Developed under Contract CPSC-C-85-1089 by Dr. Barbara Goodson, Developmental Psychologist, Abt Associates, Inc., Cambridge, Massachusetts, and Dr. Martha Bronson, Educational Psychologist, Cambridge, Massachusetts
Play is a natural activity for every young child. Play provides many opportunities for children to learn and grow—physically, mentally and socially. If play is the child’s work then toys are the child’s tools, and appropriate toys can help children do their work well.

Young children explore objects in their environment by “mouthing” them. Children can choke to death on such items. These items include toys (such as balloons and small balls), and household and food items (such as hot dogs, peanuts, popcorn, coins, batteries, etc.). Although toys intended for young children should be free of small parts that could cause a choking incident, toys intended for older children may find their way into the hands of younger children. Reminder: Be sure to keep ALL small items out of the hands of children who mouth objects, especially children under the age of three. Remind three and four year olds to keep such items out of their mouths. Instruct older children to keep these items out of reach of younger children.

This booklet offers suggestions for selecting suitable toys for children birth to 5 years of age. It was prepared by the U.S. Consumer Product Safety Commission, the government agency that is charged with protecting the public against unreasonable risks of injury associated with consumer products.

A parent or friend choosing a toy for a child must consider several things. A good toy should be:

- safe for that child’s age, well constructed, and durable;
- appealing and interesting to the child;
- suited to the child’s physical capabilities, and
- suited to the child’s mental and social development.

This booklet provides some guidelines to help in selecting toys that meet these criteria. The suggestions in this booklet are based on three sources (1) review of reference works on child development, (2) observations of children at play, and (3) product analyses of toys to determine which characteristics are most critical in defining the appropriate ages of the intended users.

This booklet is organized in the following way. Brief outlines of children’s ABILITIES AND INTERESTS are followed by categorized TOY LISTS for each of five age groups.

The five age groups are:
- Young infants (birth to 6 months)
- Older infants (7 to 12 months)
- Young toddlers (1 year olds)
- Older toddlers (2 year olds)
- Preschoolers (ages 3, 4 and 5)
ABILITIES AND INTERESTS sections list physical, mental and social abilities and interests for each age that are particularly relevant to selecting appropriate toys. Note that these lists indicate average development—the age range at which the "average" child can be expected to achieve a particular skill or develop a specific interest. The ages in the text are only approximate. Children develop skills at uneven rates—any one child may be "above average" in one skill and "below average" in another skill. For an individual child, the parent is the best judge of the child's abilities and interests at any point in his or her development, and should select toys suitable for that child's profile of capabilities.

TOY LIST sections give toy suggestions in six major categories with subcategories under each to help in finding a particular toy type. The major categories and subcategories are listed on the following page. Note that these sections do not constitute a comprehensive list of all toy products that might be suitable for a particular age. They do suggest general toy types suitable for that age group. This booklet does not judge the play value or benefits of specific toys. For example, suitable types of projectile toys are described in the TOY LISTS, although the potential safety hazards of these toys lead many in the field to recommend against them.

ALL TOYS (a general category orienting the consumer to special features of toys that are relevant to the particular age group).

ACTIVE PLAY
Push and Pull Toys
Ride-On Toys
Outdoor and Gym Equipment
Sports Equipment

MANIPULATIVE PLAY
Construction Toys
Puzzles
Pattern-Making Toys
Manipulative Toys
Dressing, Lacing and Stringing Toys
Sand and Water Play Toys

MAKE-BELIEVE PLAY
Dolls
Stuffed Toys
Puppets
Role Play Materials
Play Scenes
Transportation Toys
Projectile Toys

CREATIVE PLAY
Musical Instruments
Art and Craft Materials
Audio-Visual Equipment

LEARNING PLAY
Games
Specific Skill Development Toys
Books
TOY SAFETY. Major areas of consideration for all toys are safety and durability. Toys should be constructed to withstand the uses and abuses of children in the age range for which the toy is appropriate.

The U.S. Consumer Product Safety Commission (CPSC) has safety regulations for certain toys. Manufacturers must design and manufacture their products to meet these regulations so that hazardous products are not sold. In addition, many manufacturers also adhere to the toy industry's voluntary safety standards.

What the Government Does:
Mandatory Toy Safety Regulations

For All Ages

- No shock or thermal hazards in electrical toys
- Amount of lead in toy paint severely limited
- No toxic materials in or on toys
- Art materials used by children under 12 should be non-hazardous and indicate they conform with ASTM D-4236
- Latex balloons and toys and games with latex balloons must be labeled warning of the choking and suffocation hazards associated with pieces of and uninflated balloons

Under Age 3

- Unbreakable — will withstand use and abuse
- No small parts or pieces which could become lodged in the throat

- Infant rattles large enough not to become lodged in child's throat and constructed so as not to separate into small pieces
- No balls with diameters 1.75 inches or less

For Ages 3 through 6

- All toys and games with small parts must be labeled to warn of the choking hazard to young children

For 3 years and older

- The following toys must be labeled to warn of the choking hazard to young children
  - All balls and toys and games with balls with a diameter 1.75 inches or less, and
  - All marbles and toys and games with marbles

Under Age 8

- No electrically operated toys with heating elements.
- No sharp points on toys.
- No sharp edges on toys.

CPSC also can remove from the marketplace toys presenting hazards not covered by the regulations.

What the Industry Does:
Voluntary Standard for Toy Safety

- Puts age and safety labels on toys.
- Puts warning labels on crib gyms advising that
they be removed from the crib when babies can push up on hands and knees (to prevent strangling)

- Makes squeeze toys and teethers large enough not to become lodged in an infant’s throat

- Assures that the lid of a toy chest will stay open in any position to which it is raised and not fall unexpectedly on a child.

- Limits string length on crib and playpen toys to reduce the risk of strangulations

**What a Parent Can Do:**

**Reduce Choking Risk**

- Look for and read age and safety labels. Any toy that is age labeled for children three years and older should be kept away from children under the age of three—such toys may have small parts and cause choking if placed in the mouth.

- Keep uninflated balloons and broken balloon pieces away from children.

- Rounded and oval objects (e.g., balls, marbles etc.) that fit easily into a child’s mouth may be difficult to remove from a throat and could cause choking.

**Reduce Strangulation Risk**

- Crib toys with strings, cords, ribbons, etc. (used to hang toys across a crib or to the side of a crib) present a strangulation risk when babies are just starting to push up on hands and knees, usually about 5 months of age **REMOVE ALL CRIB TOYS WHICH ARE STRUNG ACROSS CRIB OR PLAYPEN AREA WHEN BABIES BEGIN TO PUSH UP ON HANDS AND KNEES OR ARE 5 MONTHS OF AGE, WHICHEVER OCCURS FIRST.**

**General Toy Safety**

- Keep toys intended for older children away from younger children—such toys may injure young children.

- Check all toys periodically for breakage and potential hazards—damaged or dangerous toys should be repaired or thrown away immediately.

- Store toys safely—teach children to put toys away so they are not tripping hazards, check toy boxes and shelves for safety.

**For further information write to the:**

U.S. Consumer Product Safety Commission
Washington, D.C. 20207

**Or call the toll-free hotline:**

To report a toy related complaint, call the toll-free hotline:

1-800-638-CPSC
Where to Find Toys Suitable For Your Child:

- If your child is an infant age 6 months or younger, go to page 6.
- If your child is an infant between 7 and 12 months, go to page 9.
- If your child is a 1 year old, go to page 13.
- If your child is a 2 year old, go to page 19.
- If your child is a preschooler age 3, 4 or 5 years, go to page 24.

**ABILITIES AND INTERESTS**
Young Infants 0 to 6 Months

**PHYSICAL**
- visual focus matures—follows objects with eyes.
- learns to localize sounds and turns to see.
- gains control of hands—learns to bat, then reach and grasp objects.
- discovers feet—brings feet to mouth and explores with feet.
- begins to sit with support.
- large muscle play may include rolling, scooting, rocking, bouncing.

**MENTAL**
- explores world with eyes and ears and begins to explore with hands and feet and mouth.
- enjoys creating effects in the environment by own actions.
- begins to recognize familiar people, objects and events—then to anticipate them.
- becomes aware of novelty and strangeness in people, objects and events.
- develops definite preferences for certain people, objects and events.
- may imitate simple movements if in own repertoire.
- does one thing at a time.

**SOCIAL**
- special interest in people (faces and voices especially).
- begins to smile at faces, voices and mirror image.
- quits crying when sees face or hears voice.
- begins to seek attention and contact with people.
- distinguishes among familiar people and has preferences.
- begins to coo and gurgle, babble and laugh aloud, play with sounds.
- listens to voices and may imitate sounds already in own repertoire.
## TOYS FOR YOUNG INFANTS—0 TO 6 MONTHS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ALL TOYS</th>
<th>ACTIVE PLAY</th>
<th>MANIPULATIVE PLAY</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| Toys for this age are primarily for looking listening sucking or fingering. | **Push and Pull Toys** not suited to age group | **Construction Toys** from about 4 months  
- soft blocks. |
| Infants 0-2 months enjoy seeing and hearing interesting things. | **Ride-On Toys** not suited to age group | **Puzzles** not suited to age group |
| Infants 2-6 months show growing interest in touching holding, batting turning, shaking kicking mouthing and tasting objects. | **Outdoor or Gym Equipment** infant swings (with adult supervision). | **Pattern Making Toys** not suited to age group |
| Infants like to see  
- bright primary colors.  
- high contrast.  
- simple designs.  
- clear lines and features.  
- human face features (esp eyes).  
- bull's eye pattern. | | **Manipulative Toys** from about 6-8 weeks  
- simple rattles.  
- teethers.  
- light, sturdy cloth toys.  
- squeeze toys.  
- toys suspended above or to the side of infant for batting and grasping. from about 4 months  
- disks, keys on ring.  
- interlocking plastic rings.  
- small hand-held manipulables.  
- toys on suction cups.  
- crib gyms (children who can push up on hands and knees can strangle on crib gyms — be sure to remove crib gym from crib or playpen at this time). |
| Infants enjoy watching hanging objects or 'mobiles' that move by wind, wind-up action, or infant's own activity. | | |
### TOYS FOR YOUNG INFANTS—0 TO 6 MONTHS (Cont’d)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ALL TOYS</th>
<th>ACTIVE PLAY</th>
<th>MANIPULATIVE PLAY</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Toys for watching are more appealing if they move and make noise (but movement should be slow and noise not too loud or sudden).</td>
<td><strong>Sports Equipment</strong>&lt;br&gt;from about 6-8 weeks&lt;br&gt;- clutch balls.&lt;br&gt;- texture balls.&lt;br&gt;- soft squeeze balls.</td>
<td>Dressing, Lacing, Stringing Toys&lt;br&gt;not suited to age group</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Infants enjoy variety.</td>
<td>(All balls given to this age group should be at least 1-3/4 inches (44 mm) in diameter, however if any object appears to fit easily in the child’s mouth keep it away from the child)</td>
<td>Sand and Water Play Toys&lt;br&gt;not suited to age group</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Infants enjoy producing effects on toys by their own activity.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Toys for holding should be light and easy to grasp.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Mouthable toys should have all safety features recommended for infants</td>
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<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• no sharp points or edges</td>
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<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• no small parts to be lodged in throat, ears, nose.</td>
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<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>• no electrical parts,</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>• nontoxic materials.</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>• no glass or brittle plastic.</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>• no parts to entrap fingers, toes, hands.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• no long strings.</td>
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</tbody>
</table>
## TOYS FOR YOUNG INFANTS—0 TO 6 MONTHS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>MAKE-BELIEVE PLAY</th>
<th>CREATIVE PLAY (arts crafts, music)</th>
<th>LEARNING PLAY</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Dolls</strong>&lt;br&gt;• soft baby dolls, soft-bodied dolls, or rag dolls—all with molded (not loose) hair.</td>
<td><strong>Musical Instruments</strong>&lt;br&gt;<em>not suited to age group</em>&lt;br&gt;<strong>Art and Craft Materials</strong>&lt;br&gt;<em>not suited to age group</em></td>
<td><strong>Games</strong>&lt;br&gt;<em>not suited to age group</em>&lt;br&gt;<strong>Specific Skill Development Toys</strong>&lt;br&gt;<em>not suited to age group</em></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Stuffed Toys</strong>&lt;br&gt;• small plush animals,&lt;br&gt;• music box animals (operated and monitored for safety by adults),&lt;br&gt;• grab-on soft toys.</td>
<td><strong>Audio-Visual Equipment</strong> (Adult Operated)&lt;br&gt;• records tapes or CDs (gentle regular rhythms lullabies),&lt;br&gt;• music boxes.</td>
<td><strong>Books</strong>&lt;br&gt;may enjoy listening to a story being read.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Puppets</strong>&lt;br&gt;• soft hand puppets (held and moved by adults).</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Role-Play Materials</strong>&lt;br&gt;• mirrors (large, unbreakable) fastened to crib, playpen or wall (peak interest in mirrors 4-6 months).</td>
<td></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Play Scenes (Including Small Figures)</strong>&lt;br&gt;<em>not suited to age group</em></td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Transportation Toys</strong>&lt;br&gt;<em>not suited to age group</em></td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Projectile Toys</strong>&lt;br&gt;<em>not suited to age group</em></td>
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</tbody>
</table>
ABILITIES AND INTERESTS
Older Infants 7 to 12 Months

PHYSICAL

• begins to sit alone.
• begins to creep and crawl onto or into things.
• begins to pull to a stand, cruise (walk holding furniture), and walk alone (10-16 months).
• interest in moving about and practicing motor skills.
• develops "pincer" (thumb and finger) grasp and begins to hold objects with one hand while manipulating them with the other.
• with objects wants to bang, insert, poke, twist, squeeze, drop, shake, bite, throw, open/shut, push/pull, empty/fill, drag along.
• enjoys bath play—kicking and splashing.

MENTAL

• interest in appearing and disappearing (objects and people)—develops "object permanence" (looks for object out of sight at approximately 11 months).
• interest in container/contained relationship—likes to empty cupboards, drawers, and containers of objects.

• interest in letting go and dropping objects (will use string to pull back vanished objects).
• interest in exploration and likes many objects to explore.
• likes to operate simple mechanisms (open/shut, push/pull) and create effects.
• remembers people, objects, games, actions with toys—shows persistence and interest in novelty.
• beginning interest in picture books.

SOCIAL

• may fear strangers or react to change—plays best with familiar person nearby.
• watches and may imitate others.
• sensitive to social approval and disapproval.
• interest in getting attention and creating social effects.
• enjoys simple social games "peek-a-boo," "bye-bye".
• babbles and plays with language—may try to imitate sounds.
• recognizes own name and may begin to point to named objects or obey simple commands.
**TOYS FOR OLDER INFANTS—7 TO 12 MONTHS**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ALL TOYS</th>
<th>ACTIVE PLAY</th>
<th>MANIPULATIVE PLAY</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| Infants 7-9 months interested in longer and more extensive exploration of toys. Infants of this age like to:  
- hang  
- insert  
- poke  
- twist  
- squeeze  
- drop  
- shake  
- bite  
- throw  
- open and shut  
- empty and fill | **Push and Pull Toys**  
push toys without rods (simple cars, animals on wheels or rollers).  
**Ride-On Toys**  
*not suited to age group*  
**Outdoor or Gym Equipment**  
infant swings (with adult supervision).  
soft low climbing platform for crawlers. | **Construction Toys**  
soft blocks.  
rubber blocks.  
rounded wood blocks.  
**Puzzles**  
*from about 10 months*  
brightly colored, lightweight crib and playpen puzzles (2-3 pieces).  
**Pattern-Making Toys**  
*not suited to age group*  
**Manipulative Toys**  
teethers.  
light sturdy cloth toys.  
toys on suction cups.  
small, hand-held manipulables.  
disks/keys on rings.  
squeeze-squeak toys.  
roly-poly toys.  
activity boxes and cubes.  
pop-up boxes (easy operation).  
containers with object to empty and fill. |

Infants 10-12 months show beginning interest in object mastery and like many objects to explore. Infants of this age like:  
- stacking.  
- putting in and taking out.  
- pouring out.  
- fitting one object into another.  
- opening and closing.  
- pressing levers.  
- turning things (not unscrewing yet).  
- pushing balls and cars.
## TOYS FOR YOUNG INFANTS—7 TO 12 MONTHS (Cont’d)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ALL TOYS</th>
<th>ACTIVE PLAY</th>
<th>MANIPULATIVE PLAY</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| Generally, infants in this age range are interested in  
  • operating simple mechanisms.  
  • containers and the container/container relationship.  
  • appearing and disappearing objects.  

As at earlier ages infants enjoy producing effects by their own actions.  

**Toys for infants**  
• safe for mouthing.  
• non-toxic materials.  
• no sharp points or edges.  
• nonbreakable, no glass or brittle plastic.  
• no small parts to be lodged in throat, ears, nose.  
• no parts to entrap fingers, toes, hand.  
• no long strings.  

### ACTIVE PLAY

**Sports Equipment**  
transparent balls  
chime balls  
flutter balls  
action balls  

(All balls given to this age group should be at least 1-3/4 inches (44 mm) in diameter, however if any object appears to fit easily in the child’s mouth, keep it away from the child.)  

### MANIPULATIVE PLAY

- large rubber or plastic pop beads.  
- simple nesting cups.  
- stacking ring cones (few rings and safe stick).  
- graspable (unbreakable) mirror toys which can be held and played with.

loses interest in crib gyms and toys suspended above when can sit up and move about (crib gyms can create a strangulation hazard stop using when child can push up on hands and knees at about 5 months of age).  

**Dressing, Lacing, Stringing Toys**  
not suited to age group  

**Sand and Water Play Toys**  
activity boxes for bath.  
simple floating toys.

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## TOYS FOR YOUNG INFANTS—7 TO 12 MONTHS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>MAKE-BELIEVE PLAY</th>
<th>CREATIVE PLAY</th>
<th>LEARNING PLAY</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Dolls</strong></td>
<td><strong>Musical Instruments</strong></td>
<td><strong>Games</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- soft baby dolls, soft-bodied dolls, or rag dolls—all with molded (not loose) hair.</td>
<td>- rubber or wood blocks that rattle or tinkle.</td>
<td>not suited to age group</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Stuffed Toys</strong></td>
<td><strong>Art and Craft Materials</strong></td>
<td><strong>Specific Skill Development Toys</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- small plush animals.</td>
<td>- from about 12 months</td>
<td>not suited to age group</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- music box animals (operated and monitored for safety by adult).</td>
<td>- large paper.</td>
<td><strong>Books</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- grab or soft toys.</td>
<td>- large crayons for scribbling.</td>
<td>- cloth books.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Puppets</strong></td>
<td>- records, tapes, or CDs (simple songs, lullabies, music with simple rhythms).</td>
<td>- small cardboard books.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- soft hand puppets—child may handle but must be operated as puppets by adult.</td>
<td>- music boxes.</td>
<td><em>Note: Some children enjoy &quot;lap reading&quot; (being read to) from this age onward. When adult-held, paper picture books are appropriate.</em></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Role Play Materials</strong></td>
<td><strong>Play Scenes (Including Small Figures)</strong></td>
<td><strong>Transportation Toys</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>low wall-mounted mirrors to see self sit, creep, crawl, etc.</td>
<td>not suited to age group</td>
<td>simple push cars (one-piece).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Play Scenes (Including Small Figures)</strong></td>
<td><strong>Projectile Toys</strong></td>
<td>not suited to age group</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
ABILITIES AND INTERESTS
Young Toddlers (1 Year Olds)

PHYSICAL
- endless exercise of physical skills.
- likes to lug, dump, push, pull, pile, knock down, empty and fill.
- likes to climb—can manage small indoor steps.
- manipulation is more exploratory than skillful.
- active interest in multiple small objects.
- by 2 years, can kick, catch a large ball.
- by 2 years, can string large beads, turn knob, use screw motion. (All beads given to this age group should be at least 1-3/4 inches (44 mm) in diameter, however, if any object appears to fit easily in the child's mouth, keep it away from the child.)

MENTAL
- interest in causing effects.
- interest in mechanisms and objects that move or can be moved—prefers action toys.
- combines objects with other objects—makes simple block structures, uses simple stacking toys, does simple puzzles.
- very curious—constant experimentation with objects.
- interest in hidden-object toys.
- at 1½ to 2 years, groups/matches similar objects—enjoys simple sorting toys.
- identifies objects by pointing—can identify pictures in book.
- enjoys water, sand play.
- makes marks on paper, scribbles spontaneously.
- first imitative play—imitation of adult tasks, especially caretaking and housekeeping tasks.

SOCIAL
- most solitary play—relates to adults better than to children.
- tries to do adult tasks.
- expresses affection for others—shows preference for certain soft toys, dolls.
- likes being read to, looking at picture books, likes nursery rhymes.
- by 1½, enjoys interactive games such as tag.
<table>
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<tr>
<th>TOYS FOR YOUNG TODDLERS—1 YEAR OLDS</th>
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<tr>
<th>ALL TOYS</th>
<th>ACTIVE PLAY</th>
<th>MANIPULATIVE PLAY</th>
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</table>
| Children prefer action toys, toys that produce movement or sounds by child's own efforts.  
  - toys need not be highly detailed but should be realistic looking.  
  - toys should be lightweight for easy lifting, carrying  
  - bright colors preferred.  
In play, child always on the move—large muscle activities such as running, climbing dominate over small muscle activities such as exploring objects, constructing.  
Child beginning to combine, put together objects.  
Beginning of imitative play.  
**Push and Pull Toys**  
- push toys with rods (rods with large handles on ends),  
- toys to pull on floor—simple, sturdy with large wheels,  
- special noise and action effects,  
- for steady walkers, pull toys on strings (broad-based to tip less easily).  
**from about 1½**  
- simple doll carriages,  
- wagons—low open, big enough for child to get in.  
- small rocking horses—confined rocking arc, stout handles rather than reins  
  keeper height on child,  
  push/pull toys filled with multiple objects.  
**Ride-On Toys**  
- ride-ons propelled by pushing with feet—no pedals  
- stable ride-ons—4 or more wheels  
  wheel spaced wide apart, child's feet flat on floor when seated,  
- ride-ons with storage bins,  
- ride-ons that make noise, look like animals  
**Construction Toys**  
- small lightweight stacking blocks (15–25 pieces).  
before 1½ most interlocking mechanisms are too difficult  
**from around 1½**  
- solid wooden unit blocks (20–40),  
- large hollow building blocks,  
- large plastic bricks (2–4 inches or 50–100 mm) to press together.  
**Puzzles**  
- simple pre-puzzles or form boards—2–3 pieces, each piece a familiar shape.  
**from around 1½**  
3–5 piece puzzles with knobs easier to use (knobs firmly attached).  
**Pattern-Making Toys**  
peg board with a few large pegs.  
**Manipulative Toys**  
- activity boxes attached to crib or playpen or freestanding—simple action mechanisms (doors, lids, switches),  
- hidden object toys,  
- simple pop-up toys operated by pushing a button or knob,  
- nesting cups—round shape few pieces,  
- simple stacking toys—few pieces no order necessary,  
- shape sorters—a few common shapes.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ALL TOYS</th>
<th>ACTIVE PLAY</th>
<th>MANIPULATIVE PLAY</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Toys</strong></td>
<td><strong>Outdoor and Gym Equipment</strong></td>
<td><strong>from around 1½</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>should meet safety regulations for age</strong></td>
<td><strong>all gym equipment needs adult supervision.</strong></td>
<td><strong>fit-together toys of about 5 pieces</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>• sturdy, unbreakable, not likely to break</strong></td>
<td><strong>• low, soft climbing platforms.</strong></td>
<td><strong>• activity boxes with more complex action mechanisms—turning knob or dial, turning simple key.</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>• nontoxic materials,</strong></td>
<td><strong>• tunnels for crawling.</strong></td>
<td><strong>• pounding/hammering toys.</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>• no sharp points or edges.</strong></td>
<td><strong>• swings (pushed by adult) — seats curved or body-shaped of energy-absorbing material with restraining strap.</strong></td>
<td><strong>• nesting toys—square or other shapes.</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>• too large to be lodged in windpipe, ears, nostrils,</strong></td>
<td><strong>from about 1½</strong></td>
<td><strong>• stacking toys of 4-5 pieces.</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>• no detachable small parts.</strong></td>
<td><strong>• simple low climbing structures.</strong></td>
<td><strong>• simple matching toys.</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>• no parts that could pinch or entrap fingers, toes, hair.</strong></td>
<td><strong>• low slides with handrails.</strong></td>
<td><strong>• simple number/counting boards (1-5) with large pegs.</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>• not put together with easily exposed straight pins, sharp wires, nails.</strong></td>
<td><strong>• outdoor play equipment with stationary rather than moving parts.</strong></td>
<td><strong>• simple lock boxes &amp; lock/key toys.</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>• no electrical parts, unless supervised by adult.</strong></td>
<td><strong>Sports Equipment</strong></td>
<td><strong>• jack-in-the-box toys (adult supervision if toys spring back quickly).</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>• soft lightweight balls, especially with interesting visual effects, noises, unpredictable movement.</strong></td>
<td><strong>• chime ball, flutter ball.</strong></td>
<td><strong>• toys with screwing action (child can usually manage only 1 turn).</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>• large balls (easier for child to maneuver)</strong></td>
<td><strong>(All balls given to this age group should be at least 1-3/4 inches (44 mm) in diameter however, if any object appears to fit easily in the child’s mouth keep it away from the child.)</strong></td>
<td><strong>Dressing, Lacing, Stringing Toys</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>• lacing cubes or board with thick blunt spindle.</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td><strong>• large colored beads (fewer than 10)</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Sand and Water Play Toys</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td><strong>(All balls given to this age group should be at least 1-3/4 inches (44 mm) in diameter however, if any object appears to fit easily in the child’s mouth keep it away from the child.)</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>• simple floating toys—1 or 2 pieces easy to grasp in one hand</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td><strong>from around 1½</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>• sponges small shovel and pail.</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td><strong>• nesting tub toys</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>• bathtub activity centers.</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td><strong>• tunnels, colanders.</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>• small sandbox tools (tine should have blunt teeth).</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td><strong>• small sandbox tools (tine should have blunt teeth).</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
# TOYS FOR YOUNG TODDLERS—1 YEAR OLDS

## MAKE-BELIEVE PLAY

- **Dolls**
  - soft-bodied or all-rubber baby dolls.
  - simple dolls with no hair, moving eyes, or movable limbs.
  - dolls to fit easily in child's arms, or small dolls (5-6 inches).
  - simple accessories for caretaking—bottle, blanket.
  - simple doll clothes, need not be detachable.

  *from around 1½*
  - large peg people.

- **Stuffed Toys**
  - very soft, lightweight, easy to hold.
  - slender limbs on toys for easy grasp.
  - for safety reasons no whiskers, buttons, bow bells.

- **Puppets**
  - puppets operated by adult.

  *from around 1½*
  - small hand puppets sized to fit child's hand.
  - soft, plush puppets that double as stuffed toys.

- **Role-Play Materials**
  - toy telephone, full-length mirror.
  - simple housekeeping equipment.
  - simple doll equipment—carriage, bed.

## CREATIVE PLAY

### (arts, crafts, music)

- **Musical Instruments**
  - rhythm instruments operated by shaking—enclosed bells, rattles.

  *from around 1½*
  - rhythm instruments, operated by banging—cymbals, drums, xylophones.

- **Art and Craft Materials**
  - large crayons.
  - sturdy, large-size paper.

## LEARNING PLAY

- **Games**
  - not suited to age group

- **Specific Skill Development Toys**
  - not suited to age group
## TOYS FOR YOUNG TODDLERS—1 YEAR OLDS (Cont’d)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>MAKE-BELIEVE PLAY</th>
<th>CREATIVE PLAY (arts, crafts, music)</th>
<th>LEARNING PLAY</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>from around 1½</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• simple dress-ups—hats, scarves, ties, shoes, jewelry.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>• role-play toys that can be pushed &amp; make noise—mower, vacuum.</td>
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<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• child-sized equipment—oven, fridge, sink, table and chairs.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Play Scenes</strong> (All figures should be at least 1-3/4 inches (44 mm) in diameter; however if any object appears to fit easily in the child’s mouth keep it away from the child.)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>before 1½</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• child may enjoy handling, carrying around figures.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>from around 1½</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• familiar, realistic scenes—farm, airport, garage—not overly detailed pieces (4–6 pieces).</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• prefer scenes with moving parts or that make noise.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Transportation Toys

- lightweight vehicles of a size for easy handling (not too small) and with secure wheels. |
- push or pull cars and trains. |
- vehicles that make noise. |
- first train—1-2 cars no tracks simple or no coupling system. |

### Audio-Visual Equipment

- operated by adult |
- tapes, records or CDs of nursery rhymes and rhythms. |
- hand-cranked music box, worked by child if crank is large and easy to turn. |

### Books and ‘Peek-a-Boo’ Books

- sturdy cloth, plastic, cardboard books with few pages. |
- picture books—nursery rhymes, stories with repetition. |
- books to be held and read by adult can be more fragile with paper pages. |

**from around 1½** |
- touch-me or tactile books.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>MAKE-BELIEVE PLAY</th>
<th>CREATIVE PLAY (arts, crafts, music)</th>
<th>LEARNING PLAY</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><em>from around 1½</em></td>
<td><em>more detailed vehicles—doors, hoods that open.</em></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><em>trains with simple coupling system—large hooks, magnets.</em></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Projectile Toys</strong></td>
<td><em>not suited to age group</em></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>


ABILITIES AND INTERESTS
Older Toddlers (2 Year Olds)

PHYSICAL
- skilled at most simple large muscle skills.
- lots of physical testing—jumping from heights, climbing, hanging by arms, rolling, galloping, somersaults, rough-and-tumble play.
- throws and retrieves all kinds of objects
- pushes self on wheeled objects with good steering.
- by 2 1/2 to 3 years, good hand and finger coordination.
- lots of active play with small objects—explores different qualities of play materials.

MENTAL
- interested in attributes of objects—texture, shape, size, color.
- can match a group of similar objects.
- plays with pattern, sequence, order of size.
- first counting skills.
- first creative activities (drawing, construction, clay)—process still more important than final product.
- beginning to solve problems in head.
- imaginative fantasy play increases—continued interest in domestic imitation.
- fantasy play alone or with adult—child also makes toys carry out actions on other toys.

SOCIAL
- main interest still in parents, but begins to play cooperatively with other children (especially 30 to 36 months).
- uses language to express wishes to others.
- engages in game-like interactions with others—also some pretend play with others.
- enjoys hearing simple stories read from picture books, especially stories with repetition.
- strong desire for independence—shows pride in accomplishment.
### TOYS FOR OLDER TODDLERS—2 YEAR OLDS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th><strong>ALL TOYS</strong></th>
<th><strong>ACTIVE PLAY</strong></th>
<th><strong>MANIPULATIVE PLAY</strong></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Beginning of cooperative social play.</td>
<td><strong>Push and Pull Toys</strong>&lt;br&gt;- pull toys with strings.&lt;br&gt;- doll carriages.&lt;br&gt;- wagons.&lt;br&gt;- small, light wheelbarrow.&lt;br&gt;- interest in push toys that look like adult equipment—lawnmower, vacuum, shopping cart.</td>
<td><strong>Construction Toys</strong>&lt;br&gt;- solid, wooden unit blocks.&lt;br&gt;- large, hollow building blocks (cardboard, wood, plastic).&lt;br&gt;- large plastic bricks (2–4 inches or 50–100 mm) to be pressed together.&lt;br&gt;- plastic interlocking rings, large plastic nuts and bolts.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Increasing interest in pretend play.</td>
<td><strong>Ride-On Toys</strong>&lt;br&gt;- interest in realistic-looking ride-ons—tractors, motorcycles.&lt;br&gt;- ride-ons with storage trays or bins.&lt;br&gt;- ride-ons propelled by bouncing up and down.&lt;br&gt;- when children begin to pedal (around 2 1/2–3) small tricycle.</td>
<td><strong>Puzzles</strong>&lt;br&gt;- fit-in puzzle&lt;br&gt;- 2 to 2 1/2 years, 4-5 pieces.&lt;br&gt;- 2 1/2 to 3 years, 6-12 pieces.&lt;br&gt;- puzzles with knobs easier (knobs should be firmly attached).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Love of physical active play.</td>
<td><strong>Outdoor and Gym Equipment</strong>&lt;br&gt;- all gym equipment needs adult supervision.&lt;br&gt;- tunnels.&lt;br&gt;- climbing structures and slides.&lt;br&gt;- stationary rather than moving outdoor equipment.&lt;br&gt;- swings with curved, soft seats and restraining straps.</td>
<td><strong>Pattern-Making Toys</strong>&lt;br&gt;- peg boards with large pegs.&lt;br&gt;- color cubes.&lt;br&gt;- magnetic boards with shapes, animals, people.&lt;br&gt;- color forms (from around 2 1/2).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Child prefers action toys, toys that produce movement or sounds by child’s own efforts.</td>
<td></td>
<td><strong>Manipulative Toys</strong>&lt;br&gt;- fit-together toys of 5-10 pieces.&lt;br&gt;- nesting toys with multiple pieces, including barrel toys that require screwing motion.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>More realism preferred&lt;br&gt;- begins to pay attention to qualities of objects&lt;br&gt;- prefers toys with working parts.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Toys should be lightweight enough for easy lifting, carrying.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bright colors preferred.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Toys for Older Toddlers—2 Year Olds (Cont’d)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ALL TOYS</th>
<th>ACTIVE PLAY</th>
<th>MANIPULATIVE PLAY</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| **Toys should meet safety regulations for age**  
- sturdy, unbreakable, not likely to break into small pieces and strong enough for child to stand on or in.  
- nontoxic materials.  
- no sharp points or edges.  
- too large to be lodged in windpipe, ears, nostrils.  
- no detachable small parts.  
- no parts that could pinch or entrap fingers, toes, hair.  
- not put together with easily exposed straight pins, sharp wires, nails.  
- no electrical parts, unless supervised by adult.  | **Sports Equipment**  
- sleds sized to child (shorter length than child’s height).  
- spinning seat.  
- pool toys (tubes, mats) with adult supervision.  
- balls of all sizes, but especially large balls (All balls given to this age group should be at least 1-3/4 inches (44 mm) in diameter, however, if any object appears to fit easily in the child’s mouth, **keep it away from the child**.) | **Number/counting boards with large pegs.**  
- shape sorters with common shapes.  
- pounding/hammering toys.  
- smelling jars.  
- feel bag or box.  
- color/picture dominoes.  
- simple lotto matching games based on color, pictures.  |

**Dressing, Lacing, Stringing Toys**  
- large colored beads. (All beads given to this age group should be at least 1-3/4 inches (44 mm) in diameter, however, if any object appears to fit easily in the child’s mouth, **keep it away from the child**.)  
- lacing card or wooden shoe for lacing.  
- dressing books and dolls.  
- frames, cubes for lacing, buttoning, snapping, hooking.  

**Sand and Water Play Toys (with Adult Supervision)**  
- bathtub activity centers.  
- nesting tub toys.  
- tub toys with removable figures, accessories.  
- linking tub toys.  
- small boats (no metal parts).  
- small and large sandbox tools (with blunt edges).  
- water/sand mills.  
- sprinklers.
# TOYS FOR OLDER TODDLERS—2 YEAR OLDS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>MAKE-BELIEVE PLAY</th>
<th>CREATIVE PLAY</th>
<th>LEARNING PLAY</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Dolls</strong></td>
<td><strong>Musical Instruments</strong></td>
<td><strong>Games</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- soft-bodied and rubber baby dolls.</td>
<td>- all rhythm instruments — bells, rattles, cymbals, drums, triangle, rhythm stick, sand blocks, xylophones.</td>
<td>- lotto matching games based on color pictures.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- more realistic dolls with hair and moving eyes.</td>
<td>- horns and whistles (around 2½).</td>
<td>- dominoes, especially giant dominoes.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- dolls to fit in child’s arms, also small, realistic dolls.</td>
<td><strong>Art and Craft Materials</strong></td>
<td>- board games based on chance — only a few large pieces or pairs.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- talking dolls operated by pulling string.</td>
<td>- large crayons.</td>
<td><strong>Specific Skill Development Toys</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- large peg dolls.</td>
<td>- non-toxic paints (finger and tempera) and short handled brushes with blunt ends.</td>
<td>simple teaching toys for</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- doll accessories — simple and sturdy.</td>
<td>- clay.</td>
<td>- matching/sorting, shapes, colors, letters/sounds, numbers, concepts.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- caretaking accessories—bottle, blanket.</td>
<td>- sturdy markers.</td>
<td>- all electrically powered toys need adult supervision.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- simple removable garments (hook and loop, large snap fasteners).</td>
<td>- blunt-end scissors.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Stuffed Toys</strong></td>
<td><strong>Musical Instruments</strong></td>
<td><strong>Games</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- soft, pliable animals.</td>
<td>- horns and whistles (around 2½).</td>
<td>- dominoes, especially giant dominoes.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- mother and baby combinations.</td>
<td><strong>Art and Craft Materials</strong></td>
<td>- board games based on chance — only a few large pieces or pairs.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- preference for realistic animals, replicas of familiar characters.</td>
<td>- large crayons.</td>
<td><strong>Specific Skill Development Toys</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- toys with music box inside.</td>
<td>- non-toxic paints (finger and tempera) and short handled brushes with blunt ends.</td>
<td>simple teaching toys for</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- clay.</td>
<td>- matching/sorting, shapes, colors, letters/sounds, numbers, concepts.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- sturdy markers.</td>
<td>- all electrically powered toys need adult supervision.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- blunt-end scissors.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- chalkboard, large chalk.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- colored construction paper.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>


## TOYS FOR OLDER TODDLERS—2 YEAR OLDS (Cont’d)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>MAKE—BELIEVE PLAY</th>
<th>CREATIVE PLAY</th>
<th>LEARNING PLAY</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Role-Play Materials</strong></td>
<td><strong>Audio-Visual Equipment</strong></td>
<td><strong>Books</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- dress-ups and costumes.</td>
<td>- operated by adult, tapes, records, CDs.</td>
<td>- sturdy books with heavy paper, cardboard pages.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- equipment should be realistic-looking.</td>
<td>- hand-cranked music box if crank is large and easy to turn.</td>
<td>- short simple stories with repetition and familiar subjects.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- child-sized equipment — stove, cooking board, refrigerator.</td>
<td></td>
<td>- simple pictures with clear color, few details.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- doll equipment.</td>
<td></td>
<td>- pop-up books.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- all housekeeping equipment — cleaning sets, pots and pans, bath and laundry.</td>
<td></td>
<td>- hidden picture books.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- toys that can be pushed — vacuum, lawn mower, shopping cart.</td>
<td></td>
<td>- dressing books.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- full-length mirror.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Play Scenes</strong></td>
<td><strong>Transportation Toys</strong></td>
<td><strong>Projectile Toys</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- familiar, realistic-looking scenes — farm, garage, airport.</td>
<td>- small, realistic cars (not metal).</td>
<td>not suited to age group</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- scenes with multiple pieces but not highly detailed.</td>
<td>- vehicles with moving parts.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- preference for moving parts, parts that make noise.</td>
<td>- large trucks (metal too heavy) — moving parts, parts operated by large lever (with knob on end).</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- interior of scenes easily accessible.</td>
<td>- cars, trucks with removable figures, accessories.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- vehicle sets with figures.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*not suited to age group*
ABILITIES AND INTERESTS
Preschoolers 3-4 and 5 Years

PHYSICAL
• runs, jumps, climbs, balances with assurance — by 5, gross motor skills are well developed.
• likes risks, tests of physical strength and skill — loves acrobatics and outdoor equipment.
• increasing finger control — can pick up small objects, cut on a line with scissors, hold pencil in adult grasp, string small beads (Most children in this age group can begin using toys with smaller components if child is still mouthing objects, select toys without small parts.)
• expert builder — loves small construction materials and also vigorous activity with big blocks, large construction materials.
• by 5, rudimentary interest in ball games with simple rules and scoring.

MENTAL
• familiar with common shapes, primary colors.
• interest in simple number activities, alphabet play, copying letters, matching/sorting.
• by 5, sorts and matches using more than one quality at a time.

• around 4, begins to be purposeful and goal-directed, to make use of a plan.
• interest in producing designs, including puzzles, and in constructing play worlds.
• first representational pictures.
• prefers realism.
• interest in nature, science, animals, time, how things work.
• peak interest in dramatic play — recreates adult occupations, uses costumes and props.

SOCIAL
• beginning to share and take turns, learning concept of fair play.
• by 5, play is cooperative, practical, conforming.
• interested in group pretend play.
• not ready for competitive play because hates to lose.
• enjoys simple board games based on chance, not strategy.
• more sex differentiation in play roles, interests.
• enjoys looking at books and listening to stories from books.
### TOYS FOR PRESCHOOLERS—3, 4, AND 5 YEARS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ALL TOYS</th>
<th>ACTIVE PLAY</th>
<th>MANIPULATIVE PLAY</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Preschoolers prefer toys with realistic detail and working parts.</td>
<td><strong>Push and Pull Toys</strong></td>
<td><strong>Construction Toys</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><em>Increasing interest in dramatic and pretend play. By age 5, peak period for dramatic play, with all sorts of props.</em></td>
<td>- small wagons.</td>
<td>*solid wood unit blocks — large and small.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Period of peak interest in puppet play.</td>
<td>- small wheelbarrow.</td>
<td>*large hollow blocks.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Increasing construction activity, often with plan or goal.</td>
<td>- push toys resembling adult tools — lawnmowers, vacuum, shopping cart.</td>
<td><em>most types of interlocking building systems, pieces of all sizes (plastic rather than metal pieces).</em></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Period of peak interest in play scenes, small figures and cars.</td>
<td>- doll carriages and strollers.</td>
<td>*no motorized parts.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Most children in this age group can begin using toys with smaller components. If child is still mouthing objects, select toys without small parts.</td>
<td><strong>from age 5</strong></td>
<td>*prefer sets that make realistic models.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- full-size wagons, scooters.</td>
<td>*can connect pieces in specific order to create simple models.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Ride-On Toys</strong></td>
<td><strong>from age 4</strong></td>
<td><strong>Puzzles</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- tricycles sized to child.</td>
<td>*fit-in or framed puzzles — age 3, up to 20 pieces — age 4, 20-30 pieces — age 5, up to 50 pieces.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- 3- and 4-wheel pedal toys.</td>
<td>*large, simple jigsaw puzzles (10-25 pieces).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- vehicles with steering mechanisms.</td>
<td>*number or letter puzzles, puzzle clocks.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- prefer realistic, detailed vehicles.</td>
<td>*cardboard puzzles.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- full-size rocking horse.</td>
<td><strong>Pattern-Making Toys</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>from age 5</strong></td>
<td><strong>from age 5</strong></td>
<td>*bead stringing — longer, thinner string with stuff-up, large beads. If child is still mouthing objects, any object that appears to fit easily in the child’s mouth should be kept away from the child.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- low-slung tricycles.</td>
<td>*peg board with small pegs.</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- battery-operated ride-ons.</td>
<td>*color cubes/color forms.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>Outdoor and Gym Equipment</strong></td>
<td>*magnetic boards with shapes.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- adult supervision recommended for gym equipment.</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- stationary outdoor climbing equipment.</td>
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<td></td>
<td>- slides (with siderails) and ladders.</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- swings with curved, soft seats.</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- balance board.</td>
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</tbody>
</table>
### TOYS FOR PRESCHOOLERS—3, 4, AND 5 YEARS (Cont’d)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ALL TOYS</th>
<th>ACTIVE PLAY</th>
<th>MANIPULATIVE PLAY</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| Toys should be sturdy  
- not likely to break easily into small pieces or leave jagged edges.  
- no sharp points or edges.  
- not made of glass or brittle plastic.  
Toys should be of nontoxic materials.  
Toys should have no electrical parts unless supervised by adult.  
  | from age 4  
- equipment with movable parts: small seesaws, hanging rings.  
- swings with flat seats: plastic or rubber belts.  
- rope ladders and ropes.  
- gym sets with enclosures for pretend house or fort.  
Sports Equipment  
- balls of all shapes, sizes (If child is still mouthing objects, any object that appears to fit easily in the child’s mouth, keep it away from the child.)  
- double-blade ice skates.  
- sleds size-graded (no handbrakes or steering mechanisms).  
  | from age 4  
- lightweight soft baseball and bat  
- junior-sized soccer ball football.  
- speed-graded roller skates (plastic wheels, no ball bearings for reduced speed).  
- kites.  
- wading pool.  
  | from age 4  
beginning interest in design materials—mosaic blocks, felt boards, can follow, copy simple sequence.  
from age 5  
simple weaving (looper & heddle loom)  
small beads to string (⅛ in.), block printing equipment.  
Manipulative Toys  
- matching toys by color, shape, or picture from age 4 by concept, letters (ABC), numbers (1–10).  
- sorting toys, number rods.  
- number boards with smaller pegs.  
- simple counting toys, lock boxes.  
- nesting toys with multiple pieces and screw closing.  
from age 4  
geometrical concept toys.  
from age 5  
simple models of mechanical devices or natural objects. more complex lotto matching toys.  
Dressing, Lacing Stringing Toys  
frames/cards to button, hook, tie.  
  | from age 5  
simple sewing kits with thick cloth & blunt needle (with supervision).  
Sand and Water Play Toys  
- large and small sandbox tools, bubbles  
- wind-up bath toys, bath activity centers.  
  | from age 4  
- sand molds, water pump.  
- realistic working models of boats (no sharp metal parts).  

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### MAKE-BELIEVE PLAY

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Dolls</th>
<th>Musical Instruments</th>
<th>LEARNING PLAY</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>• realistic dolls with detail and accessories, especially baby dolls.</td>
<td>• all rhythm instruments.</td>
<td>• pool toys (tubes, mats) with adult supervision.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• dolls with hair, moving eyes, movable limbs, special features.</td>
<td>• xylophones.</td>
<td>Games</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>from age 5</td>
<td>• instruments that require blowing — harmonica, horns, whistles, simple recorder.</td>
<td>• dominoes (color or number).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• child-proportioned dolls (can dress dolls; it garments and fastenings are simple).</td>
<td>• wind-up music boxes.</td>
<td>• simple matching and lotto games based on color, pictures.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• paper dolls to be punched out.</td>
<td>• piano — one-finger tunes.</td>
<td>• simple card games.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Stuffed Toys</strong></td>
<td>Art and Craft Materials</td>
<td>• bingo (picture).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• stuffed toys with accessories — ribbons, bells, simple clothes.</td>
<td>from age 3</td>
<td>from age 4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• realistic-looking toys replicas of famous characters.</td>
<td>• large crayons with many colors.</td>
<td>• first board games, based completely on chance — games should have few rules.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• music box toys.</td>
<td>• color paddles.</td>
<td>simple scoring, no reading required beyond ABC, only a few pieces.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>from age 5</td>
<td>• magic markers.</td>
<td>• games requiring simple fine-motor coordination (picking up or balancing objects).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>collecting toys in sets.</td>
<td>• finger and tempera paint.</td>
<td>Specific Skills Development Toys</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Puppets</strong></td>
<td>• adjustable easel.</td>
<td>simple electronic and other teaching toys for</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• simple sock or mitten puppets.</td>
<td>• brushes of various sizes.</td>
<td>• matching/sorting.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• finger puppets.</td>
<td>• clay including modeling clay and tools.</td>
<td>• shapes, colors.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• simple puppet theater (no scenery)</td>
<td>• chalkboards and chalk of various sizes.</td>
<td>• numbers and letters.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>from age 5</td>
<td>• scissors with rounded ends.</td>
<td>from age 4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>hand-and-arm puppets.</td>
<td>• paste and glue.</td>
<td>• simple computer programs for teaching color matching, letters, classification numbers, sounds.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>more detailed puppets, puppets with limbs.</td>
<td>• simple block printing equipment.</td>
<td>• simple science models.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Role-Play Materials</strong></td>
<td>• pop-it beads.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• dress-ups, costumes of all types.</td>
<td>• large beads to string.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• realistic detailed equipment — by 5 want it to really work.</td>
<td>• simple sewing kits (without needles) until age 5.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• housekeeping and cooking equipment.</td>
<td>• increased interest in art products also can copy order.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• toy telephone, toy camera, doctor kits.</td>
<td>• workbench, hammer, nails and saw (with supervision).</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>from age 4</td>
<td>smaller crayons, coloring books, water-color paints, simple weaving loom, small beads to string, sewing kits with large, blunt needles.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>from age 5</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MAKE-BELIEVE PLAY</td>
<td>CREATIVE PLAY</td>
<td>LEARNING PLAY</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-------------------</td>
<td>--------------</td>
<td>---------------</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| • military costumes and props.  
• specialized doll equipment.  
• cash register, equipment to play store.  
• play stages - large mirror.  |
| **Play Scenes**  
• scenes with a variety of realistic accessories and working parts.  
• favorite themes - garage, farm, airport, space fort.  
• action/adventure sets, action figures.  
• first doll house - simple, few rooms, easy access, space to move objects around, sturdy furnishings.  |
| **Audio-Visual Equipment**  
• hand-cranked music boxes.  
• parent operated record tape and CD player.  |
| from age 3  
• record and tape players for child to operate.  
• simple video games.  |
| from age 5  
• radio. |
| **from age 5**  
• can manipulate very small pieces, attention to realistic detail. |
| **Transportation Toys**  
• toy cars of all sizes - small metal cars, trucks with very realistic detail.  
• large-scale trucks, road machinery that really works (dumps, digs).  
• action/adventure vehicle sets.  
• small, realistic trains.  |
| **from age 5**  
small trains with tracks, can work most train coupling systems, can plan, build simple track layouts, wind-up and spring-driven cars. |
| **Projectile Toys - none before age 4**  
• soft, flexible projectiles.  
• action figures with projectile weapons.  |
| from age 5  
• guns shooting ping-pong or foam balls, soft darts. |

**from age 5**  
• science materials - magnets, flashlight, shells and rocks, magnifying glass, stethoscope, prism, aquarium, terrarium.  
• clock.  
• printing set.  
• toy typewriter or computer.  
• simple calculator.  
• computer programs to teach simple programming.  

**Books**  
• picture books, simple stories, rhymes.  
• complex pop-up books.  
• like complex illustrations with an abundance of detail.  

**age 3 interests**  
• here-and-now stories.  
• animal stories.  
• alphabet books.  
• words and rhymes.  

**age 4 interests**  
• wild stories, silly humor.  
• information books.  
• familiar places, people.  

**age 5 interests**  
• realistic stories.  
• poetry.  
• primers.  
• animals who behave like people.  

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For further information, write

U.S. Consumer Product Safety Commission
Washington, D.C. 20207

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