 for the consideration stated therein and that it has read and is familiar with each and every part of the contract.

2. That the SBA has delegated responsibility, except for novation agreements and advance payments, for the administration of this subcontract to the Consumer Product Safety Commission with complete authority to take any action on behalf of the Government under the terms and conditions of this subcontract.

3. That it will not subcontract the performance of any of the requirements of this subcontract to any lower tier subcontractor without the prior written approval of the SBA and the designated Contracting Officer of the Consumer Product Safety Commission.

4. That it will notify the Consumer Product Safety Commission Contracting Officer in writing immediately upon entering an agreement (either oral or written) to transfer all or part of its stock or other ownership interest to any other party.
(c) Payments, including any progress payments under this subcontract, will be made directly to the subcontractor by the Consumer Product Safety Commission.

(End of clause)

52.245-1 Government Property.

GOVERNMENT PROPERTY (APR 2012)

(a) Definitions. As used in this clause—

"Cannibalize" means to remove parts from Government property for use or for installation on other Government property.

"Contractor-acquired property" means property acquired, fabricated, or otherwise provided by the Contractor for performing a contract, and to which the Government has title.

"Contractor inventory" means—

(1) Any property acquired by and in the possession of a Contractor or subcontractor under a contract for which title is vested in the Government and which exceeds the amounts needed to complete full performance under the entire contract;

(2) Any property that the Government is obligated or has the option to take over under any type of contract, e.g., as a result either of any changes in the specifications or plans thereunder or of the termination of the contract (or subcontract thereunder), before completion of the work, for the convenience or at the option of the Government; and

(3) Government-furnished property that exceeds the amounts needed to complete full performance under the entire contract.

"Contractor's managerial personnel" means the Contractor's directors, officers, managers, superintendents, or equivalent representatives who have supervision or direction of—

(1) All or substantially all of the Contractor's business;

(2) All or substantially all of the Contractor's operation at any one plant or separate location;

or

(3) A separate and complete major industrial operation.

"Demilitarization" means rendering a product unusable for, and not restorable to, the purpose for which it was designed or is customarily used.

"Discrepancies incident to shipment" means any differences (e.g., count or condition) between the items documented to have been shipped and items actually received.

"Equipment" means a tangible item that is functionally complete for its intended purpose, durable, nonexpendable, and needed for the performance of a contract. Equipment is not intended for sale, and does not ordinarily lose its identity or become a component part of another article when put into use. Equipment does not include material, real property, special test equipment or special tooling.

"Government-furnished property" means property in the possession of, or directly acquired by, the Government and subsequently furnished to the Contractor for performance of a contract. Government-furnished property includes, but is not limited to, spares and property furnished for repair, maintenance, overhaul, or modification. Government-furnished property also includes contractor-acquired property if the contractor-acquired property is a deliverable under a cost contract when accepted by the Government for continued use under the contract.

"Government property" means all property owned or leased by the Government. Government property includes both Government-furnished and Contractor-acquired property. Government
property includes material, equipment, special tooling, special test equipment, and real property. Government property does not include intellectual property and software.

"Loss of Government property" means unintended, unforeseen or accidental loss, damage or destruction to Government property that reduces the Government's expected economic benefits of the property. Loss of Government property does not include purposeful destructive testing, obsolescence, normal wear and tear or manufacturing defects. Loss of Government property includes, but is not limited to—

(1) Items that cannot be found after a reasonable search;

(2) Theft;

(3) Damage resulting in unexpected harm to property requiring repair to restore the item to usable condition; or

(4) Destruction resulting from incidents that render the item useless for its intended purpose or beyond economical repair.

"Material" means property that may be consumed or expended during the performance of a contract, component parts of a higher assembly, or items that lose their individual identity through incorporation into an end item. Material does not include equipment, special tooling, special test equipment or real property.

"Nonseverable" means property that cannot be removed after construction or installation without substantial loss of value or damage to the installed property or to the premises where installed.

"Precious metals" means silver, gold, platinum, palladium, iridium, osmium, rhodium, and ruthenium.

"Production scrap" means unusable material resulting from production, engineering, operations and maintenance, repair, and research and development contract activities. Production scrap may have value when re-melted or reprocessed, e.g., textile and metal clippings, borings, and faulty castings and forgings.

"Property" means all tangible property, both real and personal.

"Property Administrator" means an authorized representative of the Contracting Officer appointed in accordance with agency procedures, responsible for administering the contract requirements and obligations relating to Government property in the possession of a Contractor.

"Property records" means the records created and maintained by the contractor in support of its stewardship responsibilities for the management of Government property.

"Provide" means to furnish, as in Government-furnished property, or to acquire, as in contractor-acquired property.


"Sensitive property" means property potentially dangerous to the public safety or security if stolen, lost, or misplaced, or that shall be subject to exceptional physical security, protection, control, and accountability. Examples include weapons, ammunition, explosives, controlled substances, radioactive materials, hazardous materials or wastes, or precious metals.

"Unit acquisition cost" means—

(1) For Government-furnished property, the dollar value assigned by the Government and identified in the contract; and

(2) For contractor-acquired property, the cost derived from the Contractor's records that reflect consistently applied generally accepted accounting principles.

(b) Property management.

(1) The Contractor shall have a system of internal controls to manage (control, use, preserve, protect, repair, and maintain) Government property in its possession. The system shall
be adequate to satisfy the requirements of this clause. In doing so, the Contractor shall initiate and maintain the processes, systems, procedures, records, and methodologies necessary for effective and efficient control of Government property. The Contractor shall disclose any significant changes to its property management system to the Property Administrator prior to implementation of the changes. The Contractor may employ customary commercial practices, voluntary consensus standards, or industry-leading practices and standards that provide effective and efficient Government property management that are necessary and appropriate for the performance of this contract (except where inconsistent with law or regulation).

(2) The Contractor's responsibility extends from the initial acquisition and receipt of property, through stewardship, custody, and use until formally relieved of responsibility by authorized means, including delivery, consumption, expending, sale (as surplus property), or other disposition, or via a completed investigation, evaluation, and final determination for lost property. This requirement applies to all Government property under the Contractor's accountability, stewardship, possession or control, including its vendors or subcontractors (see paragraph (f)(1)(v) of this clause).

(3) The Contractor shall include the requirements of this clause in all subcontracts under which Government property is acquired or furnished for subcontract performance.

(4) The Contractor shall establish and maintain procedures necessary to assess its property management system effectiveness and shall perform periodic internal reviews, surveillances, self assessments, or audits. Significant findings or results of such reviews and audits pertaining to Government property shall be made available to the Property Administrator.

(c) Use of Government property.

(1) The Contractor shall use Government property, either furnished or acquired under this contract, only for performing this contract, unless otherwise provided for in this contract or approved by the Contracting Officer.

(2) Modifications or alterations of Government property are prohibited, unless they are—
   (i) Reasonable and necessary due to the scope of work under this contract or its terms and conditions;
   (ii) Required for normal maintenance; or
   (iii) Otherwise authorized by the Contracting Officer.

(3) The Contractor shall not cannibalize Government property unless otherwise provided for in this contract or approved by the Contracting Officer.

(d) Government-furnished property.

(1) The Government shall deliver to the Contractor the Government-furnished property described in this contract. The Government shall furnish related data and information needed for the intended use of the property. The warranties of suitability of use and timely delivery of Government-furnished property do not apply to property acquired or fabricated by the Contractor as contractor-acquired property and subsequently transferred to another contract with this Contractor.

(2) The delivery and/or performance dates specified in this contract are based upon the expectation that the Government-furnished property will be suitable for contract performance and will be delivered to the Contractor by the dates stated in the contract.

   (i) If the property is not delivered to the Contractor by the dates stated in the contract, the Contracting Officer shall, upon the Contractor's timely written request, consider an equitable adjustment to the contract.

   (ii) In the event property is received by the Contractor, or for Government-furnished property after receipt and installation, in a condition not suitable for its intended use, the
Contracting Officer shall, upon the Contractor's timely written request, advise the Contractor on a course of action to remedy the problem. Such action may include repairing, replacing, modifying, returning, or otherwise disposing of the property at the Government's expense. Upon completion of the required action(s), the Contracting Officer shall consider an equitable adjustment to the contract (see also paragraph (f)(1)(ii)(A) of this clause).

(iii) The Government may, at its option, furnish property in an "as-is" condition. The Contractor will be given the opportunity to inspect such property prior to the property being provided. In such cases, the Government makes no warranty with respect to the serviceability and/or suitability of the property for contract performance. Any repairs, replacement, and/or refurbishment shall be at the Contractor's expense.

(3)

(i) The Contracting Officer may by written notice, at any time—
   (A) Increase or decrease the amount of Government-furnished property under this contract;
   (B) Substitute other Government-furnished property for the property previously furnished, to be furnished, or to be acquired by the Contractor for the Government under this contract; or
   (C) Withdraw authority to use property.

(ii) Upon completion of any action(s) under paragraph (d)(3)(i) of this clause, and the Contractor's timely written request, the Contracting Officer shall consider an equitable adjustment to the contract.

(e) Title to Government property.

(1) All Government-furnished property and all property acquired by the Contractor, title to which vests in the Government under this paragraph (collectively referred to as "Government property"), is subject to the provisions of this clause. The Government shall retain title to all Government-furnished property. Title to Government property shall not be affected by its incorporation into or attachment to any property not owned by the Government, nor shall Government property become a fixture or lose its identity as personal property by being attached to any real property.

(2) Title vests in the Government for all property acquired or fabricated by the Contractor in accordance with the financing provisions or other specific requirements for passage of title in the contract. Under fixed price type contracts, in the absence of financing provisions or other specific requirements for passage of title in the contract, the Contractor retains title to all property acquired by the Contractor for use on the contract, except for property identified as a deliverable end item. If a deliverable item is to be retained by the Contractor for use after inspection and acceptance by the Government, it shall be made accountable to the contract through a contract modification listing the item as Government-furnished property.

(3) Title under Cost-Reimbursement or Time-and-Material Contracts or Cost-Reimbursable contract line items under Fixed-Price contracts.

(i) Title to all property purchased by the Contractor for which the Contractor is entitled to be reimbursed as a direct item of cost under this contract shall pass to and vest in the Government upon the vendor's delivery of such property.

(ii) Title to all other property, the cost of which is reimbursable to the Contractor, shall pass to and vest in the Government upon—
   (A) Issuance of the property for use in contract performance;
   (B) Commencement of processing of the property for use in contract performance; or
(C) Reimbursement of the cost of the property by the Government, whichever occurs first.

(f) Contractor plans and systems.

(1) Contractors shall establish and implement property management plans, systems, and procedures at the contract, program, site or entity level to enable the following outcomes:

(i) Acquisition of Property. The Contractor shall document that all property was acquired consistent with its engineering, production planning, and property control operations.

(ii) Receipt of Government Property. The Contractor shall receive Government property and document the receipt, record the information necessary to meet the record requirements of paragraph (f)(1)(iii)(A)(1) through (S) of this clause, identify as Government owned in a manner appropriate to the type of property (e.g., stamp, tag, mark, or other identification), and manage any discrepancies incident to shipment.

(A) Government-furnished property. The Contractor shall furnish a written statement to the Property Administrator containing all relevant facts, such as cause or condition and a recommended course(s) of action, if overages, shortages, or damages and/or other discrepancies are discovered upon receipt of Government-furnished property.

(B) Contractor-acquired property. The Contractor shall take all actions necessary to adjust for overages, shortages, damage and/or other discrepancies discovered upon receipt, in shipment of Contractor-acquired property from a vendor or supplier, so as to ensure the proper allocability and allowability of associated costs.

(iii) Records of Government property. The Contractor shall create and maintain records of all Government property accountable to the contract, including Government-furnished and Contractor-acquired property.

(A) Property records shall enable a complete, current, auditable record of all transactions and shall, unless otherwise approved by the Property Administrator, contain the following:

(1) The name, part number and description, National Stock Number (if needed for additional item identification tracking and/or disposition), and other data elements as necessary and required in accordance with the terms and conditions of the contract.

(2) Quantity received (or fabricated), issued, and balance-on-hand.

(3) Unit acquisition cost.

(4) Unique-item identifier or equivalent (if available and necessary for individual item tracking).

(5) Unit of measure.

(6) Accountable contract number or equivalent code designation.

(7) Location.

(8) Disposition.

(9) Posting reference and date of transaction.

(10) Date placed in service (if required in accordance with the terms and conditions of the contract).

(B) Use of a Receipt and Issue System for Government Material. When approved by the Property Administrator, the Contractor may maintain, in lieu of formal property records, a file of appropriately cross-referenced documents evidencing receipt, issue, and use of material that is issued for immediate consumption.

(iv) Physical inventory. The Contractor shall periodically perform, record, and disclose physical inventory results. A final physical inventory shall be performed upon contract completion or termination. The Property Administrator may waive this final inventory requirement, depending
on the circumstances (e.g., overall reliability of the Contractor's system or the property is to be transferred to a follow-on contract).

(v) Subcontractor control.

(A) The Contractor shall award subcontracts that clearly identify items to be provided and the extent of any restrictions or limitations on their use. The Contractor shall ensure appropriate flow down of contract terms and conditions (e.g., extent of liability for loss of Government property.

(B) The Contractor shall assure its subcontracts are properly administered and reviews are periodically performed to determine the adequacy of the subcontractor’s property management system.

(vi) Reports. The Contractor shall have a process to create and provide reports of discrepancies, loss of Government property, physical inventory results, audits and self-assessments, corrective actions, and other property-related reports as directed by the Contracting Officer.

(vii) Relief of stewardship responsibility and liability. The Contractor shall have a process to enable the prompt recognition, investigation, disclosure and reporting of loss of Government property, including losses that occur at subcontractor or alternate site locations.

(A) This process shall include the corrective actions necessary to prevent recurrence.

(B) Unless otherwise directed by the Property Administrator, the Contractor shall investigate and report to the Government all incidents of property loss as soon as the facts become known. Such reports shall, at a minimum, contain the following information:

1. Date of incident (if known).
3. Quantity.
4. Accountable contract number.
5. A statement indicating current or future need.
6. Unit acquisition cost, or if applicable, estimated sales proceeds, estimated repair or replacement costs.
7. All known interests in commingled material of which includes Government material.
8. Cause and corrective action taken or to be taken to prevent recurrence.
9. A statement that the Government will receive compensation covering the loss of Government property, in the event the Contractor was or will be reimbursed or compensated.
10. Copies of all supporting documentation.
11. Last known location.
12. A statement that the property did or did not contain sensitive, export controlled, hazardous, or toxic material, and that the appropriate agencies and authorities were notified.

(C) Unless the contract provides otherwise, the Contractor shall be relieved of stewardship responsibility and liability for property when——

1. Such property is consumed or expended, reasonably and properly, or otherwise accounted for, in the performance of the contract, including reasonable inventory adjustments of material as determined by the Property Administrator;
2. Property Administrator grants relief of responsibility and liability for loss of Government property;
3. Property is delivered or shipped from the Contractor’s plant, under Government instructions, except when shipment is to a subcontractor or other location of the Contractor; or
4. Property is disposed of in accordance with paragraphs (j) and (k) of this clause.
(viii) Utilizing Government property.

(A) The Contractor shall utilize, consume, move, and store Government Property only as authorized under this contract. The Contractor shall promptly disclose and report Government property in its possession that is excess to contract performance.

(B) Unless otherwise authorized in this contract or by the Property Administrator the Contractor shall not commingle Government material with material not owned by the Government.

(ix) Maintenance. The Contractor shall properly maintain Government property. The Contractor’s maintenance program shall enable the identification, disclosure, and performance of normal and routine preventative maintenance and repair. The Contractor shall disclose and report to the Property Administrator the need for replacement and/or capital rehabilitation.

(x) Property closeout. The Contractor shall promptly perform and report to the Property Administrator contract property closeout, to include reporting, investigating and securing closure of all loss of Government property cases; physically inventorying all property upon termination or completion of this contract; and disposing of items at the time they are determined to be excess to contractual needs.

(2) The Contractor shall establish and maintain Government accounting source data, as may be required by this contract, particularly in the areas of recognition of acquisitions, loss of Government property, and disposition of material and equipment.

(g) Systems analysis.

(1) The Government shall have access to the Contractor’s premises and all Government property, at reasonable times, for the purposes of reviewing, inspecting and evaluating the Contractor’s property management plan(s), systems, procedures, records, and supporting documentation that pertains to Government property. This access includes all site locations and, with the Contractor’s consent, all subcontractor premises.

(2) Records of Government property shall be readily available to authorized Government personnel and shall be appropriately safeguarded.

(3) Should it be determined by the Government that the Contractor’s (or subcontractor’s) property management practices are inadequate or not acceptable for the effective management and control of Government property under this contract, or present an undue risk to the Government, the Contractor shall prepare a corrective action plan when requested by the Property Administrator and take all necessary corrective actions as specified by the schedule within the corrective action plan.

(4) The Contractor shall ensure Government access to subcontractor premises, and all Government property located at subcontractor premises, for the purposes of reviewing, inspecting and evaluating the subcontractor’s property management plan, systems, procedures, records, and supporting documentation that pertains to Government property.

(h) Contractor Liability for Government Property.

(1) Unless otherwise provided for in the contract, the Contractor shall not be liable for loss of Government property furnished or acquired under this contract, except when any one of the following applies—

(i) The risk is covered by insurance or the Contractor is otherwise reimbursed (to the extent of such insurance or reimbursement). The allowability of insurance costs shall be determined in accordance with 31.205-19.

(ii) Loss of Government property that is the result of willful misconduct or lack of good faith on the part of the Contractor’s managerial personnel.
(iii) The Contracting Officer has, in writing, revoked the Government's assumption of risk for loss of Government property due to a determination under paragraph (g) of this clause that the Contractor's property management practices are inadequate, and/or present an undue risk to the Government, and the Contractor failed to take timely corrective action. If the Contractor can establish by clear and convincing evidence that the loss of Government property occurred while the Contractor had adequate property management practices or the loss did not result from the Contractor's failure to maintain adequate property management practices, the Contractor shall not be held liable.

(2) The Contractor shall take all reasonable actions necessary to protect the property from further loss. The Contractor shall separate the damaged and undamaged property, place all the affected property in the best possible order, and take such other action as the Property Administrator directs.

(3) The Contractor shall do nothing to prejudice the Government's rights to recover against third parties for any loss of Government property.

(4) The Contractor shall reimburse the Government for loss of Government property, to the extent that the Contractor is financially liable for such loss, as directed by the Contracting Officer.

(5) Upon the request of the Contracting Officer, the Contractor shall, at the Government's expense, furnish to the Government all reasonable assistance and cooperation, including the prosecution of suit and the execution of instruments of assignment in favor of the Government in obtaining recovery.

(i) Equitable adjustment. Equitable adjustments under this clause shall be made in accordance with the procedures of the Changes clause. However, the Government shall not be liable for breach of contract for the following:

(1) Any delay in delivery of Government-furnished property.

(2) Delivery of Government-furnished property in a condition not suitable for its intended use.

(3) An increase, decrease, or substitution of Government-furnished property.

(4) Failure to repair or replace Government property for which the Government is responsible. Standard Form 1428

(j) Contractor inventory disposal. Except as otherwise provided for in this contract, the Contractor shall not dispose of Contractor inventory until authorized to do so by the Plant Clearance Officer or authorizing official.

(1) Predisposal requirements.

(i) If the Contractor determines that the property has the potential to fulfill requirements under other contracts, the Contractor, in consultation with the Property Administrator, shall request that the Contracting Officer transfer the property to the contract in question, or provide authorization for use, as appropriate. In lieu of transferring the property, the Contracting Officer may authorize the Contractor to credit the costs of Contractor-acquired property (material only) to the losing contract, and debit the gaining contract with the corresponding cost, when such material is needed for use on another contract. Property no longer needed shall be considered contractor inventory.

(ii) For any remaining Contractor-acquired property, the Contractor may purchase the property at the unit acquisition cost if desired or make reasonable efforts to return unused property to the appropriate supplier at fair market value (less, if applicable, a reasonable restocking fee that is consistent with the supplier's customary practices.)

(2) Inventory disposal schedules.
(i) Absent separate contract terms and conditions for property disposition, and provided
the property was not reutilized, transferred, or otherwise disposed of, the Contractor, as directed
by the Plant Clearance Officer or authorizing official, shall use Standard Form 1428, Inventory
Disposal Schedule or electronic equivalent, to identify and report—
(A) Government-furnished property that is no longer required for performance of this
contract;
(B) Contractor-acquired property, to which the Government has obtained title under
paragraph (e) of this clause, which is no longer required for performance of that contract; and
(C) Termination inventory.
(ii) The Contractor may annotate inventory disposal schedules to identify property the
Contractor wishes to purchase from the Government, in the event that the property is offered for
sale.
(iii) Separate inventory disposal schedules are required for aircraft in any condition, flight
safety critical aircraft parts, and other items as directed by the Plant Clearance Officer.
(iv) The Contractor shall provide the information required by FAR 52.245-1(f)(1)(iii) along
with the following:
(A) Any additional information that may facilitate understanding of the property’s
intended use.
(B) For work-in-progress, the estimated percentage of completion.
(C) For precious metals in raw or bulk form, the type of metal and estimated weight.
(D) For hazardous material or property contaminated with hazardous material, the type
of hazardous material.
(E) For metals in mill product form, the form, shape, treatment, hardness, temper,
specification (commercial or Government) and dimensions (thickness, width and length).
(v) Property with the same description, condition code, and reporting location may be
grouped in a single line item.
(vi) Scrap should be reported by “lot” along with metal content, estimated weight and
estimated value.
(3) Submission requirements.
(i) The Contractor shall submit inventory disposal schedules to the Plant Clearance
Officer no later than—
(A) 30 days following the Contractor’s determination that a property item is no longer
required for performance of this contract;
(B) 60 days, or such longer period as may be approved by the Plant Clearance Officer,
following completion of contract deliveries or performance; or
(C) 120 days, or such longer period as may be approved by the Termination
Contracting Officer, following contract termination in whole or in part.
(ii) Unless the Plant Clearance Officer determines otherwise, the Contractor need not
identify or report production scrap on inventory disposal schedules, and may process and dispose
of production scrap in accordance with its own internal scrap procedures. The processing and
disposal of other types of Government-owned scrap will be conducted in accordance with the
terms and conditions of the contract or Plant Clearance Officer direction, as appropriate.
(4) Corrections. The Plant Clearance Officer may—
(i) Reject a schedule for cause (e.g., contains errors, determined to be inaccurate); and
(ii) Require the Contractor to correct an inventory disposal schedule.
(5) Postsubmission adjustments. The Contractor shall notify the Plant Clearance Officer at
least 10 working days in advance of its intent to remove an item from an approved inventory
disposal schedule. Upon approval of the Plant Clearance Officer, or upon expiration of the notice period, the Contractor may make the necessary adjustments to the inventory schedule.

(6) Storage.

(i) The Contractor shall store the property identified on an inventory disposal schedule pending receipt of disposal instructions. The Government's failure to furnish disposal instructions within 120 days following acceptance of an inventory disposal schedule may entitle the Contractor to an equitable adjustment for costs incurred to store such property on or after the 121st day.

(ii) The Contractor shall obtain the Plant Clearance Officer's approval to remove property from the premises where the property is currently located prior to receipt of final disposition instructions. If approval is granted, any costs incurred by the Contractor to transport or store the property shall not increase the price or fee of any Government contract. The storage area shall be appropriate for assuring the property's physical safety and suitability for use. Approval does not relieve the Contractor of any liability for such property under this contract.

(7) Disposition instructions.

(i) The Contractor shall prepare for shipment, deliver f.o.b. origin, or dispose of Contractor inventory as directed by the Plant Clearance Officer. Unless otherwise directed by the Contracting Officer or by the Plant Clearance Officer, the Contractor shall remove and destroy any markings identifying the property as U.S. Government-owned property prior to its disposal.

(ii) The Contracting Officer may require the Contractor to demilitarize the property prior to shipment or disposal. In such cases, the Contractor may be entitled to an equitable adjustment under paragraph (i) of this clause.

(8) Disposal proceeds. As directed by the Contracting Officer, the Contractor shall credit the net proceeds from the disposal of Contractor inventory to the contract, or to the Treasury of the United States as miscellaneous receipts.

(9) Subcontractor inventory disposal schedules. The Contractor shall require its Subcontractors to submit inventory disposal schedules to the Contractor in accordance with the requirements of paragraph (j) of this clause.

(k) Abandonment of Government property.

(1) The Government shall not abandon sensitive property or termination inventory without the Contractor's written consent.

(2) The Government, upon notice to the Contractor, may abandon any nonsensitive property in place, at which time all obligations of the Government regarding such property shall cease.

(3) Absent contract terms and conditions to the contrary, the Government may abandon parts removed and replaced from property as a result of normal maintenance actions, or removed from property as a result of the repair, maintenance, overhaul, or modification process.

(4) The Government has no obligation to restore or rehabilitate the Contractor's premises under any circumstances; however, if Government-furnished property is withdrawn or is unsuitable for the intended use, or if other Government property is substituted, then the equitable adjustment under paragraph (i) of this clause may properly include restoration or rehabilitation costs.

(l) Communication. All communications under this clause shall be in writing.

(m) Contracts outside the United States. If this contract is to be performed outside of the United States and its outlying areas, the words "Government" and "Government-furnished" (wherever they appear in this clause) shall be construed as "United States Government" and "United States Government-furnished," respectively.

Alternate I (Apr 2012).
(h)(1) The Contractor assumes the risk of, and shall be responsible for, any loss of Government property upon its delivery to the Contractor as Government-furnished property. However, the Contractor is not responsible for reasonable wear and tear to Government property or for Government property properly consumed in performing this contract.

(End of clause)