

### Agenda and Notice of Public Meeting of the New York State Advisory Committee

Notice is hereby given, pursuant to the provisions of the rules and regulations of the U.S. Commission on Civil Rights, that a meeting of the New York State Advisory Committee to the Commission will convene at 8:30 a.m. and adjourn at 5:00 p.m. on Thursday, November 21, 1996, at the Sheraton University Hotel and Conference Center, 801 University Avenue, Syracuse, NY 13210. The purpose of the meeting is to gather information on equal housing opportunities in Section 8 housing in Syracuse.

Persons desiring additional information, or planning a presentation to the Committee, should contact Committee Chairperson M. D. Taracido, 212-645-8999, or Ki-Taek Chun, Director of the Eastern Regional Office, 202-376-7533 (TDD 202-376-8116). Hearing-impaired persons who will attend the meeting and require the services of a sign language interpreter should contact the Regional Office at least five (5) working days before the scheduled date of the meeting.

The meeting will be conducted pursuant to the provisions of the rules and regulations of the Commission.

Dated at Washington, DC, October 21, 1996.

Carol-Lee Hurley,

Chief, Regional Programs Coordination Unit.

[FR Doc. 96-28152 Filed 11-1-96; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6335-01-P

### Hearing on Racial and Ethnic Tensions in American Communities: Poverty, Inequality, and Discrimination—Los Angeles

**AGENCY:** Commission on Civil Rights.

**ACTION:** Amended notice of hearing.

**SUMMARY:** Notice is hereby given pursuant to the provisions of the Civil Rights Commission Amendments Act of 1994, section 3, Pub. L. 103-419, 108 Stat. 4338, as amended, and 45 CFR section 702.3, that the public hearing on Racial and Ethnic Tensions in American Communities: Poverty, Inequality, and Discrimination—Los Angeles before a Subcommittee of the U.S. Commission on Civil Rights has been continued and relocated. The hearing will reconvene on Wednesday, November 13, 1996 beginning at 3:00 p.m., in the Stauffer Courtroom, Room 3483, UCLA School of Law, 405 Hilgard Avenue, Los Angeles, California 90024.

The purpose of the hearing remains the same as previously published in 61 FR 41125 (August 7, 1996).

Hearing impaired persons who will attend the hearing and require the services of a sign language interpreter, should contact Betty Edmiston, Administrative Services and Clearinghouse Division, at (202) 376-8105 (TDD (202) 376-8116), at least five (5) working days before the scheduled date of the hearing.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** Barbara Brooks, Press and Communications (202) 376-8312.

Dated: October 31, 1996.

Miguel A. Sapp,

Attorney-Advisor.

[FR Doc. 96-28400 Filed 10-31-96; 12:59 pm]

BILLING CODE 6335-01-M

### CONSUMER PRODUCT SAFETY COMMISSION

[CPSC Docket No. 97-C0003]

#### In the matter of Four Seasons General Merchandise, Inc., a corporation; Provisional Acceptance of a Settlement Agreement and Order

**AGENCY:** Consumer Product Safety Commission.

**ACTION:** Provisional acceptance of a Settlement Agreement under the Consumer Product Safety Act.

**SUMMARY:** It is the policy of the Commission to publish settlements which it provisionally accepts under the Consumer Product Safety Act in the Federal Register in accordance with the terms of 16 CFR 1118.20 (e)-(h). Published below is a provisionally-accepted Settlement Agreement with Four Seasons General Merchandise, Inc., a corporation.

**DATES:** Any interested person may ask the Commission not to accept this agreement or otherwise comment on its contents by filing a written request with the Office of the Secretary by November 19, 1996.

**ADDRESSES:** Persons wishing to comment on this Settlement Agreement should send written comments to the Comment 97-C0003, Office of the Secretary, Consumer Product Safety Commission, Washington, D.C. 20207.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** Earl A. Gershenow, Trial Attorney, Office of Compliance and Enforcement, Consumer Product Safety Commission, Washington, D.C. 20207; telephone (301) 504-0626.

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:** The text of the Agreement and Order appears below.

Dated: October 30, 1996.

Sadye E. Dunn,

Secretary.

[FR Doc. 96-28288 Filed 11-1-96; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6355-01-M

[CPSC Docket No. 97-C0003]

#### Four Seasons General Merchandise, Inc. a corporation; Settlement Agreement and Order

1. Four Seasons General Merchandise, Inc. (hereinafter, "Four Seasons"), a corporation, enters into this Settlement Agreement (hereinafter, "Agreement") with the staff of the Consumer Product Safety Commission, and agrees to the entry of the Order described herein. The purpose of the Agreement and Order is to settle the staffs allegations that Four Seasons knowingly introduced or caused the introduction in interstate commerce; and received in interstate commerce and delivered or proffered delivery thereof for pay or otherwise, certain banned hazardous toys, baby rattles, pacifiers, water timers, and magic diamond and certain misbranded hazardous art materials and butane lighters, in violation of sections 4(a) and (c) of the Federal Hazardous Substances Act (FHSA), 15 U.S.C. §§ 1263(a) and (c).

#### I. The Parties

2. The "staff" is the staff of the Consumer Product Safety Commission, an independent regulatory commission of the United States established pursuant to section 4 of the Consumer Product Safety Act (CPSA), 15 U.S.C. § 2053.

3. Four Seasons is a corporation organized and existing under the laws of the State of California, since 1995, with its principal corporate offices located at 2801 E. Vernon Avenue, Vernon, CA 90058. Four Seasons is engaged in the import, distribution, and re-export of a wide variety of consumer products. Approximately 5% of Four Seasons' business involves toys or other articles intended for children.

#### II. Allegations of the Staff

##### A. Toys With Small Parts

4. On five occasions between October 16, 1991, and January 11, 1995, Four Seasons introduced or caused the introduction in interstate commerce; and received in interstate commerce and delivered or proffered delivery thereof for pay or otherwise, eight kinds of toys (96,530 units) intended for use by

children under three years of age. These toys are identified and described as follows:

Sample No.	Product	Collect date* Entry date	Expt./Mfg.	Quantity
P-867-7637	Toy Train .....	10/16/91	CSK World .....	24,336
P-867-7638	Toy Elephant .....	.....	.....	.....
P-867-7745	Telephone Money Box .....	01/22/92	Canada, Inc .....	20,304
P-867-7746	Boy/Girl Doll Set .....	01/22/92	CSK World Wide Ltd .....	18,864
R-867-8215	Hexagon Telephone .....	04/17/93	Lee Shing Fat Industries .....	2,400
R-867-8216	Hexagon Clock .....	04/17/93	Lee Shing Fat Industries .....	2,400
R-867-8217	Hexagon Speaker .....	04/17/93	Lee Shing Fat Industries .....	2,400
S-867-8220	Toy Train .....	04/16/94	Lee Shing Fat Industries .....	25,751
S-867-8221	Toy Elephant .....	.....	.....	.....
T-830-4906	Pull Along Wooden Snail .....	*01/11/95	Unknown .....	75

5. The toys identified in paragraph 4 above are subject to, but failed to comply with, the Commission's Small Parts Regulation, 16 CFR Part 1501, in that when tested under the "use and abuse" test methods specified in 16 CFR §§ 1500.51 and 1500.52, (a) one or more parts of each tested toy separated and (b) one or more of the separated parts from each of the toys fit completely within the small parts test cylinder, as set forth in 16 CFR § 1501.4.

6. Because the separated parts fit completely within the test cylinder as described in paragraph 5 above, each of the toys identified in paragraph 4 above presents a "mechanical hazard" within the meaning of section 2(s) of the FHSA, 15 U.S.C. § 1261(s) (choking, aspiration, and/or ingestion of small parts).

7. Each of the toys identified in paragraph 4 above is a "hazardous substance" pursuant to section 2(f)(1)(D) of the FHSA, 15 U.S.C. § 1261(f)(1)(D).

8. Each of the toys identified in paragraph 4 above is a "banned hazardous substance" pursuant to section 2(q)(1)(A) of the FHSA, 15 U.S.C. § 1261(q)(1)(A) and 16 CFR § 1500.18(a)(9) because it is intended for use by children under three years of age and bears or contains a hazardous substance; and because it presents a mechanical hazard as described in paragraph 6 above.

9. Four Seasons knowingly introduced or caused the introduction in interstate commerce; and received in interstate commerce and delivered or proffered delivery thereof for pay or

otherwise, the aforesaid banned hazardous toys, identified in paragraph 5 above, in violation of sections 4 (a) and (c) of the FHSA, 15 U.S.C. §§ 1263 (a) and (c), for which a civil penalty may be imposed pursuant to section 5(c)(1) of the FHSA, 15 U.S.C. § 1264(c)(1).

*B. Baby Rattle*

10. On one occasion in 1992, Four Seasons introduced or caused the introduction in interstate commerce; and received in interstate commerce and delivered or proffered delivery thereof for pay or otherwise, one kind of baby rattle (14,400 units) intended for use by children. This baby rattle is identified and described as follows:

Sample No.	Product	Collect date* Entry date	Expt./Mfg.	Quantity
P-867-8580	Baby Rattle .....	08/16/92	Lee Shing Fat Industries .....	14,400

11. The baby rattle identified in paragraph 10 above is subject to, but failed to comply with, the Commission's Rattle Regulations, 16 CFR Part 1510, in that when tested under the procedures specified in 16 CFR § 1510.4, the handle of the baby rattle penetrated the full depth of the cavity of the test fixture.

12. Because the handle of the baby rattle identified in paragraph 10 above penetrated the full depth of the cavity of the test fixture as specified in 16 CFR § 1510.4 and described in paragraph 11 above, the baby rattle identified in paragraph 10 above presents a "mechanical hazard" within the meaning of section 2(s) of the FHSA, 15 U.S.C. § 1261(s) (choking).

13. The rattle identified in paragraph 10 above is a "hazardous substance" pursuant to section 2(f)(1)(D) of the FHSA, 15 U.S.C. § 1261(f)(1)(D).

14. The rattle identified in paragraph 10 above is a "banned hazardous substance" pursuant to section 2(q)(1)(A) of the FHSA, 15 U.S.C. § 1261(q)(1)(A) and 16 CFR § 1500.18(a)(15) because it is intended for use by children and bears and contains a hazardous substance; and because it presents a mechanical hazard as defined in paragraph 12 above.

15. Four Seasons knowingly introduced or caused the introduction in interstate commerce; and received in interstate commerce and delivered or proffered delivery thereof for pay or

otherwise, the aforesaid banned hazardous baby rattle identified in paragraph 10 above, in violation of sections 4 (a) and (c) of the FHSA, 15 U.S.C. §§ 1263 (a) and (c), for which a civil penalty may be imposed pursuant to section 5(c)(1) of the FHSA, 15 U.S.C. § 1264(c)(1).

*C. Art Material*

16. On one occasion in 1993, Four Seasons introduced or caused the introduction in interstate commerce; and received in interstate commerce and delivered or proffered delivery thereof for pay or otherwise, one type of art material (41,520 units). This art material product is identified and described as follows:

Sample No.	Product	Collect date* Entry date	Expt./Mfg.	Quantity
R-867-8321	Multi-Colored Crayons .....	*06/07/93	CSK World Wide Ltd. ....	41,520

17. The art material product identified in paragraph 16 above is subject to, but failed to comply with the requirements for the Labeling of Art Materials Act in that (a) Four Seasons did not submit this art material product for review by a toxicologist as required by section 23(a) of the FHSA, 15 U.S.C. § 1277(a) and 16 CFR § 1500.14(b)(8)(C)(1); and (b) this art material product did not bear the statement of conformance with ASTM D-4236, as required by section 23(a) of the FHSA, 15 U.S.C. § 1277(a) and 16 CFR § 1500.14(b)(8)(C)(7).

18. The art material product identified in paragraph 16 above is a "misbranded hazardous substance" pursuant to section 3(b) of the FHSA, 15 U.S.C. § 1262(b) and 16 CFR §§ 1500.14(b)(8)(C) (1) and (7).

19. Four Seasons knowingly introduced or caused the introduction in interstate commerce; and received in interstate commerce and delivered or proffered delivery thereof for pay or otherwise, the aforesaid misbranded hazardous art material product identified in paragraph 16 above, in violation of sections 4 (a) and (c) of the

FHSA, 15 U.S.C. §§ 1263 (a) and (c), for which a civil penalty may be imposed pursuant to section 5(c)(1) of the FHSA, 15 U.S.C. § 1264(c)(1).

*D. Pacifier*

20. On one occasion in 1993, Four Seasons knowingly introduced or caused the introduction in interstate commerce; and received in interstate commerce and delivered or proffered delivery thereof for pay or otherwise, one kind of pacifier (24 units) intended for use by children. The pacifier is identified and described below:

Sample No.	Product	Collect date* Entry date	Expt./Mfg.	Quantity
R-863-7316	Diplomat Pacifier .....	*07/30/93	Unknown .....	24

21. The pacifier identified in paragraph 20 above failed to comply with the Requirements For Pacifiers, 16 CFR Part 1511 (structural integrity of nipples, guard or shield requirements, and labeling requirements).

22. Because the pacifier identified in paragraph 20 failed to comply with the Requirements For Pacifiers, 16 CFR Part 1511, the pacifier presents a "mechanical hazard" within the meaning of section 2(s) of the FHSA, 15 U.S.C. § 1261(s) (choking).

23. The pacifier identified in paragraph 20 above is a "hazardous substance" pursuant to section 2(f)(1)(D) of the FHSA, 15 U.S.C. § 1261(f)(1)(D).

24. The pacifier identified in paragraph 20 above is a "banned

hazardous substance" pursuant to section 2(q)(1)(A) of the FHSA, 15 U.S.C. § 1261(q)(1)(A) and 16 CFR 1500.18(a)(8) because it is intended for use by children and bears or contains a hazardous substance; and because it presents a mechanical hazard as described in paragraph 22 above.

25. Four Seasons knowingly introduced or caused the introduction in interstate commerce; and received in interstate commerce and delivered or proffered delivery thereof for pay or otherwise, the aforesaid banned hazardous pacifier, in violation of sections 4 (a) and (c) of the FHSA, 15 U.S.C. §§ 1263 (a) and (c), for which a civil penalty may be imposed pursuant

to section 5(c)(1) of the FHSA, 15 U.S.C. § 1264(c)(1).

*E. Water Timers*

26. On one occasion in 1995, Four Seasons introduced or caused the introduction in interstate commerce; and received in interstate commerce and delivered or proffered delivery thereof for pay or otherwise, two kinds of water timers with adjacent tubes (384 units) intended for use by children. The tubes contain fluid of various colors. Within each tube there is an upper chamber from which fluid drops into a lower chamber that spins an internal wheel as the fluid drops. The water timers are identified and described as follows:

Sample No.	Product	Collect date* Entry date	Expt./Mfg.	Quantity
T-800-3386 ....	Two Column Water Timer .....	* 02/13/95	Unknown .....	240
T-800-3387 ....	Three-Tube Water Timer .....	* 02/13/95	Unknown .....	144

27. Because each tube of water timers identified in paragraph 26 above contains 10 percent or more by weight of ethylene glycol, each water timer is a "hazardous substance" pursuant to section 2(f)(1)(A)(i) of the FHSA, 15 U.S.C. § 1261(f)(1)(A)(i) and 16 CFR § 1500.14(a)(2).

28. Each of the water timers identified in paragraph 26 above is a "banned hazardous substance" pursuant to section 2(q)(1)(A) of the FHSA, 15 U.S.C. § 1261(q)(1)(A), because it is intended for use by children and bears

or contains 10 percent or more by weight of ethylene glycol, a hazardous substance.

29. Four Seasons knowingly introduced or caused the introduction in interstate commerce; and received in interstate commerce and delivered or proffered delivery thereof for pay or otherwise, the aforesaid banned hazardous water timers, identified in paragraph 26 above, in violation of sections 4(a) and (c) of the FHSA, 15 U.S.C. §§ 1263(a) and (c), for which a civil penalty may be imposed pursuant

to section 5(c)(1) of the FHSA, 15 U.S.C. § 1264(c)(1).

*F. Magic Diamond*

30. On one occasion in 1995, Four Seasons knowingly introduced or caused the introduction in interstate commerce; and received in interstate commerce and delivered or proffered delivery thereof for pay or otherwise, the Magic Diamond (864 units) intended for use by children. The Magic Diamond is identified and described as follows:

Sample No.	Product	Collect date* Entry date	Expt./Mfg.	Quantity
T-867-8196 .....	Magic Diamond .....	*03/09/95	Kab Trade .....	864

31. Because the Magic Diamond identified in paragraph 30 above is filled with 10 percent or more by weight of petroleum distillates, the Magic Diamond is a "hazardous substance" pursuant to section 2(f)(1)(A) (i) and (v) of the FHSA, 15 U.S.C. § 1261(f)(1)(A) (i) and (v) and 16 C.F.R. § 1500.14(a)(3).

32. The Magic Diamond identified in paragraph 30 above is a "banned hazardous substance" pursuant to section 2(q)(1)(A) of the FHSA, 15 U.S.C. § 1261(q)(1)(A) because it is intended for use by children and bears

or contains 10 percent or more by weight of petroleum distillates, a hazardous substance.

33. Four Seasons knowingly introduced or caused the introduction in interstate commerce; and received in interstate commerce and delivered or proffered delivery thereof for pay or otherwise, the aforesaid banned hazardous Magic Diamond, identified in paragraph 30 above, in violation of sections 4(a) and (c) of the FHSA, 15 U.S.C. §§ 1263 (a) and (c), for which a civil penalty may be imposed pursuant

to section 5(c)(1) of the FHSA, 15 U.S.C. § 1264(c)(1).

*G. Butane Lighter*

34. On one occasion in 1995, Four Seasons introduced or caused the introduction in interstate commerce; and received in interstate commerce and delivered or proffered delivery thereof for pay or otherwise, one kind of butane lighter (480 units). The butane lighter is identified and described as follows:

Sample No.	Product	Collect date* Entry date	Expt/Mfg.	Quantity
T-867-6231 .....	Butane Utility Lighter .....	*04/06/95	Rubin's .....	480

35. The butane lighter identified in paragraph 34 above contains a flammable gas that generates pressure and is, therefore, a "hazardous substance" pursuant to sections 2(f)(1)(A)(v) and (vi) of the FHSA, 15 U.S.C. §§ 1261(f)(1)(A) (v) and (vi).

36. The butane lighter identified in paragraph 34 above is a "misbranded hazardous substance" pursuant to section 2(p)(1) of the FHSA, 15 U.S.C. § 1261(p)(1), because it is a hazardous substance intended, or packaged in a form suitable, for use in the household, and fails to bear on the front panel of the lighters and their packaging, as required by section 2(p)(1) of the FHSA, 15 U.S.C. § 1261(p)(1) and 16 CFR § 1500.130(b) the signal word, "DANGER;" the statement of hazards: "EXTREMELY FLAMMABLE. CONTENTS UNDER PRESSURE;" and the additional statements of the product and packaging: "Do not use near sparks or flame," and "Do not store at a temperature above 120 degrees F."

37. Four Seasons knowingly introduced or caused the introduction in interstate commerce; and received in interstate commerce and delivered or proffered delivery thereof for pay or otherwise, the aforesaid misbranded hazardous butane lighter, identified in paragraph 34 above, in violation of sections 4 (a) and (c) of the FHSA, 15 U.S.C. § 1263 (a) and (c), for which a civil penalty may be imposed pursuant to section 5(c)(1) of the FHSA, 15 U.S.C. § 1264(c)(1).

III. Response of Four Seasons

38. Four Seasons denies the allegations of the staff set forth in paragraphs 4 through 37 above that it has knowingly introduced or caused the introduction in interstate commerce; and received in interstate commerce and delivered or proffered delivery thereof

for pay or otherwise, the banned hazardous toys, baby rattle, pacifier, water timers, and magic diamond and the misbranded hazardous art material and butane lighter, in violation of the FHSA. Four Seasons states that (i) it has acted reasonably and in good faith to comply with the aforementioned regulations promulgated under the FHSA, (ii) the violations of those regulations were inadvertent, (iii) many of the violations involved differences of opinion as to appropriate age grading, (iv) it cooperated fully with the Commission's compliance actions, and (v) most of the products were detained at the port of entry and never sold or distributed after receipt in interstate commerce.

IV. Agreement of the Parties

39. The Consumer Product Safety Commission has jurisdiction over Four Seasons and the subject matter of this Settlement Agreement and Order under the Consumer Product Safety Act, 15 U.S.C. 2051 *et seq.*, and the Federal Hazardous Substances Act, 15 U.S.C. 1261 *et seq.*

40. Upon final acceptance by the Commission of this Settlement Agreement and Order, the Commission shall issue the attached Order incorporated herein by reference.

41. The Commission does not make any determination that Four Seasons knowingly violated the FHSA. The Commission and Four Seasons agree that this Agreement is entered into for the purposes of settlement only.

42. Upon final acceptance of this Settlement Agreement by the Commission and Issuance of the Final Order, Four Seasons knowingly, voluntarily, and completely waives any rights it may have in this matter (1) To an administrative or judicial hearing, (2) to judicial review or other challenge or

contest of the validity of the Commission's actions; (3) to a determination by the Commission as to whether Four Seasons failed to comply with the FHSA as aforesaid, (4) to a statement of findings of fact and conclusions of law; and (5) to any claims under the Equal Access to Justice Act.

43. For purposes of section 6(b) of the FHSA, 15 U.S.C. § 2055(b), this matter shall be treated as if a complaint had issued; and the Commission may publicize the terms of the Settlement Agreement and Order.

44. Upon provisional acceptance of this Settlement Agreement and Order by the Commission, this Settlement Agreement and Order shall be placed on the public record and shall be published in the Federal Register in accordance with the procedures set forth in 16 CFR § 1118.20 (e)-(h). If the Commission does not receive any written request not to accept the Settlement Agreement and Order within 15 days, the Settlement Agreement and Order will be deemed to be finally accepted on the 16th day after the date it is published in the Federal Register.

45. The parties further agree that the Commission shall issue the attached Order; and that a violation of the Order shall subject Four Seasons to appropriate legal action.

46. Agreements, understandings, representations, or interpretations made outside this Settlement Agreement and Order may not be used to vary or contradict its terms.

47. The provisions of the Settlement Agreement and Order shall apply to Four Seasons and each of its successors and assigns.

Dated: September 19, 1996.

John Pourmoradi,  
*President, Four Seasons General  
 Merchandise, Inc., 2801 E. Vernon Avenue,  
 Vernon, CA 90058.*  
 Commission Staff  
 David Schmeltzer,  
*Assistant Executive Director, Office of  
 Compliance and Enforcement.*  
 Eric L. Stone,  
*Acting Director, Division of Administrative  
 Litigation, Office of Compliance and  
 Enforcement.*

Dated: September 25, 1996.

Earl A. Gershenow,  
*Trial Attorney, Division of Administrative  
 Litigation, Office of Compliance and  
 Enforcement.*

Dated: September 25, 1996.

Dennis C. Kacoyanis,  
*Trial Attorney, Division of Administrative  
 Litigation, Office of Compliance and  
 Enforcement.*

#### Consumer Product Safety Commission Order

In the Matter of FOUR SEASONS  
 GENERAL MERCHANDISE, INC. a  
 corporation. [CPSC Docket No. 97-C0003].

Upon consideration of the Settlement  
 Agreement entered into between  
 respondent Four Seasons General  
 Merchandise, Inc., a corporation, and  
 the staff of the Consumer Product Safety  
 Commission; and the Commission  
 having jurisdiction over the subject  
 matter and Four Seasons General  
 Merchandise, Inc.; and it appearing that  
 the Settlement Agreement and Order is  
 in the public interest, it is

*Ordered*, That the Settlement  
 Agreement and Order be and hereby is  
 accepted, as indicated below; and is

*Further Ordered*, That upon final  
 acceptance of the Settlement Agreement  
 and Order, Four Seasons General  
 Merchandise, Inc. shall pay to the  
 Commission a civil penalty in the  
 amount of ONE HUNDRED AND TEN  
 THOUSAND AND 00/100 DOLLARS  
 (\$110,000.00) in four payments  
 consisting of TWENTY-SEVEN  
 THOUSAND FIVE HUNDRED AND 00/  
 100 DOLLARS (\$27,500.00) each. The  
 first payment of TWENTY-SEVEN  
 THOUSAND FIVE HUNDRED AND 00/  
 100 DOLLARS (\$27,500.00) shall be due  
 within twenty (20) days after the service  
 of the Final Order accepting the  
 Settlement Agreement and Order  
 (hereinafter the anniversary date). The  
 second payment of TWENTY-SEVEN  
 THOUSAND FIVE HUNDRED AND 00/  
 100 DOLLARS (\$27,500.00) shall be  
 paid within one year of the anniversary  
 date. The third payment of TWENTY-  
 SEVEN THOUSAND FIVE HUNDRED  
 AND 00/100 DOLLARS (\$27,500.00)

shall be paid within two years of the  
 anniversary date. The fourth payment of  
 TWENTY-SEVEN THOUSAND FIVE  
 HUNDRED AND 00/100 DOLLARS  
 (\$27,500.00) shall be paid within three  
 years of the anniversary date. Payment  
 of the full amount of the civil penalty  
 shall settle fully the staff's allegations  
 set forth in paragraphs 4 through 37 of  
 the Settlement Agreement and Order  
 that Four Seasons General Merchandise,  
 Inc. violated the FHSA. Upon failure of  
 Four Seasons General Merchandise, Inc.  
 to make payment or upon the making of  
 a late payment by Four Seasons General  
 Merchandise, Inc. (a) the entire amount  
 of the civil penalty shall be due and  
 payable, and (b) interest on the  
 outstanding balance shall accrue and be  
 paid at the federal legal rate under the  
 provisions of 28 U.S.C. §§ 1961 (a) and  
 (b).

Provisionally accepted and Provisional  
 Order issued on the 30th day of October,  
 1996.

By Order of the Commission.

Sadye E. Dunn,  
*Secretary, Consumer Product Safety  
 Commission.*  
 [FR Doc. 96-28289 Filed 11-1-96; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6355-01-M

## DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE

### Department of the Army

#### Army Science Board; Notice of Open Meeting

In accordance with Section 10(a)(2) of  
 the Federal Advisory Committee Act  
 (P.L. 92-463), announcement is made of  
 the following Committee Meeting:

*Name of Committee:* Army Science Board  
 (ASB).

*Date of Meeting:* 6 & 7 November 1996.

*Time of Meeting:* 0900-1600, (both days).

*Place:* Aberdeen Proving Ground, MD.

*Agenda:* The Army Science Board (ASB)  
 Issue Group Study on "Groundwater  
 Treatment Systems (GWTS)" will review the  
 Army's remedial alternative selection  
 decision process for GWTS, and visit a  
 groundwater technology site. These meetings  
 will be open to the public. Any interested  
 person may attend, appear before, or file  
 statements with the committee at the time  
 and in the manner permitted by the  
 committee. For further information, please  
 call Michelle Diaz at (703) 695-0781.

Michelle P. Diaz,  
*Program Support Specialist, Army Science  
 Board.*

[FR Doc. 96-28345 Filed 11-1-96; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3710-08-M

## DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY

### Energy Information Administration

#### American Statistical Association Committee on Energy Statistics; Notice of Open Meeting

Pursuant to the provisions of the  
 Federal Advisory Committee Act (Public  
 Law 92-463, 86 Stat. 770), notice is  
 hereby given of the following meeting:

*Name:* American Statistical Association's  
 Committee on Energy Statistics, a utilized  
 Federal Advisory Committee.

*Date and Time:* Thursday, November 7,  
 9:00 a.m.-4:15 p.m.; Friday, November 8,  
 9:00 a.m.-12:00 p.m.

*Place:* Holiday Inn-Capitol, 550 C Street,  
 S.W., Washington, DC.

*Contact:* Ms. Renee Miller, EIA Committee  
 Liaison, U.S. Department of Energy, Energy  
 Information Administration, EI-72,  
 Washington, DC 20585, Telephone: (202)  
 426-1117.

*Purpose of Committee:* To advise the  
 Department of Energy, Energy Information  
 Administration (EIA), on EIA technical  
 statistical issues and to enable the EIA to  
 benefit from the Committee's expertise  
 concerning other energy statistical matters.

#### Tentative Agenda

*Thursday, November 7, 1996*

##### A. Opening Remarks

##### B. Major Topics

1. Restructuring the Electric Power  
 Industry
2. Time Series for the Value of In-ground  
 US Oil and Gas Reserves
3. Impact of Federal Tax Increase on State  
 Gasoline Tax Revenues  
 (Public Comment)

*Friday, November 8, 1996*

4. Statistical Maps
5. Business Re-engineering  
 Implementation: An Update and  
 Performance Measures/Statistics
6. An Update for the Natural Gas Data  
 Collection on Industrial Prices  
 (Public Comment)

##### C. Topics for Future Meetings

*Public Participation:* The meeting is open  
 to the public. The Chairperson of the  
 committee is empowered to conduct the  
 meeting in a fashion that will facilitate the  
 orderly conduct of business. Written  
 statements may be filed with the committee  
 either before or after the meeting. If there  
 are any questions, please contact Ms. Renee  
 Miller, EIA Committee Liaison, at the address  
 or telephone number listed above or Mrs.  
 Antoinette Martin at (202) 426-1110. This  
 notice is being published less than 15 days  
 before the date of the meeting due to  
 programmatic issues that had to be resolved  
 prior to publication.

*Transcripts:* Available for public review  
 and copying at the Public Reading Room,  
 (Room 1E-290), 1000 Independence Avenue,  
 SW, Washington, DC 20585, (202) 586-6025,  
 between the hours of 9:00 a.m. and 4:00 p.m.,  
 Monday through Friday.